As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 10, 2022

### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

STRAN & COMPANY, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

7311

04-3297200

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

2 Heritage Drive, Suite 600 Quincy, MA 02171 800-833-3309

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Andrew Shape Chief Executive Officer 2 Heritage Drive, Suite 600 Quincy, MA 02171 617-501-7423

(Names, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies to:

Louis A. Bevilacqua, Esq. Bevilacqua PLLC 1050 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Suite 500 Washington, DC 20036 (202) 869-0888

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $\Box$ 

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  $\Box$ Non-accelerated filer  $\boxtimes$  Accelerated filer  $\Box$ Smaller reporting company  $\boxtimes$ Emerging growth company  $\boxtimes$ 

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If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for comply with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of Securities Act.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to such Section 8(a), may determine.

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-260109) (the "Initial Registration Statement"), as originally declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on November 8, 2021, and to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with respect to the registration of additional securities pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (File No. 333-260880) (the "Rule 462(b) Registration Statement" and together with the Initial Registration Statement, the "Registration Statement", is being filed to include an updated prospectus relating to the offer and sale of 4,478,134 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants that were issued in connection with the Company's initial public offering, and update and supplement, among other things, the information contained in the Registration Statement to include the information contained in the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 that was filed with the SEC on March 28, 2022 and the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022 that was filed with

### the SEC on May 13, 2022.

The information included in this filing amends the Registration Statement and the prospectus contained therein. No additional securities are being registered under this filing. All applicable registration fees were paid at the time of the original filing of each of the Initial Registration Statement and Rule 462(b) Registration Statement on October 7, 2021 and November 8, 2021, respectively.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting offers to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

# SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JUNE 10, 2022



### Stran & Company, Inc.

### 4,478,134 Shares of Common Stock Issuable Upon the Exercise of Warrants

This prospectus relates to 4,478,134 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants including 4,328,495 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants issued to investors in our initial public offering (the "publicly-traded warrants") and 149,639 of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants issued to the representative of the underwriters in our initial public offering (the "representative's warrants").

Our common stock and publicly-traded warrants are listed and traded under the symbols "STRN" and "STRNW," respectively, both on the Nasdaq Capital Market. On June 9, 2022, the closing price of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants on the Nasdaq Capital Market was \$1.96 and \$0.30, respectively.

Our key officers and directors beneficially own approximately 51.0% of our outstanding common stock. As a result, they may have the ability to approve all matters submitted to our shareholders for approval.

We are an "emerging growth company" under applicable federal securities laws and, as such, we have elected to comply with certain reduced public company reporting requirements for this prospectus and future filings.

Investing in our shares of common stock and publicly-traded warrants (collectively, "securities") involves a high degree of risk. See the section of this prospectus entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 15 for a discussion of information that should be considered in connection with an investment in our securities.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is , 2022.



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Please read this prospectus carefully. It describes our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects, among other things. We are responsible for the information contained in this prospectus and in any free-writing prospectus we have authorized. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information, and we take no responsibility for any other information others may give you. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or any sale of securities. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than its date.

# TRADEMARKS, TRADE NAMES AND SERVICE MARKS

We use various trademarks, trade names and service marks in our business, including "STRÄN," "STRÄN promotional solutions" and "Stran Promotional Solutions". For convenience, we may not include the SM, <sup>®</sup> or <sup>TM</sup> symbols, but such omission is not meant to indicate that we would not protect our intellectual property rights to the fullest extent allowed by law. Any other trademarks, trade names or service marks referred to in this prospectus are the property of their respective owners.

# INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA

This prospectus includes industry data and forecasts that we obtained from industry publications and surveys including but not limited to certain publications of the promotional products member groups Advertising Specialty Institute (ASI) and the Promotional Products Association International (PPAI), as well as public filings and internal company sources. Industry publications, surveys and forecasts generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but there can be no assurance as to the accuracy or completeness of the included information. Statements as to our ranking, market position and market estimates are based on third-party forecasts, management's estimates and assumptions about our markets and our internal research. We have not independently verified such third-party information, nor have we ascertained the underlying economic assumptions relied upon in those sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of such information contained in this prospectus. Such data involve risks and uncertainties and is subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed under "*Risk Factors*" and "*Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements*."

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# PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary is not complete and does not contain all of the information that you should consider before deciding whether to invest in our securities. You should carefully read the entire prospectus, including the risks associated with an investment in our company discussed in the "Risk Factors" section of this prospectus, before making an investment decision. Some of the statements in this prospectus are forward-looking statements. See the section titled "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

In this prospectus, "we," "us," "our," "our company" and similar references refer to Stran & Company, Inc.

On May 24, 2021, we completed a 100,000-for-1 forward stock split of our outstanding common stock through our reincorporation merger in Nevada. References to number of shares of our common stock after May 24, 2021, including the shares offered in this prospectus and future issuances, have given effect to this split.

# **Our Company**

### Overview

We are an outsourced marketing solutions provider, working closely with our customers to develop sophisticated marketing programs that leverage our promotional products and loyalty incentive expertise. We develop long-term relationships with our customers, enabling them to connect with both their customers and employees in order to build lasting brand loyalty. It is our mission to drive brand awareness and affect behavior through visual, creative, and technology solutions.

We purchase products and branding through various third-party manufacturers and decorators and resell the finished goods to customers. In addition to selling branded products, we offer our clients:

- custom sourcing capabilities;
- a flexible and customizable e-commerce solution for
  - promoting branded merchandise and other promotional products;
  - managing promotional loyalty and incentives, print collateral, and event assets;
  - order and inventory management; and
  - designing and hosting online retail popup shops, fixed public retail online stores, and online business-to business service offerings;
- creative and merchandising services;
- warehousing/fulfillment and distribution;
- print-on-demand, kitting, and point of sale displays; and
- loyalty and incentive programs.

These valuable services, as well as the deep level of commitment we have to the business operations of our customers, have resulted in a strong and stable position within the industry.

We specialize in managing complex promotional marketing programs to help recognize the value of promotional products and branded merchandise as a tool to drive awareness, build brands and impact sales. This form of advertising is very powerful and impactful and particularly effective at building brand loyalty because it typically uses products that are considered useful and appreciated by recipients and are retained and used or seen repeatedly, repeating the imprinted message many times without adding cost to the advertiser. We have built the tools, processes, relationships and the blueprint to maximize the potential of these products and deliver the most value to our customers.

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For over 25 years we have grown into a leader in the promotional products industry, ranking 30th overall and 22nd fastest-growing in the United States on *Print+Promo Marketing*'s 2021 Top Distributors list, and  $32^{nd}$  based on ASI's *Counselor* magazine 2021 Top 40 Distributors list, from over 40,000 promotional products businesses. Since our first year of operations in 1995, our annual revenues have gradually grown from approximately \$240,000 to over \$39.7 million in 2021, a compound annual growth rate of approximately 22%, and between 2017 and 2021, our revenues grew at a compound annual growth rate of approximately 19%. During 2017 through 2021, we had consistent gross margins of approximately 30%, and processed over 25,000 customer orders per year.

Our 2020 revenues and gross margins include nonrecurring revenues representing 27.1% of our overall revenues for 2020, as a subcontractor for the 2020 U.S. Census. The customer that engaged us in this regard will not renew their engagement with us due to the U.S. Census only occurring once every ten years. As a result, these nonrecurring revenue increases have not recurred and are not expected to recur and do not represent our long-term growth expectations.

As of March 31, 2022, we had \$63.5 million of total assets with \$42.6 million of total shareholder equity.

We serve a highly diversified customer base across many industry verticals including pharmaceutical and healthcare, manufacturing, technology, finance, construction and consumer goods. Many of our customers are household names and include some of the largest corporations in the world.

Our sales increased 5.2% year-over-year in 2021 compared to 2020 andincreased 62.5% year-over-year in the first three months of 2022 compared to the first three months of 2021 due to higher spending from existing clients as well as business from new customers. Additionally, we benefited from the acquisition of the G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, or G.A.P. Promotions, assets in January 2022. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus, the return of many significant in-person tradeshows and other industry-related opportunities, and societal reopening in general may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods. However, these trends may be partially offset by continued increases in expenses, due to supply chain issues including higher freight charges, raw material costs and port congestion. According to a global pricing index published by London-based Drewry Shipping Consultants Ltd, the average price worldwide to ship a 40-foot shipping container reached \$7,728 for the week ended May 5, 2022, which was 41% higher than the same week in 2021. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Producer Price Index for final demand moved up 11.2% for the 12 months ended in March 2022 on an unadjusted basis, the largest increase since 12-month data were first calculated in November 2010.

We have also noted that some of our customers have indicated that a greater number of their employees work from home than in past periods. We believe this increase may be partially a result of the relatively new risk to office work from the COVID-19 pandemic, and that this trend may continue due to the more contagious Omicron variant of the COVID-19 virus. As a result, we have been, and expect to continue be, drop-shipping more materials directly to people at their homes than in periods before the advent of the COVID-19 pandemic. We expect that this trend will continue to yield increased freight service fees and fulfillment revenue as well as associated costs. For additional discussion, see "COVID-19 Pandemic" below.

Our headquarters are located at Quincy, Massachusetts, with additional offices located in Gloucester, Massachusetts; Warsaw, Indiana; Fairfield, Connecticut; and Mt. Pleasant, South Carolina. We also have sales representatives in twelve additional locations across the United States and a network of service providers in the U.S. and abroad, including factories, decorators, printers, logistics firms, and warehouses.

# **Our Corporate History and Structure**

Our company was incorporated in the State of Massachusetts on November 17, 1995 under the name "Strän & Company, Inc." We also use the registered trade name "Stran Promotional Solutions".

On September 26, 2020, we acquired certain assets including the customer account managers and customer base of the Wildman Imprints division ("Wildman Imprints") of Wildman Business Group, LLC, an Indiana limited liability company ("WBG").

On May 24, 2021, we changed our state of incorporation to the State of Nevada by merging into Stran & Company, Inc., a Nevada corporation that was incorporated on May 19, 2021, and changed the spelling of our nameto "Stran & Company, Inc." In addition, on May 24, 2021, our authorized capital stock changed from 200,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value, to 350,000,000 shares, consisting of 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 50,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. At the same time, we also completed a 100,000-for-1 forward stock split of our outstanding common stock for each previously outstanding share of common stock of our predecessor Massachusetts company. As a result of this stock split, our issued and outstanding common stock increased from 100 shares to 10,000,000 shares, all of which were then held by our Executive Chairman, Andrew Stranberg.

On January 31, 2022, we acquired the branding, marketing and promotional products and services business assets of G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability company, or G.A.P. Promotions.

As of the date of this prospectus, we have no subsidiaries.

For further discussion of our corporate history and structure, please see the sections 'Corporate History and Structure' and "Executive Compensation – Employment Agreements" in this prospectus.

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## **Our Opportunity**

The promotional products industry is large yet highly-fragmented, with thousands of smaller participants and indications of a lack of market power in any one firm or group of firms. The industry has generally experienced growth as businesses continuously invest in sophisticated marketing campaigns involving multiple types of

advertising. Promotional products are items used to promote a product, service or company program including advertising specialties, premiums, incentives, business gifts, awards, prizes, commemoratives and other imprinted or decorated items. They are usually given away by companies to consumers or employees. The largest promotional products trade organizations are the Advertising Specialty Institute (ASI) and Promotional Products Association International (PPAI).

According to the ASI, the largest membership organization for the promotional products industry, the U.S. market for promotional products and services had grown to \$25.8 billion as of 2019 and includes over 40,000 firms in its member ranks. The industry has grown at an annual compound growth rate of 4.96% from 2009 to 2019. Moreover, the promotional products market is only one segment of a total addressable market of possibly up to \$387 billion based on the size of the product packaging market (\$180 billion as of 2019, according to Statista, a leading provider of market and consumer data); the loyalty incentive programs market (\$90 billion annually according to the Incentive Marketing Association, the umbrella organization for suppliers in the incentive marketplace); the printing market (\$75 billion as of 2021, according to IBISWorld, an industry research provider); and the tradeshow market (\$17 billion projected for 2021, according to MarketingCharts.com, a provider of marketing data, graphics, and analyses).

We believe that U.S. promotional products spending has been severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. According to ASI, promotional product distributor sales decreased nearly 20% from \$25.8 billion in 2019 to \$20.7 billion in 2020. Although promotional product distributor sales increased approximately 12% from \$20.7 billion in 2020 to \$23.2 billion in 2021, they were still below the \$25.8 billion industry record set in the last full pre-pandemic year of 2019. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus, the return of many significant in-person tradeshows and other industry-related opportunities, and societal reopening in general may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods. However, these trends may be partially offset by continued increases in expenses, due to supply chain issues including higher freight charges, raw material costs and port congestion.

The promotional products industry is relatively insulated from other forms of advertising such as television and digital advertising. Although promotional products compete for space within an advertising budget with other forms of advertising, particularly online advertising, they offer distinct benefits, particularly due to their physical nature, which may help distributors and suppliers continue to sell these products and related services despite these budgetary pressures. Data shows that promotional products are more effective in generating brand recognition and sales than other forms of advertising, including television and online advertisements. These factors help shield established industry firms like ours from the technological and competitive disruption experienced by other types of media advertisers.

The promotional products industry is also highly fragmented and includes over 40,000 firms. As of 2019 the firm with the greatest percentage of industry sales generated \$839 million revenues but made up less than 3.3% of the promotional products market. As a group, the top 50 distributors had less than 24% market share as of 2019, based on the total sales of approximately \$6.8 billion of the top 50 distributors according to *Promo Marketing*'s 2020 Top Distributors report and the total promotional products industry value of \$25.8 billion according to ASI for 2019.

Unlike our company, which provides comprehensive solutions to complex promotional and branding challenges, we view most of our competitors as generally falling into one of the five categories below:

- Online e-tailer. Heavy reliance on marketing and online advertising to sell directly to businesses, offering little or no strategic support or program infrastructure.
- Franchise Model. Consists of many smaller firms or independent representatives without a consistent strategic vision. They do not offer consistent pricing and have fragmented service capabilities.
- Large and Inflexible. Focus on large enterprise customers, struggling to serve the needs of smaller spend opportunities (less than \$3 million annually). They tend to lack in delivering a high level of service and are limited in their ability to react to changes in the market.
- Non-Core Offering. Offer promotional merchandise as an add-on to their core business or have grown through acquisition without any unification strategy.

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• Small Mom-and-Pop. Little or no infrastructure or executive oversight. Do not have the financial backing, technology, or infrastructure to support growth or ability to execute comprehensive marketing programs or large opportunities.

## **Our Products and Services**

Overview

Since our inception over 25 years ago, we have provided clients with marketing services that help drive sales, and make an impact using custom-branded merchandise, commercial print, loyalty and incentive programs, packaging and point of sale solutions while providing a technology solution to deliver these products and services efficiently via our warehouse and fulfillment system.

Our value to our customers is to be an extension of their own teams. We work to understand the different business and marketing goals of each customer and provide solutions that incorporate technology, human capital, and physical branded goods to solve their business challenges. This model of outsourced combined marketing and program-management services is unique in the promotional products industry, which is dominated by online e-tailers, franchisees, and mom-and-pop businesses. To achieve this value, we have built the internal resources, knowledge, and processes to support our clients with more than just commodity items.

We are both program managers and creative marketers, having developed multiple teams within our organization to specialize and focus our efforts on supporting customers with the specific support that they need:

- Operations and e-commerce teams create custom-tailored technology solutions that enable our clients to view, manage and distribute branded merchandise to their appropriate audience in an efficient and cost-effective manner.
- Account teams work with client stakeholders to understand goals, objectives, marketing and human-resources initiatives, and the ongoing management of the
  account.
- In-house creative agency and product merchandising teams support the account team to provide unique and custom product ideas along with additional design services such as billboards, annual reports, and digital ad assets.
- Merchandising team as well as members of our account teams attend trade shows domestically and internationally across a variety of markets, allowing us to
  provide a diverse assortment of product offerings to our clients.
- Technology and program teams offer technology solutions to help efficiently manage the order process, view products and inventory available, distribute products
  in the most cost-effective manner, and provide reports and metrics on the activity of the account.

We work closely with industrial designers of several of our key collaborators to understand the research and trends that are influencing product development in the six- to 18-month window ensuring that our team is up-to-date on trends in the industry.

# Promotional Product Programs

We run complex corporate promotional marketing programs for clients across many different industry verticals. Most of our clients take advantage of all the services we provide; however, at the core of every program are the promotional products themselves. Our team works diligently to stay on point with the current trends so our clients' branded products are relevant. We distribute a wide variety of promotional products to our customers, with the most popular promotional products including wearables, writing utensils, drinkware, technology and events-related products.

# Loyalty and Incentives Programs

We build custom solutions for customers looking to drive either customer or employee behavior. We help our customers build a customer loyalty program or an employee incentive program that meets each customer's specific needs. Our solutions can include gamification tools, social media integration, and a points-based plan that rewards clients' users with a combination of physical products, digital rewards, gift cards, and experiential rewards nurturing loyalty to their brand. For example, we worked closely with a global producer of vaccines and medicines for animals, to design and implement a two-tier incentive program in which, on one tier, veterinarians were incentivized to purchase from our customer through providing them with promotional branded products, and, on a second tier, a loyalty points program featuring prepaid debit card rewards for end-user pet owners who buy their products.

In developing our loyalty and incentive offering Stran has taken a similar approach as we have in other areas of our business. Instead of developing our own internal solutions organically, we have sought out relationships with businesses with a variety of offerings that meet the very different needs of each of our customers. In some small cases where a client is looking for a very simple solution, we may make use of our existing e-commerce platform developed with Adobe Inc.'s open-source, Magento software, and suppliers from within the promotional products industry. In other cases where the customer is looking for a more well-developed incentive program that incorporates both an incentive structure and a rewards offering, Stran has contracted with Carlton One Engagement Corporation, or CarltonOne, a large provider of Internet-based employee reward management platforms. CarltonOne's technology solutions are robust and constantly evolving to meet the changing needs of incentive users. Their model is to collaborate with value-added resellers like Stran who bring addition resources, knowledge and skill sets to create custom solutions.

Under our agreement with CarltonOne, dated as of January 20, 2021, we are an authorized reseller of CarletonOne's brands of software-as-a-solution, or SaaS, employee loyalty and incentive programs to our customers. As an authorized reseller, CarltonOne will offer exclusive rights to any contracted clients but will not prevent other authorized resellers from calling on any protected customers. We will receive commissions from CarletonOne for any customers that we successfully sign up for CarletonOne's SaaS services. The agreement is for two years and renews for consecutive one-year periods unless terminated in writing by either party. The commission percentage is generally 25%.

# Packaging and Point of Sale

Presentation makes all the difference. Clever and custom packaging point of sale, or POS displays are essentials for elevating brand awareness and critical for driving sales. From packaging of corporate merchandise and promotional products to developing custom POS displays, clients come to us when they want to stand out and show the quality that their brands offer. We produce custom packaging and POS projects domestically as well as overseas for larger-run custom programs for many of our clients.

## **Commercial and Digital Printing**

Printed informational materials used for marketing, or marketing collateral, such as business cards and brochures, are an essential component to effectively conveying information and marketing messages, and arguably all businesses use some form of marketing collateral. When a customer needs print collateral, our digital print-on-demand options route their orders through our technology platform and to our network of commercial printers to ensure that our customers can print each piece of collateral in the most effective and efficient manner. By offering print management with our promotional branded merchandise solutions, we help our customers create impactful presentations and mailings through the most efficient processes.

## Warehouse and Fulfillment

We offer a global solution for warehousing and fulfillment through a network of fulfillment providers including a nearly ten-year relationship with industry leader Harte Hanks. These long-standing, strategic relationships provide our clients with process-driven fulfillment solutions that are scalable to meet client needs including real-time inventory reporting, climate-controlled facilities, high-value product security, storage, digital print-on-demand, and direct-mail solutions. Our custom front-end technology solution is directly integrated with the warehouse management software of our strategic global warehouse collaborators.

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# **Our Competitive Strengths**

We believe our key competitive strengths include:

- Superior and Distinctive Technology. We have invested in sophisticated, efficient ordering and logistics technology that provides order processing, warehousing and fulfillment functions. We continue to invest in our technology infrastructure, including many customized solutions developed on Adobe Inc.'s open-source e-commerce platform, Magento. We have also invested in a new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system, Oracle's NetSuite, which will consolidate the process of gathering and organizing business data of our company through an integrated software suite, and is expected to be implemented by the end of the first half of 2022.
- Leading Market Position. Our over 25 years' history and size make us a leader in the U.S. promotional products industry. We believe that the key benefits of our scale include an ability to efficiently implement large and intensive programs; an ability to invest in sales tools and technologies to support our customers; and operating efficiencies from our scalable infrastructure. We believe our market position and scale enhances our ability to increase sales to existing customers, attract new customers and enter into new markets.
- Extensive Network. We have developed a deep network of collaborator factories, decorators, printers, and warehouses around the globe. This network helps us find the right solution to meet our customers' needs, whether they are financial, timing, geographic, or brand goals. This model provides the flexibility to proactively manage our customers' promotional needs efficiently. As a result, we believe that we have an excellent reputation with our customers for providing a high level of prompt customer service.

- **Customer-Centric Approach**. Our customer-centric approach is what has fueled our growth since our inception and our early adoption of technology to solve challenges for our clients set us apart in our early growth. We strive to understand the goals and challenges that our customers face, building unique solutions and seeing each campaign through to completion as an extension of their team.
- Diversified Customer Base. We sell our products to over 2,000 active customers and over 30 Fortune 500 companies, including long-standing programs with recurring revenue coming from well recognized brands and companies. During 2020, we were engaged by a Washington, D.C.-based advertising and marketing company leading a nationwide awareness-generating initiative for the 2020 U.S. Census. During this period, this contract represented approximately 27.1% of our overall revenues for 2020. This customer will not renew their engagement with us due to the U.S. Census only occurring once every ten years. As a result, these nonrecurring revenue increases have not recurred, are not expected to recur, and do not represent our long-term growth expectations. Excluding the 2020 U.S. Census program customer, our largest customer accounted for 10.1% and 7.5% of overall revenue during 2020 and 2021, respectively. Our top 10 customers in 2020 and 2021, including the 2020 U.S. Census program customer, our top 10 customers in 2020 and 2021 generated 31.20% and 44.8% of revenue, respectively. Excluding the 2020 U.S. Census program customer, our top 10 customers in 2020 and 2021 generated 31.20% and 44.8% of revenue, respectively. Our customers span many industries, including pharmaceutical and healthcare, manufacturing, technology, finance, construction and consumer goods.
- Experienced Senior Management Team. Our senior management team, led by our co-founder and Chief Executive Officer, Andrew Shape, is comprised of seasoned industry professionals and veterans of our company. Our senior management has an average of over 20 years of experience in the promotional products industry.
- Asset Acquisition Experience. In September 2020, we acquired all of the customers of the promotional products business Wildman Imprints in an asset purchase. In 2019, that business recorded over \$10 million in revenue. In January 2022, we purchased the promotional products business and assets of G.A.P. Promotions, with 2021 revenue of approximately \$7.2 million. We continue to explore and pursue additional acquisition opportunities that are appropriate. Please see "*Our Growth Strategies – Selectively Pursue Acquisitions*" below for a discussion of our asset acquisition experience and strategy.

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### **Our Growth Strategies**

The key elements of our strategy to grow our business include:

• Selectively Pursue Acquisitions. We believe that we are well-suited to capitalize on opportunities to acquire businesses with key customer relationships or have other value-added products or services that complement our current offerings. Our acquisition strategy consists of increasing our share in existing markets, adding a presence in new or complementary regions, utilizing our scale to realize cost savings, and acquiring businesses offering synergistic services such as printing, packaging, point of sale (POS) displays, loyalty and incentive program management, and decoration, or offering additional differentiators. In September 2020, we acquired all the customer account managers and customer accounts of the promotional products business Wildman Imprints in Warsaw, Indiana. As a result, we gained approximately over 1,400 customer accounts, including over 120 customer programs with higher repeat-business potential; 20 additional employees; inventory worth approximately \$650,000 with a majority covered by contractual customer purchase guarantees; and additional revenues of over \$10 million as of 2019. This acquisition allowed us to extend our geographical reach into the Midwest and further diversify our customer base. In January 2022, we acquired the promotional products business and assets of G.A.P. Promotions in Gloucester, Massachusetts. From this acquisition, we expanded our major beverage-specific customer accounts; hired 13 additional employees; gained inventory worth approximately \$90,000 with claw-back guarantees; and additional sales of approximately \$7.2 million as of 2021.

We believe that this experience will help us to pursue suitable acquisition opportunities in the future and integrate them successfully. Consistent with this strategy, we continue to evaluate potential acquisition targets (although no such acquisition target has yet been identified), particularly with the following attributes:

- o Geographic balance, with a focus on acquiring a company in the branded merchandise space based in the western United States (including Texas, California, Colorado, Oregon, or Washington state) in the \$5-10 million revenue range;
- o Smaller promotional companies in the \$2-5 million revenue range who lack the programmatic capabilities but have a minimum of 30% gross margins and comparable or improved profitability; and
- Businesses with complimentary offerings to increase Stran's portfolio of services and depth of expertise in these additional industries: Packaging; Loyalty & Incentive; Decorators (for screen printer, embroidery, direct-to-garment, rub-on transfers, etc.); and Event/Tradeshow Services.
- Innovate and Invest in Technology. During 2020-2021, we continued to invest in upgrades to our platform for customers' promotional e-commerce objectives, including customizable and scalable features, developed on Adobe Inc.'s open-source e-commerce platform, Magento. We have also invested in a new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system on Oracle's NetSuite platform which will consolidate the process of gathering and organizing business data of our company through an integrated software suite, which is expected to be implemented by the end of the first half of 2022. We believe that it is necessary to continue focusing on the buildout of our technology offerings in order to meet the evolving needs of our customers. Additionally, our strong technology platform will support our acquisition strategy to integrate acquired businesses into our existing platforms. We intend to continue making significant investments in research and development and hiring top technical talent.
- New Client Development. Our sales teams are tasked with continuously growing their books of business by nurturing existing business relationships while actively seeking new opportunities with new customers. We will continue to promote and ask for referrals from satisfied customers who often refer us to other potential clients. We continuously seek to build our sales forces through hiring of experienced individuals with established books of business as well as hiring less-experienced individuals that we hope to develop into productive sales representatives. As we continue to grow, we are hiring sales representatives in different geographies across the U.S. that further diversifies our customer base and attracts new customers. Currently we have employees or sales reps located in offices or remotely in Massachusetts, Indiana, Ohio, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Florida, South Carolina, Oklahoma, Maine, Colorado, and Illinois. In addition to direct sales and marketing efforts, we will continue to build sales and marketing campaigns to promote Stran, including social media, search engine optimization (SEO), HubSpot Inbound Marketing, and other alternative platforms. We also plan to continue to identify and exhibit at appropriate tradeshows, conferences, and events where we have had success.
- Develop and Penetrate Customer Base. We plan to further expand and leverage our sales force and broad product and service offering to upsell and cross-sell to both develop new clients and further penetrate our existing customer base. Many of our services work together and build on each other to offer greater control and consistency of our customers' brands as well as improved efficiency and ease of use for their team. Our goal is to become an extension of our customers' team and to support their organizations in using physically branded products in the most effective means possible. For example, we can offer a one-stop solution for all tradeshow and event asset management objectives. From pre-show mailings to special event uniforms, we can help design as well as produce and manage all tradeshow materials and processes from start to finish. With multiple warehouses strategically located throughout the United States, we offer logistics solutions and expertise to effectively fulfill customers' events needs across the country. The internal inventory-management version of our event platform provides the ability to manage not only a customer's assets for its booth or event setup, but also its literature, giveaways, uniforms, and more. We will ship out all assets with return labels for post-show logistics and establish standard operating procedures for every asset to be returned back into inventory.

Other strategies that we plan to implement to expand our customer base with expanded sales staff and technology resources include:

- o Convert Transactional Customers to Programs. The majority of our revenue is derived from program business, although only a small percentage of our customers are considered programmatic. For the years 2020 and 2021, program clients accounted for 77.6% and 75.7% of total revenue, respectively. Less than 350 of our more than 2,000 active customers are considered to be program clients. With a larger sales force and other resources, we believe we can convert more of our customer base from transactional customers into program clients with much greater revenue potential. We define transactional customers as customers as customers that place an order with us and do not have an agreement with us covering ongoing branding requirements. We define program clients as clients that have a contractual obligation for specific ongoing branding needs. Program offerings include ongoing inventory, use of technology platform, warehousing, creative services, and additional client support. Program customers are typically geared towards longer-lasting relationships that help secure recurring revenue well into the future.
- o Strengthen Marketing and Social Media Outreach. We plan to expand sales and marketing tools and campaigns to promote the Company, including social media platforms such as Instagram, and other alternative marketing platforms.
- o SEO and Inbound Marketing. We plan to enhance our SEO tools to increase web traffic to our website and use of HubSpot Inbound Marketing and similar tools to deliver content and data to drive interest in Stran.
- Tradeshows and Events. We plan to increase our exhibitor presence at appropriate shows and events such as ProcureCon, the National Beer Wholesalers Association (NBWA)'s Annual Convention and Trade Show, and EXHIBITOR LIVE.
- o Extend Relationships. We plan to identify and approach more print, fulfillment, and agency collaborators to sell into their customer base.
- o Referrals. We believe we will generate more customer referrals by offering an enhanced loyalty and customer incentive program.

# **COVID-19** Pandemic

As in many other industries, we believe that the COVID-19 pandemic has weakened many promotional products distributors. According to ASI, the promotional products industry experienced a nearly 20% sales decline in 2020 to \$20.7 billion compared to the \$25.8 billion industry record set in the last full pre-pandemic year of 2019. Print+Promo Marketing's 2021 Top Distributors report, which ranked the top 75 distributors based on 2020 sales, found that 42 (56%) experienced sales decreases in 2020 compared to the prior year. According to ASI the promotional products industry in 2021 experienced a sales increase of approximately 12% to \$23.2 billion and nearly three-quarters of distributors (72%) increased annual revenue as COVID-19 vaccines became widely available and pockets of the U.S. economy began to reopen. In terms of the top five vertical markets, the most opportunities for Print+Promo Marketing's 2021 Top Distributors were those in Health Care (listed 37 times), Financial (listed 26 times), Retail (listed 20 times), Technology (listed 20 times), and Manufacturing (listed 18 times).

A recent forecast from global advertising corporation WPP plc's ad-buying unit GroupM found that there appears to be a "K-shaped" recovery for the advertising industry as well as the overall U.S. economy. The "K" shape indicates a quick rebound for some marketers and a continued downward trajectory for others. For example, e-commerce and advanced digital services such as telehealth and remote learning have exploded during the COVID-19 pandemic. On the other hand, restaurants, bars, travel, entertainment and nonessential businesses have all suffered. Overall, those dependent on traditional media including radio, newspapers and outdoor advertising, and hose vertices such as telehealth and remote learning, travel, entertainment have all suffered. On the other hand, demand for e-commerce and advanced digital services such as telehealth and remote learning, and home refinancings and the banking industry in general, have accelerated and saw record volumes during the COVID-19 pandemic.

We believe that the COVID-19 pandemic has impacted Stran's operational and financial performance and will likely continue to do so. As was typical for other firms in the promotional products industry, from March 2020 through March 2022, we believe that our revenues were adversely affected by the economic impact of the pandemic, including decreased demand for promotional products and services such as ours due to a lack of in-person events, businesses not being fully reopened and staffed, and customers' decreased marketing budgets. Likewise, we believe the pandemic's effects on the economy caused us to experience higher costs of supplies of product materials due to continued pandemic-related expenses, especially higher freight charges and raw material costs, and a more challenging supply chain from issues such as port congestion. We expect these effects to continue for the remainder of 2022.

We have responded to the challenges resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic by developing a clear company-wide strategy and sticking to our hardworking culture and core value of delivering creative merchandise solutions that effectively promote brands. We continue to focus on our core group of customers while providing additional value-added services, including our e-commerce platform for order processing, warehousing and fulfillment functions, and propose alternative product offerings based on their unique needs. We also continue to solicit and market ourselves to long-term prospects that have shown interest in Stran. We have remained committed to being a service-driven, feature-rich, and customer-focused company that provides our customers with more than just products. Below are some of the specific ways we have responded to the current pandemic:

- We adhered to all state and federal social distancing requirements while prioritizing health and safety for our employees;
- We explored acquisition opportunities and executed the acquisitions of the customer base of Wildman Imprints with historical revenue exceeding \$10 million annually in September 2020 and the promotional products business of G.A.P. Promotions with 2021 revenue of approximately \$7.2 million in January 2022;
- We retained key customers through constant communication, making proactive product or program suggestions, driving program efficiencies, and delivering valueadded solutions to help them market themselves more effectively;
- We concentrated and succeeded in earning business from clients in specific verticals that have spent more during the pandemic including customers in the entertainment, beverage, retail, consumer packaged goods, and healthcare industries;
- We retained key employees by continuing to provide them with competitive compensation and the tools required to be successful in their jobs; and
- We refocused our marketing activities on more client-specific revenue generating activities that reduced spend while remaining effective.

We believe that we have seen encouraging signs of recovery from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. There has been a significant increase in the amount of requests

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for proposal and other customer inquiries since the beginning of 2021. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus and societal reopening may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods.

We believe that we have fully complied with all state and local requirements relating to COVID-19. As described above, we have undertaken various measures in an effort to mitigate the spread of COVID-19. We have also enacted business continuity plans, which may make maintaining our normal level of corporate operations, quality controls and internal controls difficult. Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic may cause temporary or long-term disruptions in our supply chains and/or delays in the delivery of our inventory. Further, the COVID-19 pandemic and mitigation efforts may also adversely affect our customers' financial condition, resulting in reduced spending for the products we sell.

As events are rapidly changing, we do not know how long the COVID-19 pandemic and the measures that have been introduced to respond to it will disrupt our operations or the full extent of that disruption. Further, once we are able to restart normal business hours and operations doing so may take time and will involve costs and uncertainty. We also cannot predict how long the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the efforts to contain it could continue to impact our business after the pandemic is under control. Governments could take additional restrictive measures to combat the pandemic that could further impact our business or the economy in the geographies in which we operate. We believe it is also possible that the impact of the pandemic and response on our suppliers, customers and markets will persist for some time after governments ease their restrictions. These measures have negatively impacted, and may continue to impact, our business and financial condition as the responses to control COVID-19 continue.

The extent to which the pandemic may continue to impact our results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of this prospectus, including new information that may emerge concerning the severity of the pandemic and steps taken to contain the pandemic or treat its impact, among others. Nevertheless, the pandemic and the current financial, economic and capital markets environment, and future developments in the global supply chain and other areas present material uncertainty and risk with respect to our performance, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

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For a further discussion of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, please see 'Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic'.

# Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company

We qualify as an "emerging growth company" under the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"). As a result, we are permitted to, and intend to, rely on exemptions from certain disclosure requirements. For so long as we are an emerging growth company, we will not be required to:

- have an auditor report on our internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act");
- comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements (i.e., an auditor discussion and analysis);
- submit certain executive compensation matters to stockholder advisory votes, such as "say-on-pay" and "say-on-frequency;" and
- disclose certain executive compensation related items such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the chief
  executive officer's compensation to median employee compensation.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2) (B) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to take advantage of the benefits of this extended transition period. Our financial statements may therefore not be comparable to those of companies that comply with such new or revised accounting standards.

We will remain an emerging growth company until the earliest of (i) the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of our initial public offering, (ii) the last day of the fiscal year in which our total annual gross revenues are \$1.07 billion or more, (iii) the date that we become a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which would occur if the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter, or (iv) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt during the preceding three year period.

# **Corporate Information**

Our principal executive offices are located at 2 Heritage Drive, Suite 600, Quincy, MA 02171 and our telephone number is 800-833-3309. We maintain a website at https://www.stran.com/. Information available on our website is not incorporated by reference in and is not deemed a part of this prospectus.

# Changes to our Capitalization

On May 24, 2021, we changed our state of incorporation to the State of Nevada by merging intoStran & Company, Inc., a Nevada corporation that was incorporated on May 19, 2021, and changed the spelling of our nameto "Stran & Company, Inc." In addition, on May 24, 2021, our authorized capital stock changed from 200,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value, to 350,000,000 shares, consisting of 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 50,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. At the same time, we also completed a 100,000-for-1 forward stock split of our outstanding common stock for each previously outstanding share of common stock of our predecessor Massachusetts company. As a result of this stock split, our issued and outstanding common stock increased from 100 shares to 10,000,000 shares, all of which were then held by our Executive Chairman, Andrew Stranberg. For further discussion of changes to our capitalization, please see the sections 'Corporate History and Structure' and "Executive Compensation – Employment Agreements" in this prospectus.

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Shares Offered	This prospectus relates to 4,478,134 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants including 4,328,495 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the publicly-traded warrants and 149,639 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the representative's warrants.
Common stock outstanding prior to this offering <sup>(1)</sup> :	19,434,011 shares of common stock.
Common stock outstanding after the offering assuming full exercise of the publicly-traded warrants and the representative's warrants <sup>(1)</sup> :	23,912,145 shares of common stock.
Use of proceeds:	The publicly-traded warrants are exercisable immediately upon issuance and will thereafter remain exercisable at any time up to five (5) years from the date of original issuance. The holders of the warrants must pay the exercise price, currently \$4.81375 per share, in order to exercise the warrants and receive the shares that the warrants provide for. The representative's warrants are exercisable at a per share exercise price of \$5.1875. The representative's warrants are exercisable at any time and from time to time, in whole or in part, during the four-and-a-half-year period commencing May 12, 2022. Warrants may be exercised only for a whole number of shares. Assuming the exercise of all warrants for cash at the warrants' current exercise price, we will receive proceeds of approximately \$21.6 million. We plan to use the proceeds for working capital and general corporate purposes. See " <i>Use of Proceeds</i> " for more information on the use of proceeds.
Risk factors:	Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. As an investor, you should be able to bear a complete loss of your investment. You should carefully consider the information set forth in the " <i>Risk Factors</i> " section beginning on page 15 before deciding to invest in our common stock and warrants.
Trading market and symbol:	Our common stock and publicly-traded warrants are listed on Nasdaq under the symbols "STRN" and "STRNW", respectively.
(1) The number of shares of common stock of	outstanding before and immediately following this offering does not include the following:

- 1,642,000 total shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options which we have granted to our employees, officers and directors under the Stran & Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan, or the Equity Incentive Plan, or the Plan, pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-8;
- 3,000,000 shares of common stockthat are reserved for issuance under the Plan, which is inclusive of the 1,642,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of options referred to above that were issued under the Plan;
- warrants to purchase up to 5,464,903 shares of common stock issued in our private placement on December 10, 2021; and
- up to 131,158 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the placement agent's warrants issued in connection with our private placement on December 10, 2021.

## **Summary Financial Information**

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The following tables summarize certain financial data regarding our business and should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes contained elsewhere in this prospectus and the information under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

All financial statements included in this prospectus are prepared and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or GAAP. The summary financial information is only a summary and should be read in conjunction with our historical combined financial statements and related notes contained elsewhere herein. The financial statements contained elsewhere fully represent our financial condition and operations; however, they are not indicative of our future performance.

Our summary financial data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Our summary financial data as of and for the quarters ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	 Three Mon Marc		 Years Decem	
Statements of Operations Data	 2022	2021	2021	2020
Sales	\$ 12,259,583	\$ 7,544,191	\$ 39,702,714	\$ 37,752,173
Cost of sales	9,041,418	5,252,483	27,972,797	26,267,309
Gross profit	3,218,165	2,291,708	11,836,070	11,484,864
Operating expenses	4,024,218	2,645,457	12,273,949	9,994,891
Earnings (loss) from operations	(806,053)	(353,749)	(437,879)	1,489,973
Other income and (expense)	83,184	(12,862)	565,619	(39,457)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(722,869)	(366,611)	127,740	1,450,516
Current income taxes	(177,055)	(76,526)	(107,500)	422,236
Deferred income taxes	-	-	-	-
Net earnings (loss)	(545,814)	(290,085)	235,240	1,028,280
		As of March 31,	As Decem	1,
Balance Sheet Data		 2022	2021	2020
		(unaudited)		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 40,004,860	\$ 32,226,668	\$ 647,235
Total current assets		57,706,185	47,563,500	9,273,307

Total current liabilities18,704,913Total liabilities20,898,135Total stockholder's equity42,591,859	7,831,029 9,591,790	8,000,377 11,676,918
	0 501 700	11.676.918
Total stockholder's equity 42,591,859	9,591,790	
	41,611,619	1,627,754
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity\$ 63,489,994\$\$	51,203,409 \$	13,304,672

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## **Summary of Risk Factors**

An investment in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks summarized below. These risks are discussed more fully in the "*Risk Factors*" section immediately following this Prospectus Summary. These risks include, but are not limited to, the following:

### Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

- Our business could be materially adversely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Our customers may cancel or decrease the quantity of their orders, which could negatively impact our operating results.
- We may be unable to identify or to complete acquisitions or to successfully integrate the businesses we acquire.
- We face intense competition to gain market share, which may lead some competitors to sell substantial amounts of goods at prices against which we cannot profitably compete.
- The promotional products, uniforms, trade show and events marketplace, loyalty and program management business industries are subject to pricing pressures that may cause us to lower the prices we charge for our products and services that adversely affect our financial performance.
- Increases in the price of merchandise and raw materials used to manufacture our products could materially increase our costs and decrease our profitability.
- Implementation of technology initiatives could disrupt our operations in the near term and fail to provide the anticipated benefits.
- Failure to preserve positive labor relationships with our employees could adversely affect our results of operations.
- The apparel industry, including uniforms and corporate identity apparel, is subject to changing fashion trends and if we misjudge consumer preferences, the image of one or more of our brands may suffer and the demand for our products may decrease.
- If our information technology systems suffer interruptions or failures, including as a result of cyber-attacks, our business operations could be disrupted and our reputation could suffer.
- We rely on software and services from other parties. Defects in or the loss of access to software or services from third parties could increase our costs and adversely affect the quality of our products.
- Failure to comply with data privacy and security laws and regulations could adversely affect our operating results and business.

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Risks Related to Ownership of Our Securities

- An active market in which investors can resell their shares of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants may not develop.
- The market prices of our securities may fluctuate, and you could lose all or part of your investment.
- We may not be able to maintain a listing of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants on Nasdaq.
- Our key officers and directors beneficially own a majority of our outstanding common stock. As a result, they may have the ability to approve all matters submitted to our shareholders for approval.
- We have considerable discretion as to the use of the net proceeds from this offering and we may use these proceeds in ways with which you may not agree.
- The publicly-traded warrants may not have any value.
- · Holders of warrants have no rights as shareholders until such holders exercise their warrants and acquire our shares of common stock.
- The warrant certificate governing our warrants designates the state and federal courts of the State of New York sitting in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, as the exclusive forum for actions and proceedings with respect to all matters arising out of the warrants, which could limit a warrantholder's ability to choose the judicial forum for disputes arising out of the warrants.
- Although we expect to adopt a share repurchase program in the future, we have discretion to not repurchase your shares, to suspend the program, and to cease repurchases.
- The reduction of total outstanding shares through the execution of a share repurchase program of common stock may increase the risk that a shareholder or group of shareholders could control us.
- We do not expect to declare or pay dividends in the foreseeable future.

- Future issuances of our common stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, our common stock, or the expiration of lock-up agreements that restrict the issuance of new common stock or the trading of outstanding common stock, could cause the market price of our securities to decline and would result in the dilution of your holdings.
- Future issuances of debt securities, which would rank senior to our common stock upon our bankruptcy or liquidation, and future issuances of preferred stock, which could rank senior to our common stock for the purposes of dividends and liquidating distributions, may adversely affect the level of return you may be able to achieve from an investment in our common stock and warrants.

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## **RISK FACTORS**

An investment in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following risk factors, together with the other information contained in this prospectus, before purchasing our securities. We have listed below (not necessarily in order of importance or probability of occurrence) what we believe to be the most significant risk factors applicable to us, but they do not constitute all of the risks that may be applicable to us. Any of the following factors could harm our business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects, and could result in a partial or complete loss of your investment. Some statements in this prospectus, including statements. Please refer to the section titled "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

# **Risks Related to Our Business and Industry**

# Our business has been materially adversely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and could be materially adversely impacted by future COVID-19 pandemic surges, new COVID-19 variants, or other pandemics.

COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in March of 2020. We believe that the global spread of COVID-19 has created significant volatility and uncertainty and economic disruption. We believe the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic, including new surges or COVID-19 variants, or any other pandemic ultimately impacts our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows will depend on numerous evolving factors that we may not be able to accurately predict, including, without limitation: The duration and scope of the pandemic; the success in delivering and efficacy of vaccines; governmental, business and individuals' actions that have been and will be taken in response to the pandemic (including restrictions on travel and transport and workforce pressures); the effect on our suppliers and customers and customer demand for our core products and services within certain industries such as the restaurant, transportation, hospitality and entertainment industries; the effect on our sources of supply; the impact of the pandemic on economic activity and actions taken in response; closures of our and our suppliers' and customers' offices and facilities; the ability of our customers to pay for our products and services; financial market volatility; commodity prices; and the pace of recovery when the COVID-19 or other pandemic subsides.

The spreading of COVID-19 that we believe is impacting global economic activity and market conditions could lead to changes in customer purchasing patterns. We believe we have seen disruptions in our customers' businesses, including, but not limited to, our customers' willingness and ability to spend, layoffs and furloughs of our customers' employees, and temporary or permanent closures of businesses that consume our products and services. Prolonged periods of difficult conditions could have material adverse impacts on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

We believe that U.S. promotional products spending has already been severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. According to ASI, promotional product distributor sales decreased nearly 20% from \$25.8 billion in the last full pre-pandemic year of 2019 to \$20.7 billion in 2020. Although promotional product distributor sales increased approximately 12% from \$20.7 billion in 2020 to \$23.2 billion in 2021, they were still below the \$25.8 billion industry record set in 2019. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus, the return of many significant in-person tradeshows and other industry-related opportunities, and societal reopening in general may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods. However, these trends may be partially offset by continued increases in expenses, due to supply chain issues including higher freight charges, raw material costs and port congestion.

*Print+Promo Marketing*'s 2021 Top Distributors report, which ranked the top 75 distributors based on 2020 sales, found that 42 (56%) experienced sales decreases in 2020 compared to the prior year. Lingering supply chain issues and fewer in-person tradeshows and events contributed to lower total revenues for the industry in 2021 compared to 2019, according to information reported by ASI. Likewise, according to information reported by *Print+Promo Marketing*, production issues, shipping delays, pricing increases and staffing shortages continued to reduce the promotional products industry's total 2021 revenues compared to pre-pandemic levels.

We believe that the COVID-19 pandemic has impacted Stran's operational and financial performance. Although we were able to capitalize on the demand for personal protective equipment in 2020 such as masks, hand sanitizer, and gowns, these sales did not significantly offset the overall decreased demand for promotional products in 2021 and are not expected to do so in the foreseeable future. Additionally, as was typical for other firms in the promotional products industry, from March 2020 through the end of 2021, we believe that our revenues were adversely affected by the economic impact of the pandemic, including decreased demand for promotional products and services such as ours due to a lack of in-person events, businesses not being fully reopened and staffed, and customers' decreased marketing budgets. Likewise, we believe the pandemic's effects on the economy caused us to experience higher costs of supplies of product materials due to continued pandemic on expenses, especially higher freight charges and raw material costs, and a more challenging supply chain from issues such as port congestion. We expect these effects to continue in 2022.

We believe the potential effects of COVID-19 also could continue to impact us in a number of other ways, including, but not limited to, reductions to our revenue and profitability, costs associated with complying with new or amended laws and regulations affecting our business, declines in the price of our securities, reduced availability and less favorable terms of future borrowings, valuation of our pension assets and obligations, reduced credit-worthiness of our customers, and potential impairment of the carrying value of goodwill or other indefinite-lived intangible assets.

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Any of these events could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

# Long-term disruptions to our supply chain could materially harm our business, operating results, financial condition and cash flows.

During 2021, even as many governments and businesses eased COVID-19 pandemic-related economic restrictions, we experienced worsening supply chain conditions, especially due to higher freight charges, raw material costs and other challenging supply chain issues such as delays from port congestion. Our freight costs increased from \$2.1 million in 2020 to \$3.9 million in 2021, or 85.5%. As a percentage of sales, our freight costs increased from 5.6% in 2020 to 9.8% in 2021. According to a global pricing index published by London-based Drewry Shipping Consultants Ltd, the average price worldwide to ship a 40-foot shipping container reached \$9,180 for the week ended March 10, 2022, which is 83% higher than the same week in 2021. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Producer Price Index for final demand moved up 9.7% for the 12 months ended in January 2022, producer prices for final demand goods increased 13.1% while prices for final demand services increased 7.7%.

Although some of these ongoing challenges may have been due to ongoing COVID-19 pandemic-related conditions, it is also possible that social, economic and technological conditions have been permanently altered and will remain a logistical challenge. For example, more complex last-mile delivery challenges in reaching end users working from home has increased some of our costs, which we believe was due primarily to COVID-19 pandemic-related working arrangements. However, it is also possible that these challenges were due in large part to more workers being permitted to work remotely regardless of the presence of pandemic-related restrictions. These and other supply chain costs related to the fulfillment obligations under our clients' campaigns and programs may therefore continue to be heightened or increase in the long-term unless we are able to adapt to them.

Our business success depends on our ability to streamline logistics challenges for our clients. Any disruption to our supply chain could severely affect the competitiveness of our products and services. At minimum, significant cost increases, delays and other effects on our logistics-related services could reduce the value of our services to clients and we may lose business because we are unable to give competitive quotes to new or existing customers, or even fail to meet requirements under our customer agreements. Unless the continuing trend towards ever-greater supply chain challenges reverses or we are able to fundamentally restructure our business to meet them in the relatively near future, we may unable to remain competitive both to customers and investors, and the resulting harm to our operating results, financial condition and cash flows may cause our business to fail.

### Our customers may cancel or decrease the quantity of their orders, which could negatively impact our operating results.

Sales to many of our customers are on an order-by-order basis. If we cannot fill customers' orders on time, orders may be cancelled and relationships with customers may suffer, which could have an adverse effect on us, especially if the relationship is with a major customer. Furthermore, if any of our customers experience a significant downturn in their business, or fail to remain committed to our programs or brands, the customer may reduce or discontinue purchases from us. The reduction in the amount of our products purchased by customers could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition.

In addition, some of our customers have experienced significant changes and difficulties, including consolidation of ownership, increased centralization of buying decisions, buyer turnover, restructurings, bankruptcies and liquidations. A significant adverse change in a customer relationship or in a customer's financial position could cause us to limit or discontinue business with that customer, require us to assume more credit risk relating to that customer's receivables or limit our ability to collect amounts related to previous purchases by that customer, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition.

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# We may be unable to identify or to complete acquisitions or to successfully integrate the businesses we acquire.

We have evaluated, and may continue to evaluate, potential acquisition transactions. We attempt to address the potential risks inherent in assessing the attractiveness of acquisition candidates, as well as other challenges such as retaining the employees and integrating the operations of the businesses we acquire. Integrating acquired operations involves significant risks and uncertainties, including maintenance of uniform standards, controls, policies and procedures; diversion of management's attention from normal business operations during the integration process; unplanned expenses associated with integration efforts; and unidentified issues not discovered in due diligence, including legal contingencies. Acquisition valuations require us to make certain estimates and assumptions to determine the fair value of the acquired entities (including the underlying assets and liabilities). If our estimates or assumptions to value the acquired assets and liabilities are not accurate, we may be exposed to losses, and/or unexpected usage of cash flow to fund the operations of the acquired operations that may be material.

Even if we are able to acquire businesses on favorable terms, managing growth through acquisition is a difficult process that includes integration and training of personnel, combining facility and operating procedures, and additional matters related to the integration of acquired businesses within our existing organization. Unanticipated issues related to integration may result in additional expense and disruption to our operations, and may require a disproportionate amount of our management's attention, any of which could negatively impact our ability to achieve anticipated benefits, such as revenue and cost synergies. Growth of our business through acquisition generally increases our operating complexity and the level of responsibility for both existing and new management personnel. Managing and sustaining our growth and expansion may require substantial enhancements to our operational and financial systems and controls, as well as additional additional autoministrative, operational and financial resources. We may be required to invest in additional support personnel, facilities and systems to address the increased complexities associated with business or segment expansion. These investments could result in higher overall operating costs and lower operating profits for the business as a whole. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in integrating acquired businesses or managing our expanding operations.

In addition, although we conduct due diligence investigations prior to each acquisition, there can be no assurance that we will discover or adequately protect against all material liabilities of an acquired business for which we may be responsible as a successor owner or operator. The failure to identify suitable acquisitions, successfully integrate these acquired businesses, successfully manage our expanding operations, or to discover liabilities associated with such businesses in the diligence process, could adversely affect our business, results of operations or financial condition.

In order to finance such acquisitions, we may need to obtain additional funds either through public or private financings, including bank and other secured and unsecured borrowings and/or the issuance of equity or debt securities. There can be no assurance that such financings would be available to us on reasonable terms. Any future issuances of equity securities or debt securities with equity features may be dilutive to our shareholders.

# If our information technology systems suffer interruptions or failures, including as a result of cyberattacks, our business operations could be disrupted and our reputation could suffer.

We rely on information technology systems to process transactions, communicate with customers, manage our business and process and maintain information. The measures we have in place to monitor and protect our information technology systems might not provide sufficient protection from catastrophic events, power surges, viruses, malicious software (including ransomware), attempts to gain unauthorized access to data or other types of cyber-based attacks. As cyber-attacks become more frequent, sophisticated, damaging and difficult to predict, any such event could negatively impact our business operations, such as by product disruptions that result in an unexpected delay in operations, interruptions in our ability to deliver products and services to our customers, loss of confidential or otherwise protected information, corruption of data and expenses related to the repair or replacement of our information technology systems. Compromising and/or loss of information could result in loss of sales or legal or regulatory claims which could adversely affect our revenues and profits or damage our reputation.

# We rely on software and services from other parties. Defects in or the loss of access to software or services from third parties could increase our costs and adversely affect the quality of our products.

We rely on technologies from third parties to operate critical functions of our business, including cloud infrastructure services, payment processing services, certain aspects of distribution center automation and customer relationship management services. Our business would be disrupted if any of the third-party software or services we utilize, or functional equivalents thereof, were unavailable due to extended outages or interruptions or because they are no longer available on commercially reasonable terms or prices. In each case, we would be required to either seek licenses to software or services from other parties and redesign our business and marketplace to function with such software or services or develop these components ourselves, which would result in increased costs and could result in delays in the launch of new offerings on our marketplace until equivalent technology can be identified, licensed or developed, and integrated into our business and marketplace. Furthermore, we might be forced to limit the features available in our current or future products. These delays and feature limitations, if they occur, could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### Failure to comply with data privacy and security laws and regulations could adversely affect our operating results and business.

In the ordinary course of our business, we might collect and store in our internal and external data centers, cloud services and networks sensitive data, including our proprietary business information and that of our customers, suppliers and business collaborators, as well as personal information of our customers and employees. The secure processing, maintenance and transmission of this information is critical to our operations and business strategy. The number and sophistication of attempted attacks and intrusions that companies have experienced from third parties has increased over the past few years. Despite our security measures, it is impossible for us to eliminate this risk.

A number of U.S. states have enacted data privacy and security laws and regulations that govern the collection, use, disclosure, transfer, storage, disposal, and protection of personal information, such as social security numbers, financial information and other sensitive personal information. For example, all 50 states and several U.S. territories now have data breach laws that require timely notification to affected individuals, and at times regulators, credit reporting agencies and other bodies, if a company has experienced the unauthorized access or acquisition of certain personal information. Other state laws, such as the California Consumer Privacy Act, as amended ("CCPA"), among other things, contain disclosure obligations for businesses that collect personal information. Moreover, on January 28, 2022, the California Attorney General announced that certain consumer loyalty programs are subject to the CCPA, which may affect some of our customers who use our loyalty program services if they are found not to comply with the CCPA's requirements. Effective January 1, 2023, we will also become subject to the California's Consumer Data Protection Act, another comprehensive data privacy law. Effective July 1, 2023, we will also become subject to the Colorado Privacy Act and Connecticut's An Act Concerning Personal Data Privacy and Online Monitoring, which are also comprehensive consumer privacy laws. Effective December 31, 2023, we will also become subject to the Utah Consumer Privacy Act, regarding business handling of consumer's personal data. Meanwhile, several other states and the federal government have considered or are considering privacy laws like the CCPA. We will continue to monitor and assess the impact of these laws, which may impose substantial penalties for violations, impose significant costs for investigations and compliance, allow private class-action litigation and carry significant potential liability for our business.

Outside of the U.S., data protection laws, including the EU General Data Protection Regulation (the "GDPR"), also might apply to some of our operations or business collaborators. Legal requirements in these countries relating to the collection, storage, processing and transfer of personal data/information continue to evolve. The GDPR imposes, among other things, data protection requirements that include strict obligations and restrictions on the ability to collect, analyze and transfer EU personal data/information, a requirement for prompt notice of data breaches to data subjects and supervisory authorities in certain circumstances, and possible substantial fines for any violations (including possible fines for certain violations of up to the greater of 20 million Euros or 4% of total company revenue). Other governmental authorities around the world have enacted or are considering similar types of legislative and regulatory proposals concerning data protection.

The interpretation and enforcement of the laws and regulations described above are uncertain and subject to change, and may require substantial costs to monitor and implement and maintain adequate compliance programs. Failure to comply with U.S. and international data protection laws and regulations could result in government enforcement actions (which could include substantial civil and/or criminal penalties), private litigation and/or adverse publicity and could negatively affect our operating results and business.

# The Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act and other existing or future government regulation could harm our business or may cause us to incur additional costs associated with compliance.

We are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations, including but not limited to, laws and regulations relating to labor and employment, U.S. customs and consumer product safety, including the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act, or the "CPSIA." The CPSIA created more stringent safety requirements related to lead and phthalates content in children's products. The CPSIA regulates the future manufacture of these items and existing inventories and may cause us to incur losses if we offer for sale or sell any non-compliant items. Failure to comply with the various regulations applicable to us may result in damage to our reputation, civil and criminal liability, fines and penalties and increased cost of regulatory compliance. These current and any future laws and regulations could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# We are subject to international, federal, national, regional, state, local and other laws and regulations, and failure to comply with them may expose us to potential liability.

We are subject to international, federal, national, regional, state, local and other laws and regulations affecting our business, including those promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, the Consumer Product Safety Act, the Flammable Fabrics Act, the Textile Fiber Product Identification Act, the rules and regulations of the Consumer Products Safety Commission, the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, the rules and regulations of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 (FCPA), various securities laws and regulations including but not limited to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Securities Exchange Act of 1933, and the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC Rules, various labor, workplace and related laws, and environmental laws and regulations. Failure to comply with such laws and regulations may expose us to potential liability and have an adverse effect on our results of operations.

# Shortages of supply of merchandise from suppliers, interruptions in our manufacturing, and local conditions in the countries in which we operate could adversely affect our results of operations.

As a distributor, we buy merchandise both from multiple supply sources and from a network of factories in which we have developed direct relationships around the globe over the past 25 years. However, an unexpected interruption in any of the sources or facilities could temporarily adversely affect our results of operations until alternate sources or facilities can be secured. We rely on the supply of different types of raw materials as well as textiles, including plastic, glass, fabric and metal for our promotional products. Further, our suppliers generally source or manufacture finished goods in parts of the world that may be affected by economic uncertainty, political unrest, labor disputes, health emergencies, or the imposition of duties, tariffs or other import regulations by the United States.

# Implementation of technology initiatives could disrupt our operations in the near term and fail to provide the anticipated benefits.

As our business grows, we continue to make significant investments in our technology, including in the areas of warehouse management, enterprise risk management and product design. The costs, potential problems and interruptions associated with the implementation of technology initiatives could disrupt or reduce the efficiency of our operations in the near term. They may also require us to divert resources from our core business to ensure that implementation is successful. In addition, new or upgraded technology might not provide the anticipated benefits, might take longer than expected to realize the anticipated benefits, might cost more than anticipated.

# Failure to preserve positive labor relationships with our employees could adversely affect our results of operations.

Our operations rely heavily on our employees, and any labor shortage, disruption or stoppage caused by poor relations with our employees could reduce our operating margins and income. While we believe that our employee relations are good, have no knowledge of any employees as subject to collective bargaining agreements, and unions have not traditionally been active in the U.S. marketing industry, unionization of our workforce could increase our operating costs or constrain our operating flexibility.

## We are exposed to the risk of non-payment by our customers on a significant amount of our sales.

We allow many of our customers to pay us within 30 days of service, also known as net 30 credit terms. Our extension of credit involves considerable judgment and is based on an evaluation of each customer's financial condition and payment history. We monitor our credit risk exposure by periodically obtaining credit reports and updated financials on our customers. We generally see a heightened amount of bankruptcies by our customers during economic downturns. In particular, we believe that the COVID-19 pandemic, and its impact on our customers, could have a negative impact on our collection efforts. While we maintain an allowance for doubtful receivables for potential credit losses based upon our historical trends and other available information, in times of economic turmoil, there is heightened risk that our historical indicators may prove to be inaccurate. The inability to collect on sales to significant customers or a group of customers could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

### There is a risk of dependence on one or a group of customers or market expectations of unsustainable growth.

During 2020, we were engaged by a Washington, D.C.-based advertising and marketing contractor as subcontractor on a nationwide awareness-generating initiative for the 2020 U.S. Census. During this period, this contract represented approximately 27.1% of our overall revenues for 2020. This customer is not expected to renew its engagement with us due to the U.S. Census only occurring once every ten years. As a result, these nonrecurring revenue increases have not recurred, are not expected to recur, and do not represent our long-term growth expectations. Although we do not have a concentration of business in any particular customer or group of customers and do not view the revenues from these contracts to characterize our long-term steady growth expectations, the additional revenues cannot be excluded from our revenues under United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and investors that are unsophisticated or otherwise unaware of the likely moderating effect on our future income, may have an expectation of much faster revenue growth. If we are unable to meet these expectations by finding new major customers or gain major new engagements from existing customers to replace these nonrecurring contracts, there may be material adverse effects on our function or results of disillusioned investors, negative successfully source major new contracts, the risk that we may become dependent on one or a few customers may increase. This potential dependency could threaten the sustainability of our growth and have a material adverse effect on our results of operations if we are unable to retain such major contracts.

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# Our business incurs significant freight and transportation costs. Any changes in our shipping arrangements or any interruptions in shipping could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We incur transportation expenses to ship our products to our customers. Significant increases in the costs of freight and transportation could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, as there can be no assurance that we could pass on these increased costs to our customers. Government regulations can and have impacted the availability of drivers, which will be a significant challenge to the industry. Costs to employ drivers have increased and transportation shortages have become more prevalent.

If we are not able to negotiate acceptable pricing and other terms with these vendors or they experience performance problems or other difficulties, such as the increased volume of deliveries due to shelter-in-place orders associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, it could negatively impact our business and results of operations and negatively affect the experiences of our customers, which could affect the degree to which they continue to do business with us. Disruption to delivery services due to inclement weather could result in delays that could adversely affect our reputation, business and results of operations. If our products are not delivered in a timely fashion or are damaged or lost during the supply or the delivery process, our customers could become dissatisfied and cease doing business with us, which could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

# Our business may be impacted by unforeseen or catastrophic events, including the emergence of pandemics or other widespread health emergencies, terrorist attacks, extreme weather events or other natural disasters and other unpredicted events.

The occurrence of unforeseen or catastrophic events, such as the emergence of pandemics or other widespread health emergencies (or concerns over the possibility of such pandemics or emergencies), terrorist attacks, extreme weather events or other natural disasters or other unpredicted events, could create economic and financial disruptions, and could lead to operational difficulties (including travel limitations) that could impair our ability to source and supply products and services and manage our businesses, and could negatively impact our customers' ability or willingness to purchase our products and services.

For example, our corporate headquarters is located in Massachusetts, which does have earthquakes and experiences other less frequent natural hazards such as flooding, coastal erosion and an occasional nuisance landslide; should any of these unforeseen or catastrophic events occur, the possibly resulting infrastructure damage and disruption to the area could negatively affect our company, such as by damage to or total destruction of our headquarters, surrounding transportation infrastructure, network communications and other forms of communication. Some of our other locations and those of our suppliers, such as those located in the U.S. and Central America, also are exposed to hurricanes, earthquakes, floods and other extreme weather events; the damage that such events could produce could affect the supply of our products and services.

Additionally, while the extent of the impact on our business and financial condition is unknown at this time, we believe we have been negatively affected by actions taken to address and limit the spread of COVID-19, such as travel restrictions and limitations affecting the supply of labor and the movement of raw materials and finished products. Although we have not experienced any significant shortage or delay in obtaining raw materials or finished product, our shipping costs for importing raw materials from overseas have increased significantly since the emergence of COVID-19. We believe further reduced manufacturing capacity or increased freight costs as a result of COVID-19 could have an increased negative affect on the timely supply and pricing of finished products and have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

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# We face intense competition within our industry and our revenue and/or profits may decrease if we are not able to respond to this competition effectively.

Customers in the promotional products, uniforms, tradeshow and event marketplace, loyalty and program management business process outsourcing industries choose distributors primarily based upon the quality, price and breadth of products and services offered. We encounter competition from a number of companies in the geographic areas we serve. The majority of our revenue is derived from the sale of promotional products. Our major competitors for our promotional products business include companies such as 4Imprint Group plc, Brand Addition Limited (The Pebble Group plc), BAMKO LLC (Superior Group of Companies, Inc.), Staples Promotional Products (Staples, Inc.), Boundless Network, Inc. (Zazzle Inc.) and HALO Branded Solutions, Inc. We also compete with a multitude of foreign, regional and local competitors that vary by market. If our existing or future competitors seek to gain or retain market share by reducing prices, we may be required to lower our prices, which would adversely affect our or part of a broader product mix, our revenues may decline, which would adversely affect our operating results.

We face intense competition to gain market share, which may lead some competitors to sell substantial amounts of goods at prices against which we cannot profitably compete.

Our marketing strategy is to differentiate ourselves by providing quality service and quality products to our customers. Even if this strategy is successful, the results may be offset by reductions in demand or price declines due to competitors' pricing strategies or other micro or macro-economic factors. We face the risk of our competition following a strategy of selling its products at or below cost in order to cover some amount of fixed costs, especially in stressed economic times.

# Global, national or regional economic slowdowns, high unemployment levels, fewer jobs, changes in tax laws or cost increases might have an adverse effect on our operating results.

Our primary products within our promotional products are used by workers and, as a result, our business prospects are dependent upon levels of employment and overall economic conditions on a global, national and regional level, among other factors. Our revenues are impacted by our customers' opening and closing of locations and reductions and increases in headcount, including from voluntary turnover and increased automation, which affect the quantity of uniform orders on a per-employee basis. If we are unable to offset these effects, such as through the addition of new customers, the penetration of existing customers with a broader mix of product and service offerings, or decreased production costs that can be passed on in the form of lower prices, our revenue growth rates will be negatively impacted. Likewise, increases in tax rates or other changes in tax laws or other regulations can negatively affect our profitability.

While we do not believe that our exposure is greater than that of our competitors, we could be adversely affected by increases in the prices of fabric, natural gas, gasoline, wages, employee benefits, insurance costs and other components of product cost unless we can recover such increases through proportional increases in the prices for our products and services. Competitive and general economic conditions might limit our ability and that of our competitors to increase prices to cover any increases in our product cost.

# The promotional products, uniforms, trade show and events marketplace, loyalty and program management business industries are subject to pricing pressures that may cause us to lower the prices we charge for our products and services that adversely affect our financial performance.

Many of our competitors also source their product requirements from developing countries to achieve a lower cost operating environment, possibly with lower costs than our offshore facilities, and those manufacturers may use these cost savings to reduce prices. Some of our competitors have more purchasing power than we do, which may enable them to obtain products at lower costs. To remain competitive, we may adjust our product and service prices and margins from time-to-time in response to these industry-wide pricing pressures. Additionally, increased customer demands for allowances, incentives and other forms of economic support could reduce our margins and affect our profitability. Our financial performance will be negatively affected by these pricing pressures if we are forced to reduce our prices and we cannot reduce our product costs proportionally or if our product costs increase and we cannot increase our prices proportionally.

## Increases in the price of merchandise and raw materials used to manufacture our products could materially increase our costs and decrease our profitability.

The principal components in our promotional products are plastic, glass, fabric and metal. The prices we pay for these fabrics and components and our merchandise are dependent on the market price for the raw materials used to produce them, primarily cotton and chemical components of synthetic fabrics including raw materials such as chemicals and dyestuffs. These finished goods and raw materials are subject to price volatility caused by weather, supply conditions, government regulations, economic and political climate, currency exchange rates, labor costs, and other unpredictable factors. Fluctuations in petroleum prices also may influence the prices of related items such as chemicals, dyestuffs and polyester yarn.

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Although we have not experienced any significant shortage or delay in obtaining raw materials or finished product, our shipping costs for importing raw materials from overseas have increased significantly since the emergence of COVID-19. Any increase in raw material prices or shipping costs increases our cost of sales and can decrease our profitability unless we are able to pass the costs on to our customers in the form of higher prices. In addition, if one or more of our competitors is able to reduce their production costs by taking advantage of any reductions in raw material prices or favorable sourcing agreements, we may face pricing pressures from those competitors and may be forced to reduce our prices or face a decline in revenues, either of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# Changes to trade regulation, quotas, duties, tariffs or other restrictions caused by the changing U.S. and geopolitical environments or otherwise, such as those with respect to China, may materially harm our revenue and results of operations, such as by increasing our costs and/or limiting the amount of products that we can import.

Our operations are subject to various international trade agreements and regulations, such as the Dominican Republic–Central America Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA-DR), Caribbean Basin Trade Partnership Act (CBTPA), Haitian Hemispheric Opportunity through Partnership Encouragement Act, as amended (HOPE), the Food Conservation and Energy Act of 2008 (HOPE II), the Haiti Economic Lift Program of 2010 (HELP), the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA), the Middle East Free Trade Area Initiative (MEFTA) and the activities and regulations of the World Trade Organization (WTO). Generally, these trade agreements and regulations benefit our business by reducing or eliminating the quotas, duties and/or tariffs assessed on products manufactured in a particular country. However, trade agreements and regulations can also impose requirements that have a material adverse effect on our business, revenue and results of operations, such as limiting the countries from which we can purchase raw materials, limiting the products that qualify as duty free, and setting quotas, duties and/or tariffs on products that may be imported into the United States are subject to tariffs assessed on the manufactured cost of goods at the time of import. As a result, we have had to increase prices for certain products and may be required to raise those prices further, or raise our prices on other products, which may result in the loss of customers and have shifted some production out of China and may seek to shift additional production out of China, which may result in additional costs and disruption to our operations.

The countries in which our products are manufactured or into which they are imported may from time-to-time impose new quotas, duties, tariffs and requirements as to where raw materials must be purchased to qualify for free or reduced duty. These countries also may create additional workplace regulations or other restrictions on our imports or adversely modify existing restrictions. Adverse changes in these costs and restrictions could harm our business. We cannot assure that future trade agreements or regulations will not provide our competitors an advantage over us or increase our costs, either of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition. Nor can we assure that the changing geopolitical and U.S. political environments will not result in a trade agreement or regulation being altered which adversely affects our company. The U.S. government may decide to impose or alter existing import quotas, duties, tariffs or other restrictions on products or raw materials or in which we import raw materials or in which we manufacture our products. Any such quotas, duties, tariffs or restrictions could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or restrictions could have a material adverse effect on our busines, results of operations or altered within the countries of the impose or alter existing import quotas, duties, tariffs or other restrictions on products or raw materials or restrictions could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition.

# The apparel industry, including uniforms and corporate identity apparel, is subject to changing fashion trends and if we misjudge consumer preferences, the image of one or more of our brands may suffer and the demand for our products may decrease.

The apparel industry, including uniforms and corporate identity apparel for promotional products, is subject to shifting customer demands and evolving fashion trends and our success is also dependent upon our ability to anticipate and promptly respond to these changes. Failure to anticipate, identify or promptly react to changing trends or styles may result in decreased demand for our products, as well as excess inventories and markdowns, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. In addition, if we misjudge consumer preferences, our brand image may be impaired. We believe our products are, in general, less subject to fashion trends compared to many other apparel manufacturers because the majority of what we manufacture and sell are uniforms, scrubs, corporate identity apparel and other accessories.

# Our success depends upon the continued protection of our intellectual property rights and we may be forced to incur substantial costs to maintain, defend, protect and enforce our intellectual property rights.

Our owned intellectual property and certain of our licensed intellectual property have significant value and are instrumental to our ability to market our products. We cannot assure that our owned or licensed intellectual property or the operation of our business does not infringe on or otherwise violate the intellectual property rights of others. We cannot assure that third parties will not assert claims against us on any such basis or that we will be able to successfully resolve such claims. In addition, the laws of some foreign countries do not allow us to protect, defend or enforce our intellectual property or prosecute legal actions against others using our intellectual property, either of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition. There also can be no assurance that we will be able to negotiate and conclude extensions of existing license agreements on similar economic terms or at all.

## **General Risk Factors**

# Some of the products that we design or otherwise assist customers with producing create exposure to potential product liability, warranty liability or personal injury claims and litigation.

Some of the products that we design or otherwise assist customers with producing are used in applications and situations that involve risk of personal injury and death. Our services expose us to potential product liability, warranty liability, and personal injury claims and litigation relating to the use or misuse of our products including allegations of defects in manufacturing, defects in design, a failure to warn of dangers inherent in the product or activities associated with the product, negligence and strict liability. If successful, such claims could have a material adverse effect on our business.

# Defects in the products that we design or otherwise assist customers with producing could reduce demand for our products and result in a decrease in sales and market acceptance and damage to our reputation.

Although we carry certain standard commercial insurance, including products-completed operations coverage, we do not currently maintain separate product liability insurance, and we may not be able to obtain and maintain such insurance on acceptable terms, if at all, in the future. Even if we have purchased product liability insurance in the future, product liability claims may exceed the amount of our insurance coverage. In addition, our reputation may be adversely affected by such claims, whether or not successful, including potential negative publicity about our products.

## We are subject to periodic litigation in both domestic and international jurisdictions that may adversely affect our financial position and results of operations.

From time to time we may be involved in legal or regulatory actions regarding product liability, employment practices, intellectual property infringement, bankruptcies and other litigation or enforcement matters. These proceedings may be in jurisdictions with reputations for aggressive application of laws and procedures against corporate defendants. We are impacted by trends in litigation, including class-action allegations brought under various consumer protection and employment laws. Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation in both domestic and foreign jurisdictions, we cannot accurately predict the ultimate outcome of any such proceedings. These proceedings could cause us to incur costs and may require us to devote resources to defend against these claims and could ultimately result in a loss or other remedies, such as product recalls, which could adversely affect our financial position and results of operations.

### Volatility in the global financial markets could adversely affect results.

In the past, global financial markets have experienced extreme disruption, including, among other things, volatility in securities prices, diminished liquidity and credit availability, rating downgrades of certain investments and declining valuations of others. There can be no assurance that there will not be further change or volatility, which could lead to challenges in our business and negatively impact our financial results. Any future tightening of credit in financial markets could adversely affect the ability of our customers and suppliers to obtain financing for significant purchases and operations and could result in a decrease in orders and spending for our products and services. We are unable to predict the likely duration and severity of any disruption in financial markets and adverse economic conditions and the effects they may have on our business and financial condition.

### Inability to attract and retain key management or other personnel could adversely impact our business.

Our success is largely dependent on the skills, experience and efforts of our senior management and other key personnel, such as our Chief Executive Officer and President, Andrew Shape, our Executive Chairman, Andrew Stranberg, our Executive Vice President, Randolph Birney, our Chief Financial Officer, Christopher Rollins, our Chief of Staff, Stephen Paradiso, our Chief Technology Officer, Jason Nolley, our Chief Operating Officer, Sheila Johnshoy, and our Vice President of Growth and Strategic Initiatives, John Audibert. If, for any reason, one or more senior executives or key personnel were not to remain active in our company, or if we were unable to attract and retain senior management or key personnel, our results of operations could be adversely affected.

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# Failure to achieve and maintain effective internal controls could adversely affect our business and price of our securities.

Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to the consolidated financial statement preparation and presentation. While we continue to evaluate our internal controls, we cannot be certain that these measures will ensure that we implement and maintain adequate internal control over financial reporting in the future. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal controls or if we or our independent registered public accounting firm were to discover material weaknesses in our internal controls, as such standards are modified, supplemented or amended, we may not be able to ensure that we can conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal control over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Failure to achieve and maintain an effective internal control environment could cause us to be unable to produce reliable financial reports or prevent fraud. This may cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could have a material adverse effect on the price of our securities.

# Increases in the cost of employee benefits could impact our financial results and cash flow.

Our expenses relating to employee health benefits are significant. Unfavorable changes in the cost of such benefits could impact our financial results and cash flow. Healthcare costs have risen significantly in recent years, and recent legislative and private sector initiatives regarding healthcare reform could result in significant changes to the U.S. healthcare system. Additionally, we believe the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic may result in temporary or permanent healthcare reform measures, would result in significant cost increases and other negative impacts to our business. While the Company has various cost control measures in place and employs an outside consultant to review on larger claims, employee health benefits have been and are expected to continue to be a significant cost to the Company. Medical costs will continue to be a significant expense to the Company and may increase due to factors outside the Company's control.

### We may recognize impairment charges, which could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

We assess our goodwill, intangible assets and long-lived assets for impairment when required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). These accounting principles require that we record an impairment charge if circumstances indicate that the asset carrying values exceed their estimated fair values. The estimated fair value of these assets is impacted by general economic conditions in the locations in which we operate. Deterioration in these general economic conditions may result in: declining revenue, which can lead to excess capacity and declining operating cash flow; reductions in management's estimates for future revenue and operating cash flow growth; increases in borrowing rates and other deterioration in factors that impact our weighted average cost of capital; and deteriorating real estate values. If our assessment of goodwill, intangible assets or long-lived assets indicates an impairment of the carrying value for which we recognize an impairment charge, this may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

# Environmental regulations may impact our future operating results.

We are subject to extensive and changing federal, state and foreign laws and regulations establishing health and environmental quality standards, concerning, among other things, wastewater discharges, air emissions and solid waste disposal, and may be subject to liability or penalties for violations of those standards. We are also subject to laws and regulations governing remediation of contamination at facilities currently or formerly owned or operated by us or to which we have sent hazardous substances or wastes for treatment, recycling or disposal. We may be subject to future liabilities or obligations as a result of new or more stringent interpretations of existing laws and regulations. In addition, we may have liabilities or obligations in the future if we discover any environmental contamination or liability at any of our facilities, or at facilities we may acquire.

# If we are unable to accurately predict our future tax liabilities, become subject to increased levels of taxation or our tax contingencies are unfavorably resolved, our results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

Changes in tax laws or regulations in the jurisdictions in which we do business, including the United States, or changes in how the tax laws are interpreted, could further impact our effective tax rate, further restrict our ability to repatriate undistributed offshore earnings, or impose new restrictions, costs or prohibitions on our current practices and reduce our net income and adversely affect our cash flows.

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We are also subject to tax audits in the United States and other jurisdictions and our tax positions may be challenged by tax authorities. Although we believe that our current tax provisions are reasonable and appropriate, there can be no assurance that these items will be settled for the amounts accrued, that additional tax exposures will not be identified in the future or that additional tax reserves will not be necessary for any such exposures. Any increase in the amount of taxation incurred as a result of challenges to our tax filing positions could result in a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### Early termination of or failure to renew our secured line of credit could strain our ability to pay other obligations.

We have a secured line of credit for borrowings of up to \$7 million with Salem Five Cents Savings Bank, or the Lender. The line bears interest at the prime rate plus 0.5% per annum. The line is reviewed annually and is due on demand. This line of credit is secured by substantially all assets of the Company. The Lender may demand immediate repayment of the full balance of this facility at any time, whether or not we are in default, and may refuse to extend it beyond the initial expected one-year term. If we are unable to negotiate, extend or refinance this line of credit with an equivalent line of credit or other financing from another bank, then we may default on the line of credit as well as our other obligations. In that event, the Lender could enforce its security interest in all of our assets, potentially resulting in a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# **Risks Related to Ownership of Our Securities**

### An active market in which investors can resell their shares of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants may not develop.

Our common stock and publicly-traded warrants were listed and began trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market on November 9, 2021, under the symbols "STRN" and "STRNW," respectively. Prior to the listing, there was no public market for our common stock and warrants. A liquid public market for our common stock and publicly-traded warrants may not develop notwithstanding the recent listing of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants on the Nasdaq Capital Market. The prices at which our securities are traded may decline, meaning that you may experience a decrease in the value of your common stock and publicly-traded warrants regardless of our operating performance or prospects.

## The market prices of our securities may fluctuate, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

The market prices for our securities are likely to be volatile, in part because our shares and publicly-traded warrants have only been traded publicly since November 9, 2021. In addition, the market prices of our securities may fluctuate significantly in response to several factors, most of which we cannot control, including:

- actual or anticipated variations in our periodic operating results;
- increases in market interest rates that lead investors in our common stock and publicly-traded warrants to demand a higher investment return;
- changes in earnings estimates;
- changes in market valuations of similar companies;
- actions or announcements by our competitors;
- adverse market reaction to any increased indebtedness we may incur in the future;
- additions or departures of key personnel;
- actions by shareholders;
- speculation in the media, online forums, or investment community; and
- our intentions and ability to maintain the listing of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants on Nasdaq.

Volatility in the market prices of our securities may prevent investors from being able to sell their securities at or above their purchase price. As a result, you may suffer a loss on your investment.

# We may not be able to maintain a listing of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants on Nasdaq.

Although our common stock and publicly-traded warrants are listed on Nasdaq, we must meet certain financial and liquidity criteria to maintain such listing. If we violate Nasdaq's listing requirements, or if we fail to meet any of Nasdaq's listing standards, our common stock and publicly-traded warrants may be delisted. In addition, our board of directors may determine that the cost of maintaining our listing on a national securities exchange outweighs the benefits of such listing. A delisting of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants from Nasdaq may materially impair our shareholders' ability to buy and sell our common stock and publicly-traded warrants and could have an adverse effect on the market price of, and the efficiency of the trading market for, our common stock and warrants. The delisting of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants could significantly impair our ability to raise capital and the value of your investment.

# Our key officers and directors beneficially own a majority of our outstanding common stock. As a result, they may have the ability to approve all matters submitted to our shareholders for approval.

Our key officers and directors beneficially own approximately 51.0% of our outstanding common stock. They therefore may have the ability to approve all matters submitted to our shareholders for approval including:

- election of our board of directors;
- removal of any of our directors;
- · any amendments to our articles of incorporation or our bylaws; and
- adoption of measures that could delay or prevent a change in control or impede a merger, takeover or other business combination involving us.

In addition, this concentration of ownership may discourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us, which in turn could reduce the price of our securities or prevent our shareholders from realizing a premium over the prices of our securities.

### We have considerable discretion as to the use of the net proceeds from this offering and we may use these proceeds in ways with which you may not agree.

We intend to use the proceeds from this offering to make acquisitions and obtain partnerships, invest in technology, expand our sales team and marketing efforts, and general working capital and other corporate purposes. However, we have considerable discretion in the application of the proceeds. Because of the number and variability of factors that will determine our use of our net proceeds from this offering, their ultimate use may vary substantially from their currently intended use. You will not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately. You must rely on the judgment of our management regarding the application of the net proceeds of this offering. The net proceeds may be used for corporate or other purposes with which you do not agree or that do not improve our profitability or increase our share price. The net proceeds from this offering may also be placed in investments that do not produce income or that lose value. Please see "Use of Proceeds" below for more information.

# The publicly-traded warrants may not have any value.

Our publicly-traded warrants are exercisable for five years from the date of initial issuance and currently have an exercise price of \$4.81375 per share. There can be no assurance that the market price of our shares of common stock will equal or exceed the exercise price of the warrants. In the event that the stock price of our shares of common stock does not exceed the exercise price of the warrants during the period when the warrants are held and exercisable, the warrants may not have any value to their holders.

### Holders of warrants have no rights as shareholders until such holders exercise their warrants and acquire our shares of common stock.

Until holders of our warrants acquire shares of common stock upon exercise thereof, such holders will have no rights with respect to the shares of common stock underlying the warrants. Upon exercise of the warrants, the holders will be entitled to exercise the rights of a shareholder only as to matters for which the record date occurs after the date they were entered in the register of members of the Company as a shareholder.

# The warrant certificate governing our warrants designates the state and federal courts of the State of New York sitting in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, as the exclusive forum for actions and proceedings with respect to all matters arising out of the warrants, which could limit a warrantholder's ability to choose the judicial forum for disputes arising out of the warrants.

The warrant certificate governing our warrants provides that all legal proceedings concerning the interpretations, enforcement and defense of the transactions contemplated by the warrant certificate (whether brought against a party to the warrant certificate or their respective affiliates, directors, officers, shareholders, partners, members, employees or agents) shall be commenced exclusively in the state and federal courts sitting in the City of New York. The warrant certificate further provides that we and the warrantholders irrevocably submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the state and federal courts sitting in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan for the adjudication of any dispute under the warrant certificate or in connection with it or with any transaction contemplated by it or discussed in it, including under the Securities Act. Furthermore, we and the warrantholders irrevocably waive, and agree not to assert in any suit, action or proceeding, any claim that we or they are not personally subject to the jurisdiction of any such court, that such suit, action or proceeding is improper or is an inconvenient venue for such proceeding. With respect to any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, we note, however, that there is uncertainty as to whether a court would enforce this provision and that investors cannot waive compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. Section 22 of the Securities Act creates concurrent jurisdiction for state and federal courts over all suits brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Securities Act or the rules and regulations thereunder.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, these provisions of the warrant certificate will not apply to suits brought to enforce any liability or duty created by the Exchange Act or any other claim for which the federal district courts of the United States of America are the sole and exclusive forum.

Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding or owning (or continuing to hold or own) any interest in any of our warrants shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to the foregoing provisions. Although we believe this exclusive forum provision benefits us by providing increased consistency in the application of the governing law in the types of lawsuits to which it applies, the exclusive forum provision may limit a warrantholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum of its choosing for disputes with us or any of our directors, officers, other employees, stockholders, or others which may discourage lawsuits with respect to such claims. Our warrantholder's will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder as a result of this exclusive forum provision. Further, in the event a court finds the exclusive forum provision contained in our warrant certificates to be unenforceable or inapplicable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in other jurisdictions, which could harm our results of operations.

# Although we expect to adopt a share repurchase program in the future, we have discretion to not repurchase your shares, to suspend the program, and to cease repurchases.

On February 23, 2022, we announced that our board of directors had authorized a share repurchase program under which we may repurchase up to \$10 million of our outstanding shares of common stock in the open market, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations, including Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Our decision to repurchase our shares, as well as the timing of such repurchases, will depend on a variety of factors that include ongoing assessments of our capital needs, market conditions and the price of our common stock, and other corporate considerations, as determined by management.

Although we expect to adopt the announced share repurchase program in the future, we may determine not to conduct one, and even if we do commence such a program, we may suspend or terminate it at any time. Additionally, even if we were to proceed with a share repurchase program, a share repurchase program has many limitations and will be subject to compliance with applicable contractual and regulatory restrictions, and should not be relied upon as a method to sell shares promptly, at a desired price, or at a time that would be advantageous to stockholders.

# The reduction of total outstanding shares through the execution of a share repurchase program of common stock may increase the risk that a shareholder or group of shareholders could control us.

A share repurchase program may be conducted from time to time under authorization made by our board of directors. Although no single shareholder or group of shareholders currently owns a majority of our shares, as of June 9, 2022, our Chairman, Andrew Stranberg, beneficially held approximately 28.6% shares of our common stock, our President and Chief Executive Officer, Andrew Shape, beneficially held approximately 17.4% shares of our common stock, and our Executive Vice President, Randolph Birney, beneficially held approximately 4.1% shares of our common stock. Together with our other officers and directors, our management beneficially holds a majority of our outstanding shares of common stock and therefore may effectively control our operations. The reduction of total outstanding shares through the execution of a share repurchase program of common stock may increase the risk that Mr. Stranberg alone or that our officers and directors together will control our shares of common stock and be controlling shareholders.

A controlling shareholder or group of shareholders has significant influence over, and may have the ability to control, matters requiring approval by our shareholders, including the election of directors and approval of mergers, consolidations, sales of assets, recapitalizations and amendments to our articles of incorporation. Furthermore, a controlling shareholder or group of shareholders may take actions with which other shareholders do not agree, including actions that delay, defer or prevent a change of control of the Company and that could cause the price that investors are willing to pay for the Company's stock to decline.

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## We do not expect to declare or pay dividends in the foreseeable future.

We do not expect to declare or pay dividends in the foreseeable future, as we anticipate that we will invest future earnings in the development and growth of our business. Therefore, holders of our common stock will not receive any return on their investment unless they sell their securities, and holders may be unable to sell their securities on favorable terms or at all.

# If securities industry analysts do not publish research reports on us, or publish unfavorable reports on us, then the market price and market trading volume of our securities could be negatively affected.

Any trading market for our common stock and publicly-traded warrants may be influenced in part by any research reports that securities industry analysts publish about us. We currently only have research coverage by EF Hutton, the representative of the underwriters for our initial public offering. We may never obtain additional research coverage by securities industry analysts. If no additional securities industry analysts commence coverage of us or if we lose coverage from EF Hutton, the market price and market trading volume of our securities could be negatively affected. In the event we are covered by additional analysts, and one or more analyst downgrades our securities, or otherwise reports on us unfavorably, or discontinues coverage of us, the market price and market trading volume of our securities could be negatively affected.

# Future issuances of our common stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, our common stock, or the expiration of lock-up agreements that restrict the issuance of new common stock or the trading of outstanding common stock, could cause the market price of our securities to decline and would result in the dilution of your holdings.

Future issuances of our common stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, our common stock, or the expiration of lock-up agreements that restrict the issuance of new common stock or the trading of outstanding common stock, could cause the market price of our common stock to decline. We cannot predict the effect, if any, of future issuances of our securities, or the future expirations of lock-up agreements, on the price of our securities. In all events, future issuances of our securities would result in the dilution of your holdings. In addition, the perception that new issuances of our securities could occur, or the perception that locked-up parties will sell their securities when the lock-ups expire, could adversely affect the market price of our securities. In connection with our initial public offering, on November 8, 2021, we and our officers, directors and shareholders before the offering entered into lock-up agreements that prevent, subject to certain exceptions, selling or transferring any of our shares of capital stock for up to six months. In addition to any adverse effects that may arise upon the expiration of these lock-up agreements, the lock-up provisions in these agreements may be waived, at any time and without notice. On or around November 16, 2021, an order to transfer 200,000 of the shares by a shareholder who is subject to these and other lock-up provisions to another holder was approved by our Executive Chairman Mr. Stranberg, the representative of the underwriters of our initial public offering, or the representative, and the Company, and processed by its transfer agent. In addition, on December 8, 2021, notwithstanding our lockup agreement, we were permitted by the representative to sell 4,371,926 shares of common stock, warrants to purchase 5,464,903 shares of common stock and placement agent's warrants to purchase 5,464,903 shares of common stock. If the restrictions under the lock-up agreements are waived again in the future, and in any event when the lock

# Future issuances of debt securities, which would rank senior to our common stock upon our bankruptcy or liquidation, and future issuances of preferred stock, which could rank senior to our common stock for the purposes of dividends and liquidating distributions, may adversely affect the level of return you may be able to achieve from an investment in our securities.

In the future, we may attempt to increase our capital resources by offering debt securities. Upon bankruptcy or liquidation, holders of our debt securities, and lenders with respect to other borrowings we may make, would receive distributions of our available assets prior to any distributions being made to holders of our common stock. Moreover, if we issue preferred stock, the holders of such preferred stock could be entitled to preferences over holders of common stock in respect of the payment of dividends and the payment of liquidating distributions. Because our decision to issue debt or preferred stock in any future offering, or borrow money from lenders, will depend in part on market conditions and other factors beyond our control, we cannot predict or estimate the amount, timing or nature of any such future offerings or borrowings. Holders of our securities must bear the risk that any future offerings we conduct or borrowings we make may adversely affect the level of return, if any, they may be able to achieve from an investment in our securities.

### We are authorized to issue "blank check" preferred stock without stockholder approval, which could adversely impact the rights of holders of our securities.

Our articles of incorporation authorize us to issue up to 50,000,000 shares of blank check preferred stock. Any preferred stock that we issue in the future may rank ahead of our securities in terms of dividend priority or liquidation premiums and may have greater voting rights than our securities. In addition, such preferred stock may contain provisions allowing those shares to be converted into shares of common stock, which could dilute the value of our securities to current stockholders and could adversely affect the market price, if any, of our securities. In addition, the preferred stock could be utilized, under certain circumstances, as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of our company. Although we have no present intention to issue any shares of authorized preferred stock, there can be no assurance that we will not do so in the future.

### If our securities become subject to the penny stock rules, it would become more difficult to trade our shares.

The Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, has adopted rules that regulate broker-dealer practices in connection with transactions in penny stocks. Penny stocks are generally equity securities with a price of less than \$5.00, other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or authorized for quotation on certain automated quotation systems, provided that current price and volume information with respect to transactions in such securities is provided by the exchange or system. If we do not retain a listing on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange and if the price of our securities is less than \$5.00, our securities could be deemed a penny stock. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, before a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from those rules, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document containing specified information. In addition, the penny stock rules require that before effecting any transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from those rules, a broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive (i) the purchaser's written acknowledgment of the receipt of a risk disclosure statement; (ii) a written agreement to transactions involving penny stocks; and (iii) a signed and dated copy of a written suitability statement. These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the trading activity in the secondary market for our securities, and therefore shareholders may have difficulty selling their securities.

# We are subject to ongoing public reporting requirements that are less rigorous than Exchange Act rules for companies that are not emerging growth companies and our shareholders could receive less information than they might expect to receive from more mature public companies.

We are required to publicly report on an ongoing basis as an "emerging growth company" (as defined in the JOBS Act) under the reporting rules set forth under the Exchange Act. For so long as we remain an emerging growth company, we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other Exchange Act reporting companies that are not emerging growth companies, including but not limited to:

- not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act;
- being permitted to comply with reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements; and
- being exempt from the requirement to hold a non-binding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not
  previously approved.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to take advantage of the benefits of this extended transition period. Our financial statements may therefore not be comparable to those of companies that comply with such new or revised accounting standards.

We expect to take advantage of these reporting exemptions until we are no longer an emerging growth company. We will remain an emerging growth company for up to five years, although if the market value of our securities that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of any June 30 before that time, we would cease to be an emerging growth company as of the following December 31.

Because we are subject to ongoing public reporting requirements that are less rigorous than Exchange Act rules for companies that are not emerging growth companies, our shareholders could receive less information than they might expect to receive from more mature public companies. We cannot predict if investors will find our securities less attractive if we elect to rely on these exemptions, or if taking advantage of these exemptions would result in less active trading or more volatility in the price of our securities.

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# CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to us. All statements other than statements of historical facts are forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or to our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements include, but are not limited to, statements about:

- the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our operations and financial condition;
- social and economic trends due to the loosening of public health measures against the COVID-19 pandemic;
- the direction, intensity and duration of expected trends in freight expenses, raw material costs, port congestion, and other supply chain challenges;
- the timing, availability and effects on our stock price and financial condition of our share repurchase program;
- our goals and strategies;
- our future business development, financial condition and results of operations;
- expected changes in our revenue, costs or expenditures;
- growth of and competition trends in our industry;
- our expectations regarding demand for, and market acceptance of, our products;
- our expectations regarding our relationships with investors, institutional funding partners and other parties with whom we collaborate;

- our expectations regarding the use of proceeds from our offering pursuant to this prospectus;
- fluctuations in general economic and business conditions in the markets in which we operate; and
- relevant government policies and regulations relating to our industry.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "could," "will," "should," "would," "expect," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "project" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which are, in some cases, beyond our control and which could materially affect results. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations include, among other things, those listed under the heading "*Risk Factors*" and elsewhere in this prospectus. If one or more of these risks or uncertainties occur, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual events or results may vary significantly from those implied or projected by the forward-looking statements. No forward-looking statement is a guarantee of future performance.

In addition, statements that "we believe" and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. These statements are based upon information available to us as of the date of this prospectus, and while we believe such information forms a reasonable basis for such statements, such information may be limited or incomplete, and our statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted an exhaustive inquiry into, or review of, all potentially available relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely upon these statements.

The forward-looking statements made in this prospectus relate only to events or information as of the date on which the statements are made in this prospectus. Except as expressly required by the federal securities laws, there is no undertaking to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or any other reason.

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### USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock pursuant to this prospectus. We may, however, receive up to approximately \$21.6 million in proceeds from the exercise of our publicly-traded warrants pursuant to this prospectus.

We plan to use such proceeds, if and when we receive any, for investments in technology and expanding corporate infrastructure, expansion of our sales team and marketing efforts, for general working capital and other corporate purposes, and to fund acquisitions and partnerships. As of the date of this prospectus, we have not entered into any purchase agreements, understandings or commitments with respect to any potential acquisitions. To the extent that we consider any potential acquisitions or partnerships, we expect that we will seek those that fit the following attributes:

- Geographic balance, with a focus on acquiring a company in the branded merchandise space based in the Western United States (including Texas, California, Colorado, Oregon, or Washington state) in the \$5-10 million revenue range;
- Smaller promotional companies in the \$2-5 million revenue range who lack our programmatic capabilities but have a minimum of 30% gross margins and comparable
  or improved profitability; and
- Businesses with complimentary offerings to increase our portfolio of services and depth of expertise in these additional industries: Packaging; Loyalty & Incentive; Decorators (for screen printer, embroidery, direct-to-garment, rub-on transfers, etc.); and Event/Tradeshow Services

The foregoing represents our current intentions to use and allocate these proceeds based upon our present plans and business conditions. Our management, however, will have broad discretion in the way that we use these proceeds. Pending the final application of the proceeds, we intend to invest the proceeds in short-term, interest-bearing, investment-grade securities.

Investors will pay any broker-dealer discounts and commissions and expenses incurred by them for brokerage, accounting, tax or legal services or any other expenses incurred by them in disposing of shares pursuant to this prospectus. We will bear all other costs, fees and expenses incurred in effecting the registration of the shares covered by this prospectus, including, without limitation, all registration and filing fees and fees and expenses of our counsel and our accountants.

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# DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock. We currently intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings for use in the operation of our business and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the near future. We may also enter into credit agreements or other borrowing arrangements in the future that will restrict our ability to declare or pay cash dividends on our common stock. Any future determination to declare dividends will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements, contractual restrictions, general business conditions and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant. See also "*Risk Factors—Risks Related to Ownership of Our Securities—We do not expect to declare or pay dividends in the foreseeable future.*"

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# MARKET PRICE OF COMMON STOCK AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

### **Market Information**

Our common stock and publicly-traded warrants were listed and began trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market on November 9, 2021, under the symbols "STRN" and "STRNW".

### Number of Holders of our Common Shares

As of June 9, 2022, there were four stockholders of record of our common stock. In computing the number of holders of record of our common stock, each broker-dealer and clearing corporation holding shares on behalf of its customers is counted as a single stockholder.

### Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table sets forth certain information about the securities authorized for issuance under our incentive plans as of December 31, 2021.

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted- average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders <sup>(1)</sup>	1,587,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 4.19	1,250,432 (3)
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders			
Total	1,587,000	\$ 4.19	1,250,432

(1) On September 14, 2021, we established the Stran & Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan, or the Equity Incentive Plan, or Plan. The purpose of the Plan is to grant restricted stock, stock options and other forms of incentive compensation to our officers, employees, directors and consultants. The maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the Plan is 3,000,000 shares. Cancelled and forfeited stock options and stock awards may again become available for grant under the Plan. For a further description of the Plan, see "*Executive Compensation – 2021 Equity Incentive Plan*".

(2) Includes both vested and unvested options to purchase common stock and unvested stock grants under the Plan.

(3) Represents shares available for award grant purposes under the Plan.

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis summarizes the significant factors affecting our operating results, financial condition, liquidity and cash flows of our company as of and for the periods presented below. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus. The discussion contains forward-looking statements that are based on the beliefs of management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, our management. Actual results could differ materially from those discussed in or implied by forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those discussed below and elsewhere in this prospectus, particularly in the sections titled "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

### Overview

We are an outsourced marketing solutions provider that sells branded products to customers. We purchase products and branding through various third-party manufacturers and decorators and resell the finished goods to customers.

In addition to selling branded products, we offer clients custom sourcing capabilities; a flexible and customizable e-commerce solution for promoting branded merchandise and other promotional products, managing promotional loyalty and incentives, print collateral, and event assets, order and inventory management, and designing and hosting online retail popup shops, fixed public retail online stores, and online business-to-business service offerings; creative and merchandising services; warehousing/fulfillment and distribution; print-on-demand; kitting; point of sale displays; and loyalty and incentive programs.

We earn the majority of our revenue from the sale of unique, quality promotional products for a wide variety of industries primarily to support marketing efforts. We also derive revenues from service fees from loyalty programs, event management, print services, fulfillment services, and technology services.

The majority of our revenue is derived from program business, although only a small percentage of our customers are considered programmatic. For the years 2020 and 2021, program clients accounted for 77.6% and 75.7% of total revenue, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, program clients accounted for 81.8% and 73.4% of total revenue, respectively. Less than 350 of our more than 2,000 active customers are considered to be program clients. Our active customers are any organizations, businesses, or divisions of a parent organization which have purchased directly or indirectly from us within the last two years, and include organizations that have bought from other organizations for which Stran acts as an established sub-contractor. With a larger sales force and other resources, we believe we can convert more of our customer base from transactional customers into program clients with much greater revenue potential. We define transactional customers as constractual obligation for specific ongoing branding needs. Program offerings include ongoing inventory, use of technology platform, warehousing, creative services, and additional client support. We believe that our program clients tend toward longer-lasting relationships that may help us secure recurring revenue well into the future.

Our sales increased 62.5% year-over-year in the first three months of 2022 compared to the first three months of 2021 due to higher spending from existing clients as well as business from new customers. Additionally, we benefited from the acquisition of the G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, or G.A.P. Promotions, assets in January 2022. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus, the return of many significant in-person tradeshows and other industry-related opportunities, and societal reopening in general may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods. However, these trends may be partially offset by continued increases in expenses, due to supply chain issues including higher freight charges, raw material costs and port congestion. According to a global pricing index published by London-based Drewry Shipping Consultants Ltd, the average price worldwide to ship a 40-foot shipping container reached \$7,728 for the week ended May 5, 2022, which was 41% higher than the same week in 2021. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Producer Price Index for final demand moved up 11.2% for the 12 months ended in March 2022 on an unadjusted basis, the largest increase since 12-month data were first calculated in November 2010.

We have also noted that some of our customers have indicated that a greater number of their employees work from home than in past periods. We believe this increase may

be partially a result of the relatively new risk to office work from the COVID-19 pandemic, and that this trend may continue due to the more contagious Omicron variant of the COVID-19 virus. As a result, we have been, and expect to continue be, drop-shipping more materials directly to people at their homes than in periods before the advent of the COVID-19 pandemic. We expect that this trend will continue to yield increased freight service fees and fulfillment revenue as well as associated costs.

For additional discussion, see "Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic" below.

As of March 31, 2022, we had \$63.5 million of total assets with \$42.6 million of total shareholder equity.

## **Recent Developments**

On May 20, 2022, the Company established a trading plan (the "Trading Plan") with B. Riley Securities, Inc. ("B. Riley") intended to qualify under Rule 10b-18 of the Exchange Act. The Trading Plan instructs B. Riley to repurchase shares of common stock of the Company for the Company's account in accordance with Rule 10b-18 and the Company's instructions. Repurchases under the Trading Plan are scheduled to terminate as late as May 2023.

## **Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic**

The current global pandemic of a novel strain of coronavirus, or COVID-19, and the global measures taken to combat it, have had, and may in the future continue to have, an adverse effect on our business. Public health authorities and governments at local, national and international levels have announced various measures to respond to the pandemic. Some measures that directly or indirectly impact our business include voluntary or mandatory quarantines, restrictions on travel and limiting gatherings of people in public places.

We believe that the COVID-19 pandemic has impacted Stran's operational and financial performance and will likely continue to do so. As was typical for other firms in the promotional products industry, from March 2020 through March 2022, we believe that our revenues were adversely affected by the economic impact of the pandemic, including decreased demand for promotional products and services such as ours due to a lack of in-person events, businesses not being fully reopened and staffed, and customers' decreased marketing budgets. Likewise, we believe the pandemic's effects on the economy caused us to experience higher costs of supplies of product materials due to continued pandemic-related expenses, especially higher freight charges and raw material costs, and a more challenging supply chain from issues such as port congestion. We expect these effects to continue for the remainder of 2022.

We have responded to the challenges resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic by developing a clear company-wide strategy and sticking to our hardworking culture and core value of delivering creative merchandise solutions that effectively promote brands. We continue to focus on our core group of customers while providing additional value-added services, including our e-commerce platform for order processing, warehousing and fulfillment functions, and propose alternative product offerings based on their unique needs. We also continue to solicit and market ourselves to long-term prospects that have shown interest in Stran. We have remained committed to being a service-driven, feature-rich, and customer-focused company that provides our customers with more than just products. Below are some of the specific ways we have responded to the current pandemic:

- We adhered to all state and federal social distancing requirements while prioritizing health and safety for our employees;
- We explored acquisition opportunities and executed the acquisitions of the customer base of Wildman Imprints with historical revenue exceeding \$10 million annually in September 2020 and the promotional products business of G.A.P. Promotions with 2021 revenue of approximately \$7.2 million in January 2022;
- We retained key customers through constant communication, making proactive product or program suggestions, driving program efficiencies, and delivering valueadded solutions to help them market themselves more effectively;
- We concentrated and succeeded in earning business from clients in specific verticals that have spent more during the pandemic including customers in the entertainment, beverage, retail, consumer packaged goods, and healthcare industries;
- We retained key employees by continuing to provide them with competitive compensation and the tools required to be successful in their jobsand
- We refocused our marketing activities on more client-specific revenue generating activities that reduced spend while remaining effective.

We believe that we have seen encouraging signs of recovery from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. There has been a significant increase in the amount of requests for proposal and other customer inquiries since the beginning of 2021. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus and societal reopening may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods.

We believe that we have fully complied with all state and local requirements relating to COVID-19. As described above, we have undertaken various measures in an effort to mitigate the spread of COVID-19. We have also enacted business continuity plans, which may make maintaining our normal level of corporate operations, quality controls and internal controls difficult. Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic may cause temporary or long-term disruptions in our supply chains and/or delays in the delivery of our inventory. Further, the COVID-19 pandemic and mitigation efforts may also adversely affect our customers' financial condition, resulting in reduced spending for the products we sell.

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## **Emerging Growth Company**

As events are rapidly changing, we do not know how long the COVID-19 pandemic and the measures that have been introduced to respond to it will disrupt our operations or the full extent of that disruption. Further, once we are able to restart normal business hours and operations doing so may take time and will involve costs and uncertainty. We also cannot predict how long the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the efforts to contain it could continue to impact our business after the pandemic is under control. Governments could take additional restrictive measures to combat the pandemic that could further impact our business or the economy in the geographies in which we operate. We believe it is also possible that the impact of the pandemic and response on our suppliers, customers and markets will persist for some time after governments ease their restrictions. These measures have negatively impacted, and may continue to impact, our business and financial condition as the responses to control COVID-19 continue.

The extent to which the pandemic may continue to impact our results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of this prospectus, including new information that may emerge concerning the severity of the pandemic and steps taken to contain the pandemic or treat its impact, among others. Nevertheless, the pandemic and the current financial, economic and capital markets environment, and future developments in the global supply chain and other areas present material uncertainty and risk with respect to our performance, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

We qualify as an "emerging growth company" under the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"). As a result, we are permitted to, and intend to, rely on exemptions from certain disclosure requirements. For so long as we are an emerging growth company, we will not be required to:

- have an auditor report on our internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act;
- comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the
  auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements (i.e., an auditor discussion and analysis);
- submit certain executive compensation matters to stockholder advisory votes, such as "say-on-pay" and "say-on-frequency;" and
- disclose certain executive compensation related items such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the chief executive officer's compensation to median employee compensation.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to take advantage of the benefits of this extended transition period. Our financial statements may therefore not be comparable to those of companies that comply with such new or revised accounting standards.

We will remain an emerging growth company until the earliest of (i) the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of our initial public offering, (ii) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our total annual gross revenues are \$1.07 billion or more, (iii) the date that we become a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act, which would occur if the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter or (iv) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt during the preceding three year period.

### **Principal Factors Affecting Our Financial Performance**

Our operating results are primarily affected by the following factors:

- our ability to acquire new customers or retain existing customers;
- our ability to offer competitive product pricing;
- our ability to broaden product offerings;
- industry demand and competition;
- our ability to leverage technology and use and develop efficient processes;

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- our ability to attract and retain talented employees; and
- market conditions and our market position.

### **Results of Operations**

## Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 and 2021

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

	Three Mont	ths Ended
Consolidated Operations Data	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Sales	\$ 12,259,583	\$ 7,544,191
Cost of Sales:		
Purchases	7,956,616	4,535,233
Freight	1,084,802	717,250
Total Cost of Sales	9,041,418	5,252,483
Gross Profit	3,218,165	2,291,708
Operating Expenses:		
General and Administrative Expenses	4,024,218	2,645,457
Total Operating Expenses	4,024,218	2,645,457
Earnings (Loss) from Operations	(806,053)	(353,749)
Other Income and (Expense):		
Other Expense	(3,680)	-
Other Income	90,595	-
Interest Expense	(3,731)	(12,862)
Total Other Income and (Expense)	83,184	(12,862)
Income Before Income Taxes	(722,869)	(366,611)
Provision for Income Taxes	(177,055)	(76,526)
Net Earnings (Loss)	(545,814)	(290,085)

Sales consist primarily of the selling price of the merchandise, service or outbound shipping and handling charges, less discounts, coupons redeemed, returns and credits.

Our sales increased 62.5% from \$7.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$12.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase was primarily due to higher spending from existing clients as well as business from new customers. Additionally, we benefited from the acquisition of the G.A.P. Promotions assets in January 2022.

The January 2022 acquisition of the G.A.P. Promotions assets generated \$0.9 million of sales for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to no sales from such assets in the three months ended March 31, 2021. Our recurring organic sales, defined as sales excluding revenue from the G.A.P Promotions asset acquisition, increased 50.8%, or \$3.9 million, from \$7.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$11.4 million in the three months ended March 31, 2022.

### Cost of Sales

Cost of sales consists of the costs of purchasing inventory and freight charges. Our total cost of sales increased 72.1% from \$5.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$9.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. As a percentage of sales, cost of sales increased from 69.6% in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to 73.7% in the three months ended March 31, 2022. More specifically, cost of purchases increased from \$4.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$8.0 million in the three months ended March 31, 2022, or 75.4%. As a percentage of sales, cost of purchases increased from 60.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to 64.9% in the three months ended March 31, 2022. In addition, freight costs increased from \$0.7 million in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$1.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2022. In addition, freight costs decreased from 9.5% in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$1.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in the dollar amount of cost of purchases was primarily due to an increase in sales of 62.5% during that same period, while the increase in freight costs, both domestic and international, as well as a shift to shipping to individual locations (households) we believe as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses consist of general and administrative expenses. Our operating expenses increased 52.1%, or \$1.4 million, from \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. As a percentage of sales, operating expenses decreased from 35.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in the dollar amount of operating expenses was due to an increase in general and administrative expenses of \$1.4 million, or 52.1%, which in turn was primarily due to additional expenses related to the acquisition of the G.A.P. Promotions assets, the implementation of a new ERP system on Oracle's NetSuite platform, ongoing public company expenses and organic growth in our business.

## Other Income and Expense

Other income and expense consist of interest expense, other expense, and other income. Our interest expense decreased \$9,131 from \$12,862 in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$3,731 in the three months ended March 31, 2022. This decrease was primarily due to the repayment of our line of credit. Our other expense increased \$3,680 from \$0 in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$3,680 in the three months ended March 31, 2022. This was primarily due to an accrual adjustment to the Wildman earn-out. Our other increased \$90,595 from \$0 in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$90,595 in the three months ended March 31, 2022. This increase was primarily due to a payroll tax refund and gain on impairment from the Wildman earn-out.

## Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate was 24.5% and 20.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, our effective income tax rate was 0.0% and 24.5% for current and deferred taxes, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, our effective tax rate was 0.0% and 20.9% for current taxes and deferred taxes, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate was driven by change from 18.2% to 15.3% in our effective federal income tax rate and a change from 5.6% to 6.3% in our effective state income tax rate. For further discussion of changes in the effective tax rate, refer to Notes A.13. and A.14. to our financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 included with this prospectus.

#### Net Earnings and Losses

Our net earnings decreased 88.2% from a net loss of \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to a net loss of \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. This decrease was primarily due to integration expenses related to the acquisition of the G.A.P. Promotions assets, ongoing expenses related to being a public company, and higher cost of purchases. These factors were only partially offset by the increase in sales from the three months ended March 31, 2021 to the three months ended March 31, 2022 of \$4.7 million from our January 2022 G.A.P. Promotions asset purchase and the increase of \$3.9 million from recurring organic sales from the three months ended March 31, 2021 to the three months ended March 31, 2022.

### Comparison of Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

The following table sets forth key components of our results of operations during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, both in dollars and as a percentage of our revenues.

		Years Ended D	ecem	ıber 31,	
	202	1		202	0
		% of			% of
	 Amount	Revenues		Amount	Revenues
Sales	\$ 39,702,714	100.0%	\$	37,752,173	100.0%
Cost of Sales:					
Purchases	23,972,797	60.4%		24,167,798	64.0%
Freight	 3,893,847	9.8%		2,099,511	5.6%
Total Cost of Sales	27,866,644	70.2%		26,267,309	69.6%

Gross Profit	\$ 11,836,070	29.8%	\$ 11,484,864	30.4%
Operating Expenses:				
General and Administrative Expenses	 12,273,949	30.9%	9,994,891	26.5%
Total Operating Expenses	 12,273,949	30.9%	9,994,891	26.5%
Earnings (Loss) from Operations	\$ (437,879)	(1.1)%	\$ 1,489,973	3.9%
Other Income and (Expense):				
Other Expense	(83,148)	(0.2)%	-	-
Other Income	15,366	0.0%	10,000	0.0%
PPP Loan Forgiveness	770,062	1.9%	-	-
Interest Expense	 (136,661)	(0.3)%	(49,457)	(0.1)%
Total Other Income and (Expense)	565,619	1.4%	(39,457)	(0.1)%
Income Before Income Taxes	\$ 127,740	0.3%	\$ 1,450,516	3.8%
Provision for Income Taxes	(107,500)	(0.3)%	422,236	1.1%
Net Earnings	\$ 235,240	0.6%	\$ 1,028,280	2.7%

Sales

Sales consist primarily of the selling price of the merchandise, service or outbound shipping and handling charges, less discounts, coupons redeemed, returns and credits.

Our 2020 revenues include nonrecurring revenues representing 27.1% of our overall revenues for 2020, as a subcontractor for the 2020 U.S. Census. The customer that engaged us in this regard will not renew their engagement with us due to the U.S. Census only occurring once every ten years. As a result, these nonrecurring revenue increases have not recurred, are not expected to recur, and do not represent our long-term growth expectations.

Our sales increased 5.2% from \$37.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 to \$39.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. The increase was primarily due to higher spending from existing clients as well as business from new customers. Additionally, we benefited from the acquisition of the Wildman Imprints assets in September 2020. However, these increases in sales were partially offset by the completion of the U.S. Census program in 2020, market saturation of personal protective equipment in 2021, a lack of in-person events, and businesses still not being fully reopened throughout 2021 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

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The September 2020 acquisition of the Wildman Imprints assets generated \$8.3 million of sales for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to \$2.2 million of sales in the year ended December 31, 2020. Our recurring organic sales, defined as those sales excluding the U.S. Census program, revenue from the Wildman Imprints asset acquisition, and personal protective equipment, increased 49.5%, or \$10.3 million, from \$20.9 million in the year ended December 31, 2020 to \$31.2 million in the year ended December 31, 2021 to \$31.2 million in the year ended December 31, 2021. However, these increases in recurring organic sales were entirely offset by the nonrecurrence of our work on the U.S. Census program during the year ended December 31, 2021, which contributed \$10.5 million of sales, or 27.1% of total sales, for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to less than \$2,000 of sales, or 0.0% of total sales, for the year ended December 31, 2021. Additionally, the increases in recurring organic sales were partially offset by the nonrecurrence of sales of personal protective equipment totaling \$4.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to less than \$250,000 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### Cost of Sales

Cost of sales consists of the costs of purchasing inventory and freight charges. Our total cost of sales increased 6.1% from \$26.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 to \$27.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. As a percentage of sales, cost of sales increased from 69.6% in 2020 to 70.2% in 2021. More specifically, cost of purchases decreased from \$24.2 million in 2020 to \$24.0 million in 2021, or 0.8%. As a percentage of sales, cost of purchases increased from 64.0% in 2020 to 60.4% in 2021. However, freight costs increased from \$2.1 million in 2020 to \$3.9 million in 2021, or 85.5%. As a percentage of sales, freight costs increased from 5.6% in 2020 to 9.8% in 2021. The decrease in cost of purchases was primarily due to improvements in sourcing capabilities and buying power, while the increase in freight costs, both domestic and international, as well as a shift to shipping to individual locations (households) we believe as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses consists of general and administrative expenses. Our operating expenses increased 22.8%, or \$2.3 million, to \$12.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to \$10.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2020. As a percentage of sales, operating expenses increased from 26.5% in 2020 to 30.9% in 2021. This increase was due to an increase in general and administrative expenses of \$2.3 million, or 22.8%, which in turn was primarily due to additional expenses related to the acquisition of the Wildman Imprints assets, the implementation of a new ERP system on Oracle's NetSuite platform, the recently completed initial public offering and ongoing public company expenses, and organic growth in our business.

# Other Income and Expense

Other income and expense consist of interest expense, interest income, other expense, other income and PPP loan forgiveness income. Our interest expense increased \$87,204 from \$49,457 in the year ended December 31, 2020 to \$136,661 in the year ended December 31, 2021, or 176.3%. This increase was primarily due to an increase in borrowings on our bank's line of credit. Our other expense increased \$83,148 from none in the year ended December 31, 2020 to \$83,148 in the year ended December 31, 2021. This increase was primarily due to earn-out payments for the Wildman Imprints asset purchase exceeding gross profit expectations in accordance with the acquisition agreement. Our other income increased \$5,366 from \$10,000 in the year ended December 31, 2020 to \$15,336 in the year ended December 31, 2021. This increase was primarily due to our PPP loan. Our PPP loan forgiveness income increased \$770,062 from none in the year ended December 31, 2020 to \$770,062 in the year ended Decembe

#### Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate was 4.3% and 29.1% for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2021, our effective income tax rate was 4.3% and (17.2)% for current and deferred taxes, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2020, our effective tax rate was 29.1% and 0% for current taxes and deferred taxes, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate was driven by a decrease from 20.9% to 0% in our effective federal income tax rate and a decrease from 8.2% to 4.3% in our effective state income tax rate. For further discussion of changes in the effective tax rate, refer to Notes A.14. and A.15. to our financial

statements for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 included with this prospectus.

### Net Earnings

Our 2020 net earnings include nonrecurring revenues representing 27.1% of our overall revenues for 2020, as a subcontractor for the 2020 U.S. Census. The customer that engaged us in this regard will not renew their engagement with us due to the U.S. Census only occurring once every ten years. As a result, these nonrecurring revenue increases have not recurred, are not expected to recur, and do not represent our long-term growth expectations.

Our net earnings decreased 77.1% from \$1.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 to \$0.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. This decrease was primarily due to the nonrecurrence of sales of \$10.5 million from our work on the U.S. Census program in 2020 and the nonrecurrence of sales of \$4.0 million from our work on personal protective equipment in 2020; increased expenses in 2021 than in 2020 related to our initial public offering; and higher freight expenses in 2021 compared to 2020. These factors were only partially offset by the increase in sales from 2020 to 2021 of \$6.0 million from our September 2020 Wildman Imprints asset purchase and the increase of \$10.3 million from recurring organic sales from 2020 to 2021.

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# Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2022, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$40.0 million, however, approximately \$10.0 million of such cash represented net deposits into reward program accounts, and may only be used as permitted under the respective reward program. As such, our total cash and cash equivalents for uses other than meeting obligations under reward programs was approximately \$30.0 million as of March 31, 2022. Prior to our initial public offering, we financed our operations primarily through revenue generated from operations and bank borrowings, including a \$3.5 million line of credit held with Bank of America during the quarter ended March 31, 2021. Our line of credit agreement with Bank of America was terminated on November 22, 2021 and on the same date was replaced with a secured revolving demand line of credit with Salem Five Cents Savings Bank for aggregate loans of up to \$7.0 million, subject to a number of asset-related and other financial requirements and other covenants, terms and conditions as described in detail below under "*Debt*".

We believe that our current levels of cash will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for our operations and cash payment obligations for both the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 and in the long-term beyond this period, including our anticipated costs associated with being a public reporting company. We may, however, in the future require additional cash resources due to changing business conditions, implementation of our strategy to expand our business, or other investments or acquisitions we may decide to pursue. If our own financial resources are insufficient to satisfy our capital requirements, we may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities or obtain additional credit facilities. The sale of additional equity securities could result in dilution to our shareholders. The incurrence of indebtedness would result in increased debt service obligations and could require us to agree to operating and financial covenants that would restrict our operations. Financing may not be available in amounts or on terms favorable to us, or at all, could limit our ability to expand our business operations and could harm our overall business prospects.

## Summary of Cash Flow

The following table provides detailed information about our net cash flow for all financial statement periods presented in this prospectus:

	_	Three Mon Marc	 	 Years Decem	 
		2022	2021	 2021	2020
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	7,098,744	\$ 38,670	\$ 5,833,887	\$ 1,990,467
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$	(627,914)	\$ (123,084)	\$ 388,948	\$ 176,465
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$	1,307,362	\$ (48,717)	\$ 37,802,268	\$ 375,907
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,778,192	\$ (133,131)	\$ 31,579,433	\$ 1,791,025
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of period	\$	32,226,668	\$ 647,235	\$ 647,235	\$ 2,438,260
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of period	\$	40,004,860	\$ 514,104	\$ 32,226,668	\$ 647,235

Net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$7.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, as compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$38,670 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, increases in accounts receivable, inventory, unearned revenue and rewards program liability were the primary drivers of the net cash provided by operating activities. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, decreases in accounts receivable and accounts payable were the primary drivers of the net cash provided by operating activities. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021 occurred in the normal course of business due to growth in organic business as well as the integration of the G.A.P. Promotions assets.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$5,833,887 for the year ended December 31, 2021, as compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$1,990,467 for the year ended December 31, 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2021, increases in accounts receivable, inventory, and accounts payable were the primary drivers of the net cash used in operating activities. For the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase in accounts receivable and decreases in accounts payable and rewards program liability were the primary drivers of the net cash used in operating activities. The increase in net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to the year ended December 31, 2020 occurred in the normal course of business due to growth in organic business as well as the integration of the Wildman Imprints assets.

Net cash used in investing activities was approximately \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, and \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, additions to intangible assets related to customer lists and additions to software-related property and equipment were the primary drivers of the net cash used in investing activities. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, additions to software-related property and equipment was the primary driver of the net cash used in investing activities. The increase in net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to the addition of new intangible assets related to the customer list acquired in January 2022 as part of the G.A.P. Promotions assets acquisition.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$388,948 for the year ended December 31, 2021, and \$176,465 for the year ended December 31, 2020, primarily for additions to software-related property and equipment in both years. The increase in net cash used in investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to the year ended December 31, 2020 occurred due to additional required technology investments related to an increase in overall business as well as additional personnel needed to operate the business.

Net cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, as compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$48,717 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, net cash provided by financing activities consisted primarily of net proceeds received from the exercise of our publicly-traded warrants. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, net cash used in financing activities consisted primarily of borrowings and reductions on our bank line of credit. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to the exercise of our publicly-traded warrants during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$37,802,268 for the year ended December 31, 2021, as compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$375,907 for the year ended December 31, 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2021, net cash provided by financing activities consisted primarily of net proceeds received from our initial public offering and private placement, and was partially offset by borrowings and reductions on our bank line of credit. For the year ended December 31, 2020, net cash provided by financing activities consisted of PPP and EIDL Program loans under the CARES Act, and was partially offset by borrowings and reductions on our bank line of credit.

On April 15, 2020, we received loan proceeds from Bank of America in the amount of approximately \$770,062 under the PPP. The PPP, established as part of the CARES Act, provides for loans to qualifying businesses for amounts up to 2.5 times the average qualifying monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying business. The loans and accrued interest are forgivable as long as the borrower uses the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll, benefits, rent and utilities, and maintains its payroll levels.

We received forgiveness by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") of the PPP loan in full, effective June 24, 2021.

As of December 31, 2020, approximately \$149,900 was due under our EIDL Program loan. It was due in monthly installments of \$731 including interest to April 2051. The amount was fully repaid during the year ended December 31, 2021.

## Initial Public Offering

On November 12, 2021, we completed our initial public offering (the "IPO") of 4,337,349 units, at a price to the public of \$4.15 per unit, with each unit consisting of one share of common stock and a publicly-traded warrant to purchase one share of common stock, before underwriting discounts and commissions. The publicly-traded warrants initially had an exercise price per share of \$5.1875, equal to 125% of the initial public offering price per unit in the IPO. Due to our subsequent private placement of common stock and common stock purchase warrants at a purchase price of \$4.97 for one share and 1.25 warrants combined (See "— *Private Placement*" below), after attributing a warrant value of \$0.125, the exercise price per share of the publicly-traded warrants was reduced to \$4.81375 as of December 10, 2021. The publicly-traded warrants are immediately exercisable and expire on the fifth anniversary of the original issuance date.

We also granted the underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to an additional 650,602 shares of common stock and/or publicly-traded warrants to purchase up to 650,602 shares of common stock at the IPO price less the underwriting discounts, representing fifteen percent (15%) of the units sold in the IPO.

At the closing of the IPO, the representative of the underwriters fully exercised its option to purchase an additional 650,602 shares of common stock and 650,602 publicly-traded warrants. Therefore, we sold 4,987,951 shares of common stock and 4,987,951 publicly-traded warrants for total gross proceeds of approximately \$20.7 million.

In addition to the underwriter commissions, discounts and non-accountable expenses of approximately \$1.8 million and other offering expenses of approximately \$1.0 million, we agreed to grant warrants to the representative of the underwriters or its designees to purchase a total of 149,639 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$5.1875. The representative's warrants are exercisable at any time and from time to time, in whole or in part, during the four-and-a-half-year period commencing May 12, 2022.

After deducting underwriter commissions, discounts and non-accountable expenses of approximately \$1.8 million and other offering expenses of approximately \$1.0 million, we received net proceeds of approximately \$17.9 million at the closing of the IPO. Assuming the exercise of all of the publicly-traded warrants and representative's warrants, we would receive additional total proceeds of approximately \$21.6 million. As of March 31, 2022, we had received a total of approximately \$3.2 million from the exercise of our publicly-traded warrants from the exercise of publicly-traded warrants to purchase of a total of 659,456 shares of common stock at the adjusted exercise price per share of \$4.81375. We have not received any proceeds from the exercise of the representative's warrants.

The IPO was made pursuant to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-260109), which was filed with the SEC, and became effective on November 8, 2021, and our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-260880), which was filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, which was effective immediately upon filing on November 8, 2021. EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC ("EF Hutton"), acted as lead book-running manager and the representative of the underwriters, and US Tiger Securities, Inc. acted as joint book-running manager.

The following is our reasonable estimate of the uses of the proceeds from the IPOfrom November 8, 2021, the effective date of the registration statements for the IPO, to March 31, 2022:

- None was used for construction of plant, building and facilities;
- None was used for the purchase and installation of machinery and equipment;
- None was used for purchases of real estate;
- \$1.5 million was used for the acquisition of other businesses;
- \$3.5 million was used for the repayment of indebtedness;
- \$7.1 million was used for working capital; and
- None was used for temporary investments.

As of March 31, 2022, we had not yet used approximately \$5.8 million of the proceeds of the IPO.

None of the proceeds of the IPO have been used to make any direct or indirect payments to any of our directors or officers, any of their associates, any persons owning ten percent or more of any class of our equity securities, or any of our affiliates, or any others.

There has not been, and we do not expect, any material change in the planned use of proceeds from the IPO as described in the prospectus filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424(b)(4) under the Securities Act on November 10, 2021.

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On December 10, 2021, the Company completed a private placement with several investors, wherein a total of 4,371,926 shares of the Company's common stock were issued at a purchase price of \$4.97 per share, with each investor also receiving a warrant to purchase up to a number of shares of common stock equal to 125% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by such investor in the private placement, or 5,464,903 shares of common stock in aggregate, at an exercise price of \$4.97 per share, for a total purchase price of approximately \$21.7 million. The private placement warrants were immediately exercisable on the date of issuance, expire five years from the date of issuance and have certain downward pricing adjustment mechanisms, including with respect to any subsequent equity sale that is deemed a dilutive issuance, in which case the warrants were subject to a floor price of \$4.80 per share prior to shareholder approval of such subsequent equity sale, and a floor price of \$1.00 per share after such shareholder approval is obtained. On December 10, 2021, the holders of shares of common stock entitled to vote approximately 65.4% of our outstanding voting stock approved the Company's entry into the private placement. We filed preliminary and definitive information statements on Schedule 14C with the SEC on December 29, 2021 and January 11, 2022, respectively, and delivered copies of the definitive information statement to shareholders January 12, 2022. On January 31, 2022, the stockholders' consent became effective pursuant to Rule 14c-2 under the Exchange Act. As a result, the exercise price of the private placement warrants may be reduced to as low as \$1.00 per share if their downward-pricing adjustment mechanisms become applicable.

The Company engaged EF Hutton as the Company's placement agent for the private placement pursuant to a Placement Agency Agreement (the "PAA") dated as of December 8, 2021. Pursuant to the PAA, the Company agreed to pay EF Hutton a cash placement fee equal to 8.0% of the gross proceeds of the Offering, an additional cash fee equal to 0.5% of the gross proceeds raised by the Company in the offering for non-accountable expenses, and also agreed to reimburse EF Hutton up to \$100,000 for accountable expenses. In addition, EF Hutton's designees received warrants to purchase an aggregate of 131,158 shares of common stock, which is equal to 3.0% of the total number of shares issued in the private placement, at an exercise price of \$4.97 per share.

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The private placement raised net cash proceeds of approximately \$19.8 million (after deducting the placement agent fee and expenses of the private placement). Assuming the exercise of all of the private placement warrants and placement agent warrants, we would receive additional total proceeds of approximately \$27.8 million. As of March 31, 2022, we had not received any proceeds from the exercise of our private placement warrants or placement agent warrants. The Company intends to use the net cash proceeds from the private placement for acquisitions and partnerships, investments in technology and expanding corporate infrastructure, expansion of its sales team and marketing efforts and for general working capital and administrative purposes.

In connection with the private placement, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Private Placement Purchase Agreement") with investors containing customary representations and warranties. The Company and investors also entered into a Registration Rights Agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company was required to file a resale registration statement (the "Resale Registration Statement") with the SEC to register for resale the shares of common stock and the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the private placement warrants and Representative Warrants, promptly following the closing date but in no event later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Registration Rights Agreement, and to have the Resale Registration Statement declared effective by the Effectiveness Date (as defined in the Registration Rights Agreement). The Company was obligated to pay certain liquidated damages to the investors if the Company failed to file the Resale Registration Statement when required, failed to file or cause the Resale Registration Rights Agreement. On December 23, 2021, the Company filed the Resale Registration Statement with the SEC (File No. 333-261883) and it was declared effective on January 5, 2022.

The private placement was exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to the exemption for transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D of the Securities Act and in reliance on similar exemptions under applicable state laws. Each of the Purchasers represented that it is an accredited investor within the meaning of Rule 501(a) of Regulation D, and was acquiring the securities for investment only and not with a view towards, or for resale in connection with, the public sale or distribution thereof. The securities were offered without any general solicitation by the Company or its representatives.

### Debt

On November 22, 2021, we entered into a Revolving Demand Line of Credit Loan Agreement (the "Loan Agreement"), with Salem Five Cents Savings Bank (the "Lender"), for aggregate loans of up to \$7 million (the "Loan" or "Line of Credit"), evidenced by a Revolving Demand Line of Credit Note, also dated November 22, 2021 (the "Note"). The Line of Credit and Note are secured by a first priority security interest in all assets and property of the Company, as more fully described in the Security Agreement, also dated November 22, 2021, between the Lender and the Borrower (the "Security Agreement" and together with the Loan Agreement and the Note, the "Loan Documents").

The amount available under the Line of Credit is the lesser of \$7.0 million or the sum of (x) eighty percent (80%) of the then-outstanding amount of Eligible Accounts (as defined below), plus (y) fifty percent (50%) of Eligible Inventory (as defined below); minus one hundred (100%) percent of the aggregate amount then drawn under the Line of Credit for the account of the Company. In addition, advances based upon Eligible Inventory must be capped at all times at \$2,000,000. "Eligible Accounts" are defined as accounts that meet a number of requirements, including, unless otherwise approved by the Lender, being less than ninety (90) days from the date of invoice not subject to any prior assignment, claim, lien, or security interest, not subject to set-off, credit, allowance or adjustment by the account debtor, arose in the ordinary course of the Company's business, not an intercompany obligation, not subject to notice of bankruptcy or insolvency of the account debtor, not owed by an account debtor whose principal place of business is outside the United States of America, not a government account, not be evidenced by promissory notes, and not one of the accounts owed by an account debtor 25% or more of whose accounts are 90 or more days past invoice date; or otherwise not deemed acceptable by the Lender in accordance with its normal credit policies. "Eligible Inventory" means all finished goods, work in progress and raw materials and component parts of inventory owned by the Company. It does not include any inventory held on consignment or not otherwise owned by the Company; any inventory which has been returned by a customer or is damaged or subject to any legal encumbrances other than a first priority security interest held by the Company; any inventory which has been returned by a customer or is damaged or subject to any legal encumbrances other than a first priority security interest held by the Company; any inventory which has been returned by a customer or is damaged or subject to any legal encumbrances other

The Loan is subject to interest at the prime rate plus 0.5% per annum. The Company must repay interest on Loan proceeds on a monthly basis. The Loan is expected to continue for 12 months, subject to the Lender's demand rights and the Company's ongoing affirmative and other obligations under the Loan Documents, as summarized below.

The Company may freely draw upon the Loan subject to the Lender's right to demand complete repayment of the Loan at any time. Late payments are subject to a late payment charge of 5%. In the event of failure to repay the loan after the Lender makes demand for full repayment, the interest rate will increase by 10%. The Note may be prepaid at any time without penalty. The Lender may assign the Note without the Company's consent.

Under the Security Agreement and the other Loan Documents, the Company granted the Lender a first priority security interest in all of its assets, including both assets owned as of the date of the Loan and afterwards, as collateral for full repayment of the Loan. The Lender may file Uniform Commercial Code financing statements with any jurisdiction and with sufficient descriptions of the property to perfect its security interest in all of the Company's current and future assets. Upon default of the Loan, the

Lender may accelerate repayment of the Loan, take possession of the Company's assets, assign a receiver over the Company's assets, and enforce other rights as to the Company's assets as secured creditor. The Company must pay for all of the Lender's reasonable legal fees and expenses incurred to enforce its rights under the Loan Documents.

Under the Loan Agreement, the Company is required to continue its current business of outsourced marketing solutions, and, without the prior consent of the Lender, the Company may not acquire in whole or in part any other company or business and shall not engage in any other business or open any other locations. The Company must use the proceeds of the Loan only in connection with the general and ordinary operations of its business and for the following purpose: general working capital for accounts receivable and inventory purchases.

The Loan is also subject to ongoing affirmative obligations of the Company, including: Making punctual repayment of the Loan amount; maintaining proper accounting books and records in accordance with the opinion of LMHS, P.C. or another a Certified Public Accountant acceptable to the Lender; allowing the Lender to inspect its accounting books and records; furnishing audited, quarterly, monthly and other financial statements to the Lender; making payment of Lender's reasonable expenses for a field exam in 2022; allowing the Lender to communicate with its accountants; maintaining its properties in good repair subject to ordinary wear and tear; obtaining replacement-cost insurance for its property with the Lender as Mortgagee/Loss Payee; causing management contracts for the Company's properties to be subordinated to the rights of the Lender; and allowing no change of management company without the prior written consent of the Lender.

The Loan is further subject to the following financial requirements: (a) Debt Service Coverage Ratio: Cash flow to be calculated on an annual basis of at least 1.20 times EBITDA less cash taxes, distributions, dividends, shareholder withdrawals in any form, and unfinanced CAPEX divided by all scheduled principal payments on all debt plus cash interest payments made on all debt; and (b) Minimum Net Worth thresholds: The Company will be required to meet the following minimum net worth thresholds: \$2,000,000 at December 31, 2021; \$2,750,000 at December 31, 2022; and \$3,500,000 at December 31, 2023.

The Company also may not incur any additional indebtedness, secured or unsecured, except in the ordinary course of business; make loans or advances to others or guarantee others' obligations except for certain ordinary advances to employees or ordinary customer credit terms; make investments; acquire any business; make capital expenditures except in the ordinary course of business; or grant any security interests or mortgages in its properties or assets.

In connection with the Loan Agreement, on November 22, 2021, the Company, the Lender and Harte Hanks Response Management/ Boston, Inc. (the "Warehouse Provider"), the lessor of certain warehouse facilities to the Company, executed a Warehouseman's Waiver in favor of the Lender (the "Warehouseman's Waiver"). Under the Warehouseman's Waiver, the Warehouse Provider disclaimed any interest in the property of the Company stored on the premises (the "Collateral"), and agreed not to interfere with the Lender's enforcement of its rights in the Collateral. The Warehouse Provider further agreed to provide notice to the Lender of any default by the Company of its obligations as to the Warehouse Provider, and to give the Lender at least 30 days to exercise its rights, which period may be extended by the Lender up to 60 days upon its payment of the pre-diem rental amount. After that period, unless the default has been cured by the Lender, the Warehouse Provider may dispose of such Collateral as it deems fit. Upon the receipt of written notice from the Lender to dispose of all or any portion of the Collateral at any time, without any further consent or instruction from Company.

As of December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2022, we had not drawn any funds from the Loan under the Loan Agreement.

### **Executive Chairman Loans**

We have also borrowed funds from our Executive Chairman, Andrew Stranberg, during periods when Mr. Stranberg did not already owe funds to us. The loans are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and there is no formal repayment plan. In September 2021, Mr. Stranberg loaned us \$500,000 on an unsecured basis, accruing interest at 5% compounding monthly with no formal repayment plan. The total amount owed, including principal of \$500,000 and interest of \$4,740, was repaid to Mr. Stranberg on November 22, 2021. At December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2022, no amount was due to Mr. Stranberg.

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## **Contractual Obligations**

### Wildman Imprints Acquisition

On August 24, 2020, we entered into an asset purchase agreement to acquire the inventory, select fixed assets, and a customer list of the Wildman Imprints division of Wildman Business Group, LLC, or WBG. In connection with the asset acquisition, the customer list was purchased using a contingent earn-out calculation. The purchase price is equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the gross profit earned from the sale of product to the customer list for year 1 and thirty percent (30%) for years 2 and 3. Payments are due on the anniversary date of the purchase. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the current portion of the earn-out liability amounted to \$923,970 and \$665,855, respectively.

In connection with the asset acquisition, we also had an amount due to the seller under a note in the amount of \$162,358 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 for the inventory and property and equipment purchased. This amount accrues no interest, and is to be paid "as used" on a quarterly basis through the three-year earn-out period. We anticipate that the note will be paid in full in 2022, accordingly the note payable has been classified as current on the balance sheet as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021. We expect no deficiencies in our ability to make the payments required under the asset purchase agreements. The aggregate purchase price was \$2,937,222, as follows:

Fair Value of Identifiable Assets Acquired:

Inventory	\$ 649,433
Property and Equipment	34,099
Intangible - Customer List	 2,253,690
Total	\$ 2,937,222
Consideration Paid:	
Cash	521,174
Note Payable - Wildman	162,358
Wildman Contingent Earn-Out Liability	 2,253,690
Total	\$ 2,937,222

For further discussion see Notes H, K and L to our financial statements for the fiscal quarters ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 included with this prospectus.

# Property Leases

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum property lease payments at March 31, 2022:

	Lease Rent
Year	Due
2022	\$ 345,474
2023	338,028
2024 2025	324,462
2025	135,740
2026 Total	-
Total	\$ 1,143,704

Rent expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$105,502 and \$101,531, respectively. We anticipate no deficiencies in our ability to make these payments.

### G.A.P. Promotions Acquisition

On January 31, 2022 the Company closed on an asset purchase agreement to acquire inventory, select fixed assets, and a customer list from G.A.P. Promotions. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") ASC 805, "Business Combinations", the acquisition method of accounting has been applied and recognition of the assets acquired has been determined at fair value as of the acquisition date. All acquisition costs have been expensed as incurred. The consideration paid has been allocated to the assets acquired based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The estimate of fair values for tangible assets acquired were agreed to by both buyer and seller. The aggregate purchase price was \$3,245,872.

Fair Value of Identifiable Assets Acquired:

Inventory	\$ 91,096
Working Capital	879,486
Intangible - Customer List	2,275,290
Total	\$ 3,245,872

Consideration Paid:

Cash	1,510,872
Restricted Stock	100,000
G.A.P. Contingent Earn-Out Liability	1,635,000
Total	\$ 3,245,872

For further discussion see Notes H and L to our financial statements for the fiscal quarters ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 included with this prospectus.

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### Other Cash Obligations

The Company manages reward card programs for clients. Under these programs, the Company receives cash and simultaneously records a liability for the total amount received. These accounts are adjusted on a periodic basis as reward cards are funded or reduced at the direction of the customers. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had net deposits totaling \$10,043,878 and \$43,878, respectively.

Our other principal cash payment obligations have consisted principally of obligations under the loans described above. As stated above, as of March 31, 2022, we had not drawn any funds from the Loan under the Loan Agreement, and no amount was owed to our Executive Chairman and largest shareholder Andrew Stranberg.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The following discussion relates to critical accounting policies for our company. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires our management to make assumptions, estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported, including the notes thereto, and related disclosures of commitments and contingencies, if any. We have identified certain accounting policies that are significant to the preparation of our financial statements. These accounting policies are important for an understanding of our financial condition and results of operation. Critical accounting policies are those that are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's difficult, subjective, or complex judgment, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain and may change in subsequent periods. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting the estimate may differ significantly from management's current judgments. We believe the following critical accounting policies involve the most significant estimates and judgments used in the preparation of our financial statements:

## Method of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual method of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. This method of accounting conforms to generally accepted accounting principles.

### **Emerging Growth Company**

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, reduced

disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable and deposits in excess of federally insured limits. These risks are managed by performing ongoing credit evaluations of customers' financial condition and by maintaining all deposits in high quality financial institutions.

### Inventory

Inventory consists of finished goods (branded products) and goods in process (un-branded products awaiting decoration). All inventory is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market value.

### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred whereas major betterments are capitalized. Depreciation is provided using straight-line and accelerated methods over five years.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and notes payable. The recorded values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and notes payable approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature.

### Intangible Asset - Customer List

The Company accounts for intangible assets under the provision of ASC 350-20 "Accounting for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." The provision establishes standards for valuation and amortization of unidentifiable assets.

Under ASC 350-20-35-1, the cost of unidentifiable intangible assets is measured by the excess cost over the fair value of net assets acquired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives shall not be amortized until its useful life is determined to be no longer infinite. The intangible assets are evaluated when a triggering event occurs, at least annually, for potential impairment.

### **Revenue Recognition**

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"), which is aimed at creating common revenue recognition guidance for GAAP and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). This new guidance provides a comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue guidance issued by the FASB. ASU 2014-09 also requires both qualitative and quantitative disclosures, including descriptions of performance obligations.

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2014-09 and all related amendments ("ASC 606") and applied its provisions to all uncompleted contracts using the modified retrospective basis. The application of this new revenue recognition standard resulted in no adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings.

### Performance Obligations

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when, or as, the Company satisfies its performance obligations by transferring goods or services to customers. A good or service is transferred to a customer when, or as, the customer obtains control of that good or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied over time or at a point in time. Revenue from a performance obligation satisfied at a point in time is recognized at the point in time that the Company determines the customer has obtained control over the promised good or service. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration of which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for the promised goods or services.

The following provides detailed information on the recognition of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers:

**Product Sales** - The Company is engaged in the development and sale of promotional programs and products. Revenue on the sale of these products is recognized after orders are shipped.

**<u>Reward Card Program</u>** - The Company facilitates a reward card program for a customer and receives a transaction fee when the customer issues or replenishes a new reward card. Revenue is recognized when cards are issued or replenished.

### **Product Sales**

The Company is engaged in the development and sale of promotional programs and products. Revenue on the sale of these products is recognized after orders are shipped.

The following table disaggregates the Company's revenue based on the timing of satisfaction of performance obligations for the three months ended March 31, 2022:

Performance Obligations Satisfied at a Point in Time	\$ 12,259,583
Performance Obligations Satisfied Over Time	-
Total Revenue	\$ 12,259,583

# Freight

The Company includes freight charges as a component of cost of goods sold.

### Uncertainty in Income and Other Taxes

The Company adopted the standards for Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (income, sales, use, and payroll), which required the Company to report any uncertain tax positions and to adjust its financial statements for the impact thereof. As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company determined that it had no tax positions that did not meet the "more likely than not" threshold of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. The Company files tax and information returns in the United States Federal, Massachusetts, and other state jurisdictions. These returns are generally subject to examination by tax authorities for the last three years.

### Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are provided for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statements and income tax purposes. The Company has historically utilized accelerated tax depreciation to minimize federal income taxes.

### Sales Tax

Sales tax collected from customers is recorded as a liability, pending remittance to the taxing jurisdiction. Consequently, sales taxes have been excluded from revenues and costs. The Company remits sales, use, and goods and services taxes to Massachusetts, other state jurisdictions, and Canada, respectively.

# **Offering** Costs

The Company complies with the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 340-10-S99-1, "Other Assets and Deferred Costs – SEC Materials" ("ASC 340-10-S99") and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 5A, "Expenses of Offering". Offering costs were \$2,755,344 consisting principally of underwriting, legal, accounting and other expenses that are directly related to our initial public offering and charged to shareholders' equity upon the completion of our initial public offering.

### Earnings/ Loss per Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential shares of common stock outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include the issuance of potential shares of common stock for outstanding stock options and warrants.

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### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation costs under the provisions of FASB ASC Topic 718, "Compensation—Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718"), which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense related to the fair value of stock-based compensation awards that are ultimately expected to vest. Recognized stock-based compensation expense includes the compensation cost for all stock-based payments granted to employees, officers, and directors based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of ASC 718. ASC 718 is also applied to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled during the periods reported. Stock-based compensation to an employee is recognized as expense over the employee's requisite vesting period, and stock-based compensation to a nonemployee is recognized over the nonemployee's period of providing goods or services.

# Stock Option and Warrant Valuation

Stock option and warrant valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions. The fair value of stock-based payment awards was estimated using the Black-Scholes option model with a volatility figure derived from an index of historical stock prices for comparable entities. For warrants and stock options issued to non- employees, the Company accounts for the expected life based on the contractual life of the warrants and stock options. For employees, the Company accounts for the expected life based on the contractual life of the warrants and stock options. For employees, the Company accounts for the expected life of options in accordance with the "simplified" method, which is used for "plain-vanilla" options, as defined in the accounting standards codification. The risk-free interest rate was determined from the implied yields of U.S. Treasury zero-coupon bonds with a remaining life consistent with the expected term of the options.

## **Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) and July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases and ASU 2018-11, Targeted Improvements (collectively "Topic 842"). Topic 842 establishes a new lease model, referred to as the right-of-use model that brings substantially all leases onto the balance sheet. This standard requires lessees to recognize leased assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclose key information about the leasing arrangements in their financial statements. Leases are classified as finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern and classification of expense recognition in the income statement. The Company adopted Topic 842 effective on January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective transition approach that allows a reporting entity to use the effective date as its date of initial application and not restate the comparative periods in the period of adoption when transitioning to the new standard. Consequently, the requisite financial information and practical expedients (reliefs) permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard, including allowing the Company to combine fixed lease and non-lease components, apply the short-term lease exception to all leases of one year or less, and utilize the "package of practical expedients", which permits the Company to not reassess prior accounting conclusions with respect to lease identification, lease classification and initial direct costs under Topic 842. Adoption of this new standard resulted in the recognition of \$1,094,778 of operating lease liabilities (\$310,095 in current liabilities).

and \$784,683 in long-term liabilities) which represented the present value of the remaining lease payments of \$1,342,275, discounted using the Company's lease discount rate of 3% and \$1,094,778 of operating lease right-of-use assets. Refer to Note O to our financial statements for the twelve months ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 included with this prospectus for the impact to our financial statements as of December 31, 2021.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, "Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." ASU 2017-04 eliminates the two-step process that required identification of potential impairment and a separate measure of the actual impairment. Goodwill impairment charges, if any, would be determined by the difference between a reporting unit's carrying value and its fair value (impairment loss is limited to the carrying value). This standard is effective for annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company's adoption of this standard on January 1, 2020 did not have a material impact on its financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15, "Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Contract." The update aligns the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. The update also requires an entity to expense the capitalized implementation costs of a hosting arrangement over the term of the hosting arrangement. This update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and may be applied prospectively or retrospectively. On January 1, 2020, the Company adopted this standard on a prospective basis. The Company's adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on its financial statements.

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-12, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes, or ASU 2019-12, which simplifies the accounting for income taxes. ASU 2019-12 is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2020 on a prospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2021, and the adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

The Company does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on its financial statements.

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# CORPORATE HISTORY AND STRUCTURE

Our company was incorporated in the State of Massachusetts on November 17, 1995 under the name "Strän & Company, Inc." We also use the registered trade name "Stran Promotional Solutions".

On September 26, 2020, we acquired certain assets including the customer account managers and customer base of the Wildman Imprints promotional products business division of Wildman Business Group, LLC, an Indiana limited liability company, or WBG

On May 24, 2021, we changed our state of incorporation to the State of Nevada by merging into Stran & Company, Inc., a Nevada corporation that was incorporated on May 19, 2021, and changed the spelling of our nameto "Stran & Company, Inc." In addition, on May 24, 2021, our authorized capital stock changed from 200,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value, to 350,000,000 shares, consisting of 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 50,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. At the same time, we also completed a 100,000-for-1 forward stock split of our outstanding common stock through the merger by issuing 100,000 shares of our common stock for each previously outstanding share of common stock of our predecessor Massachusetts company. As a result of this stock split, our issued and outstanding common stock increased from 100 shares to 10,000,000 shares, all of which were then held by our Executive Chairman, Andrew Stranberg.

Following our reincorporation in Nevada, onMay 24, 2021, Mr. Stranberg was our sole stockholder then holding a total of 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. On the date of the reincorporation transaction, Mr. Stranberg transferred 3,400,000 shares of common stock to Andrew Shape, our Chief Executive Officer and President and one of our directors, and 800,000 shares of common stock to Randolph Birney, our Executive Vice President. The shares were transferred to each of Mr. Shape and Mr. Birney pursuant to stock purchase agreements. The transfers to Mr. Shape and Mr. Birney were agreed to be paid at a price per share that is equal to \$0.1985 per share, being the price of our shares as of December 31, 2020 determined through an independent valuation of the Company dated April 27, 2021, in accordance with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Each of Messrs. Shape and Birney paid the purchase price for the shares to Mr. Stranberg through the delivery to Mr. Stranberg of a promissory note. Each of the promissory notes provides for 2% simple annual interest, and principal and accrued interest must be repaid by the note's third anniversary. Each note grants a security interest to Mr. Stranberg in the transferred stock as to the repayment obligations under the note.

The stock purchase agreements between Mr. Stranberg and Messrs. Shape and Birney provide that the stock is also subject to a lockup provision providing that one-half of the purchased shares may not be sold until the second anniversary of the date of the stock purchase agreement; provided, however, that such restriction on transfer will expire at a rate of  $1/48^{\text{th}}$  of the shares subject to the restriction per month over such two-year period.

Following the reincorporation in Nevada, on May 24, 2021, Mr. Stranberg also transferred 700,000 shares of common stock to Theseus Capital Ltd. ("Theseus"), pursuant to a stock purchase agreement. Pursuant to a different arrangement with Mr. Stranberg from Mr. Shape and Mr. Birney's, Theseus paid Mr. Stranberg a nominal cash purchase price of \$100 for its stock. Theseus does not have any relationship with the Company other than as a shareholder after the transfer by Mr. Stranberg, and its payment for Mr. Stranberg's stock was made to Mr. Stranberg and not to the Company. Theseus executed an irrevocable proxy providing that Mr. Stranberg may vote and exercise all voting and related rights with respect to the shares. The irrevocable proxy will automatically terminate with respect to any shares that Theseus sells in a transaction or series of transactions on any national securities exchange or other trading market on which the shares then trade. Theseus subsequently transferred 200,000 shares to another investor with the consent of the Company, the representative and Mr. Stranberg. The shares held by each of Messrs. Shape and Birney and Theseus are subject to certain lockup conditions.

On November 12, 2021, we closed our initial public offering of 4,987,951 units, each unit consisting of one share of common stock and a warrant to purchase one share of common stock at the initial public offering price of \$4.15 per unit. Each whole share exercisable pursuant to the warrants has an initial exercise price per share at \$5.1875, equal to 125% of the initial public offering price. Due to our subsequent private placement of common stock and common stock purchase warrants at a purchase price of \$4.97 for one share and 1.25 warrants combined, after attributing a warrant value of \$0.125, the exercise price per share of the initial public offering warrants was reduced to \$4.81375 as of December 10, 2021. The warrants are immediately exercisable and will expire on the fifth anniversary of the original issuance date. The units were not certificated. The shares of common stock and related warrants was returned ately separable and were issued separately, though they were issued and purchased together as a unit in the offering. The representative's warrants are exercisable at an initial per share exercise price of \$5.1875. The representative's warrants are exercisable at an initial per share exercise price of \$5.1875. The representative's warrants are exercisable at any time and from time to time, in whole or in part, during the four-and-a-half-year period commencing six months after their issuance.

On December 10, 2021, we completed a private placement with several investors, wherein a total of 4,371,926 shares of common stock were issued at a purchase price of \$4.97 per share, with each investor also receiving a warrant to purchase up to a number of shares of common stock equal to 125% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by such investor in the private placement, or a total of 5,464,903 shares, at an exercise price of \$4.97 per share, for a total purchase price of approximately \$21.7 million. The warrants are immediately exercisable on the date of issuance, expire five years from the date of issuance and have certain downward-pricing adjustment mechanisms, including with respect to any subsequent equity sale that is deemed a dilutive issuance, in which case the warrants will be subject to a floor price of \$4.80 per share before shareholder approval is obtained, and after shareholder approval is obtained, such floor price will be reduced to \$1.00 per share, as set forth in the warrants. On December 10, 2021, the holders of shares of common stock entitled to vote approximately 65.4% of our outstanding voting stock on December 10, 2021 and January 11, 2022, and delivered copies of the definitive information statement to shareholders January 12, 2022. On January 31, 2022, the stockholders' consent became effective pursuant to Rule 14c-2 under the Exchange Act. As a result, the exercise price of the private placement warrants may be reduced to as low as \$1.00 per share if their downward-pricing adjustment mechanisms become applicable. We engaged the representative as our placement agent for the private placement pursuant to a Placement Agency Agreement, or the PAA, dated as of December 8, 2021. Pursuant to the PAA, we agreed, among other things, to issue the representative's designees warrants to purchase an aggregate of 131,158 shares of common stock, which is equal to 3.0% of the total number of shares issued to the private placement, at an exercise price of \$4.97

On January 31, 2022, we acquired thebranding, marketing and promotional products and services business assets of G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability company, or G.A.P. Promotions.

## As of the date of this prospectus, we have no subsidiaries.

Our principal executive offices are located at 2 Heritage Drive, Suite 600, Quincy, MA 02171 and our telephone number is 800-833-3309. We maintain a website at https://www.stran.com/. Information available on our website is not incorporated by reference in and is not deemed a part of this prospectus. Our fiscal year ends December 31. Neither we nor any of our predecessors have been in bankruptcy, receivership or any similar proceeding.

#### BUSINESS

#### Overview

We are an outsourced marketing solutions provider, working closely with our customers to develop sophisticated marketing programs that leverage our promotional products and loyalty incentive expertise. We develop long-term relationships with our customers, enabling them to connect with both their customers and employees in order to build lasting brand loyalty. It is our mission to drive brand awareness and affect behavior through visual, creative, and technology solutions.

We purchase products and branding through various third-party manufacturers and decorators and resell the finished goods to customers. In addition to selling branded products, we offer our clients:

- custom sourcing capabilities;
- a flexible and customizable e-commerce solution for
  - promoting branded merchandise and other promotional products;
  - managing promotional loyalty and incentives, print collateral, and event assets;
  - order and inventory management; and
  - designing and hosting online retail popup shops, fixed public retail online stores, and online business-to business service offerings;
- creative and merchandising services;
- warehousing/fulfillment and distribution;
- print-on-demand, kitting, and point of sale displays; and
- loyalty and incentive programs.

These valuable services, as well as the deep level of commitment we have to the business operations of our customers, have resulted in a strong and stable position within the industry.

We specialize in managing complex promotional marketing programs to help recognize the value of promotional products and branded merchandise as a tool to drive awareness, build brands and impact sales. This form of advertising is very powerful and impactful and particularly effective at building brand loyalty because it typically uses products that are considered useful and appreciated by recipients and are retained and used or seen repeatedly, repeating the imprinted message many times without adding cost to the advertiser. We have built the tools, processes, relationships and the blueprint to maximize the potential of these products and deliver the most value to our customers.

For over 25 years we have grown into a leader in the promotional products industry, ranking 30th overall and 22nd fastest-growing in the United States on *Print+Promo Marketing*'s 2021 Top Distributors list, and 32<sup>nd</sup> based on ASI's *Counselor* magazine 2021 Top 40 Distributors list, from over 40,000 promotional products businesses. Since our first year of operations in 1995, our annual revenues have gradually grown from approximately \$240,000 to over \$39.7 million in 2021, a compound annual growth rate of approximately 22%, and between 2017 and 2021, our revenues grew at a compound annual growth rate of approximately 19%. During 2017 through 2021, we had consistent gross margins of approximately 30%, and processed over 25,000 customer orders per year.

Our 2020 revenues and gross margins include nonrecurring revenues representing 27.1% of our overall revenues for 2020, as a subcontractor for the 2020 U.S. Census. The customer that engaged us in this regard will not renew their engagement with us due to the U.S. Census only occurring once every ten years. As a result, these nonrecurring revenue increases have not recurred and are not expected to recur and do not represent our long-term growth expectations.

As of March 31, 2022, we had total assets of \$63.5 million with total shareholder equity of \$42.6 million.

We serve a highly diversified customer base across many industry verticals including pharmaceutical and healthcare, manufacturing, technology, finance, construction and consumer goods. Many of our customers are household names and include some of the largest corporations in the world.

Our sales increased 5.2% year-over-year in 2021 compared to 2020 andincreased 62.5% year-over-year in the first three months of 2022 compared to the first three months of 2021 due to higher spending from existing clients as well as business from new customers. Additionally, we benefited from the acquisition of the G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, or G.A.P. Promotions, assets in January 2022. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus, the return of many significant in-person tradeshows and other industry-related opportunities, and societal reopening in general may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods. However, these trends will be partially offset by continued increases in expenses, due to supply chain issues including higher freight charges, raw material costs and port congestion. According to a global pricing index published by London-based Drewry Shipping Consultants Ltd, the average price worldwide to ship a 40-foot shipping container reached \$7,728 for the week ended May 5, 2022, which was 41% higher than the same week in 2021. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Producer Price Index for final demand moved up 11.2% for the 12 months ended in March 2022 on an unadjusted basis, the largest increase since 12-month data were first calculated in November 2010.

We have also noted that some of our customers have indicated that a greater number of their employees work from home than in past periods. We believe this increase may be partially a result of the relatively new risk to office work from the COVID-19 pandemic, and that this trend may continue due to the more contagious Omicron variant of the COVID-19 virus. As a result, we have been, and expect to continue be, drop-shipping more materials directly to people at their homes than in periods before the advent of the COVID-19 pandemic. We expect that this trend will continue to yield increased freight service fees and fulfillment revenue as well as associated costs. For additional discussion, see "COVID-19 Pandemic" below.

Our headquarters are located at Quincy, Massachusetts, with additional offices located in Gloucester, Massachusetts; Warsaw, Indiana; Fairfield, Connecticut; and Mt. Pleasant, South Carolina. We also have sales representatives in twelve additional locations across the United States and a network of service providers in the U.S. and abroad, including factories, decorators, printers, logistics firms, and warehouses.

#### **Our Industry**

## **Overview of Promotional Products Market**

The promotional products industry is large yet highly-fragmented, with thousands of smaller participants and indications of a lack of market power in any one firm or group of firms. The industry has generally experienced growth as businesses continuously invest in sophisticated marketing campaigns involving multiple types of advertising. Promotional products are items used to promote a product, service or company program including advertising specialties, premiums, incentives, business gifts, awards, prizes, commemoratives and other imprinted or decorated items. They are usually given away by companies to consumers or employees. The largest promotional products trade organizations are the Advertising Specialty Institute (ASI) and Promotional Products Association International (PPAI).

#### U.S. Promotional Products is a Large and Growing Market

According to the ASI, the U.S. market for promotional products exceeded \$23 billion in 2021 and includes over 40,000 businesses.

Moreover, the promotional products market is only one segment of a total addressable market of possibly up to \$384 billion based on the size of the product packaging market (\$180 billion as of 2019, according to Statista, a leading provider of market and consumer data); the loyalty incentive programs market (\$90 billion annually according to the Incentive Marketing Association, the umbrella organization for suppliers in the incentive marketplace); the printing market (\$75 billion as of 2021, according to IBISWorld, an industry research provider); and the tradeshow market (\$17 billion projected for 2021, according to MarketingCharts.com, a provider of marketing data, graphics, and analyses).

We believe that U.S. promotional products spending has been severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. According to ASI, promotional product distributor sales decreased nearly 20% from \$25.8 billion in 2019 to \$20.7 billion in 2020. Although promotional product distributor sales increased approximately 12% from \$20.7 billion in 2020 to \$23.2 billion in 2021, they were still below the \$25.8 billion industry record set in the last full pre-pandemic year of 2019. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus, the return of many significant in-person tradeshows and other industry-related opportunities, and societal reopening in general may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods. However, these trends may be partially offset by continued increases in expenses, due to supply chain issues including higher freight charges, raw material costs and port congestion.

## The Promotional Products Industry Is Resilient To Other Forms of Advertising

The promotional products industry is relatively insulated from other forms of advertising such as television and digital advertising. Although promotional products compete for space within an advertising budget with other forms of advertising, particularly online advertising, they offer distinct benefits, particularly due to their physical nature, which may help distributors and suppliers continue to sell these products and related services despite these budgetary pressures. Data shows that promotional products are more effective in generating brand recognition and sales than other forms of advertising, including television and online advertisements. These factors help shield established industry firms like ours from the technological and competitive disruption experienced by other types of media advertisers.

## The Promotional Products Industry is Highly Fragmented

The promotional products industry is also highly fragmented. The industry includes over 40,000 firms. As of 2020 the firm with the greatest percentage of industry sales generated \$766 million in revenue but made up only approximately 3.7% of the \$20.7 billion in revenues generated in 2020 by promotional products distributors, based on information reported by ASI. As a group, the top 40 distributors had approximately 34% market share as of 2020, based on total sales of approximately \$7.0 billion out of total promotional products distributors' revenues for 2020 of \$20.7 billion, based on ASI's reports.

Unlike our company, which provides comprehensive solutions to complex promotional and branding challenges, we view most of our competitors as generally falling into one of the five categories below:

- Online e-tailer. Heavily rely on marketing and online advertising to sell directly to businesses, offering little or no strategic support or program infrastructure.
- Franchise Model. Consists of many smaller firms or independent representatives without a consistent strategic vision. They do not offer consistent pricing and have fragmented service capabilities.
- Large and Inflexible. Focus on large enterprise customers, struggling to serve the needs of smaller spend opportunities (less than \$3 million annually). They tend to lack in delivering a high level of service and are limited in their ability to react to changes in the market.
- Non-Core Offering. Offer promotional merchandise as an add-on to their core business or have grown through acquisition without any unification strategy.

• Small Mom-and-Pop. Have little or no infrastructure or executive oversight. Do not have the financial backing, technology, or infrastructure to support growth or ability to execute comprehensive marketing programs or large opportunities.

## Promotional Products are a High-impact, Cost-effective Advertising Medium

Because promotional products are useful and appreciated by recipients, they are retained and used, repeating the imprinted message many times without added cost to the advertiser. ASI's Global Ad Impressions Study, 2020 Edition, reported:

- Promotional products are the most highly regarded form of advertising, more than newspapers, radio, magazine, television, Internet, or mobile ads.
- Up to 85% of promotional products recipients remember the advertiser worldwide. Recall is highest for apparel items, as 85% recall the advertiser that gave them a shirt or hat.
- 40% of consumers who own promotional products report that they have kept some for more than 10 years, suggesting that businesses using promotional products may
  generate long-term revenues and other valuable goodwill from them.
- Nearly one-quarter (23%) of consumers reported that they purchased a promotional product in the last year, showing one way that promotional products can be costeffective advertising tools.

In 2018, PPAI reported that promotional products are the most impactful form of advertising across all generations. Whereas reportedly less than 55% of consumers read or watch an entire advertisement online, in an email, on television, in the mail, in a magazine, or on the radio, over 80% of consumers retain promotional products. Moreover, promotional products have been ranked the most effective form of advertising across all generations, outranking even television, online, print, and mobile forms. A 2019 PPAI report revealed additional statistics reflecting the significant impact of promotional products on consumers:

- 96% of consumers like to know ahead of time when companies offer promotional products.
- Eight out of ten consumers enjoy receiving promotional products.
- Seven in ten consumers would like to receive promotional products more often.
- 79% of consumers, including over a third of Millennials and 20% of Generation Z consumers, pass on promotional products that they no longer want, increasing their potential reach and effectiveness.

Nearly all consumers say they would go out of their way to receive promotional products.

As of 2016, PPAI reported that, overall, buyers consider promotional products mostly or always effective in achieving marketing goals. They generally consider promotional products more effective than social media and nearly as effective as all other media. Data indicates that the majority of buyers do have a budget set aside for promotional products. However, for more than 72% the allocation is less than 20% of their marketing advertising budget. When asked what their plans were for promotional products spend over the next 12 months, only 3% projected a decrease in product purchases. This data suggests that the potential for promotional products' market growth is significant.

## The COVID-19 Pandemic's Effects on the Promotional Products Industry

As in many other industries, we believe that the COVID-19 pandemic has weakened many promotional products distributors. According to ASI, the promotional products industry experienced a nearly 20% sales decline in 2020 to \$20.7 billion compared to the \$25.8 billion industry record set in the last full pre-pandemic year of 2019. *Print+Promo Marketing*'s 2021 Top Distributors report, which ranked the top 75 distributors based on 2020 sales, found that 42 (56%) experienced sales decreases in 2020 compared to the prior year. According to ASI the promotional products industry in 2021 experienced a sales increase of approximately 12% to \$23.2 billion and nearly three-quarters of distributors (72%) increased annual revenue as COVID-19 vaccines became widely available and pockets of the U.S. economy began to reopen. In terms of the top five vertical markets, the most opportunities for *Print+Promo Marketing*'s 2021 Top Distributors were those in Health Care (listed 37 times), Financial (listed 26 times), Retail (listed 20 times), Technology (listed 20 times), and Manufacturing (listed 18 times).

A recent forecast from global advertising corporation WPP plc's ad-buying unit GroupM found that there appears to be a "K-shaped" recovery for the advertising industry as well as the overall U.S. economy. The "K" shape indicates a quick rebound for some marketers and a continued downward trajectory for others. For example, e-commerce and advanced digital services such as telehealth and remote learning have exploded during the COVID-19 pandemic. On the other hand, restaurants, bars, travel, entertainment and nonessential businesses have all suffered. Overall, those dependent on traditional media including radio, newspapers and outdoor advertising, and those whose clients were largely nonessential services such as restaurants, bars, travel, entertainment have all suffered. On the other hand, demand for e-commerce and advanced digital services such as telehealth and remote learnings and the banking industry in general, have massively accelerated and saw record volumes during the COVID-19 pandemic.

## The COVID-19 Pandemic's Effects on Our Business

We believe that the COVID-19 pandemic has impacted Stran's operational and financial performance. As was typical for other firms in the promotional products industry, from March 2020 through the end of March 31, 2022, we believe that our revenues were adversely affected by decreased demand for promotional products and services such as ours due to a lack of in-person events, businesses not being fully reopened and staffed, and customers' decreased marketing budgets. We also experienced higher costs of supplies of product materials due to continued increases in expenses, especially higher freight charges and raw material costs, and a more challenging supply chain from issues such as port congestion. We expect these effects to continue in 2022.

We have responded to the challenges resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic by developing a clear company-wide strategy and sticking to our hardworking culture and core value of delivering creative merchandise solutions that effectively promote brands. We continue to focus on our core group of customers while providing additional value-added services, including our e-commerce platform for order processing, warehousing and fulfillment functions, and propose alternative product offerings based on their unique needs. We also continue to solicit and market ourselves to long-term prospects that have shown interest in Stran. We have remained committed to being a service-driven, feature-rich, and customer-focused company that provides our customers with more than just products. Below are some of the specific ways we have responded to the current pandemic:

- We adhered to all state and federal social distancing requirements while prioritizing health and safety for our employees;
- We explored acquisition opportunities and executed the acquisitions of the customer base of Wildman Imprints with historical revenue exceeding \$10 million annually in September 2020 and the promotional products business of G.A.P. Promotions with 2021 revenue of approximately \$7.2 million in January 2022;

- We retained key customers through constant communication, making proactive product or program suggestions, driving program efficiencies, and delivering valueadded solutions to help them market themselves more effectively;
- We concentrated and succeeded in earning business from clients in specific verticals that have spent more during the pandemic including customers in the
  entertainment, beverage, retail, consumer packaged goods, and healthcare industries;
- We retained key employees by continuing to provide them with competitive compensation and the tools required to be successful in their jobs; and
- We refocused our marketing activities on more client-specific revenue generating activities that reduced spend while remaining effective.

We believe that we have seen encouraging signs of recovery from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. There has been a significant increase in the amount of requests for proposal and other customer inquiries since the beginning of 2021. We expect going forward that pent-up demand from more widespread immunity to the COVID-19 virus and societal reopening may help compensate for lower sales in prior periods.

We believe that we have fully complied with all state and local requirements relating to COVID-19. As described above, we have undertaken various measures in an effort to mitigate the spread of COVID-19. We have also enacted business continuity plans, which may make maintaining our normal level of corporate operations, quality controls and internal controls difficult. Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic may cause temporary or long-term disruptions in our supply chains and/or delays in the delivery of our inventory. Further, the COVID-19 pandemic and mitigation efforts may also adversely affect our customers' financial condition, resulting in reduced spending for the products we sell.

As events are rapidly changing, we do not know how long the COVID-19 pandemic and the measures that have been introduced to respond to it will disrupt our operations or the full extent of that disruption. Further, once we are able to restart normal business hours and operations doing so may take time and will involve costs and uncertainty. We also cannot predict how long the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the efforts to contain it could continue to impact our business after the pandemic is under control. Governments could take additional restrictive measures to combat the pandemic that could further impact our business or the economy in the geographies in which we operate. We believe it is also possible that the impact of the pandemic and response on our suppliers, customers and markets will persist for some time after governments ease their restrictions. These measures have negatively impacted, and may continue to impact, our business and financial condition as the responses to control COVID-19 continue.

The extent to which the pandemic may continue to impact our results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of this prospectus, including new information that may emerge concerning the severity of the pandemic and steps taken to contain the pandemic or treat its impact, among others. Nevertheless, the pandemic and the current financial, economic and capital markets environment, and future developments in the global supply chain and other areas present material uncertainty and risk with respect to our performance, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

For a further discussion of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, please see the discussion in *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial* Condition and Results of Operations" and in particular the subsection entitled "Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic".

## **Competitive Strengths**

We believe our key competitive strengths include:

- Superior and Distinctive Technology. We have invested in sophisticated, efficient ordering and logistics technology that provides order processing, warehousing and fulfillment functions. We continue to invest in our technology infrastructure, including many customized solutions developed on Adobe Inc.'s open-source e-commerce platform, Magento. We have also invested in a new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system, Oracle's NetSuite, which will consolidate the process of gathering and organizing business data of our company through an integrated software suite, and is expected to be implemented by the end of the first half of 2022.
- Leading Market Position. Our over 25 years' history and size make us a leader in the U.S. promotional products industry. We believe that the key benefits of our scale include an ability to efficiently implement large and intensive programs; an ability to invest in sales tools and technologies to support our customers; and operating efficiencies from our scalable infrastructure. We believe our market position and scale enhances our ability to increase sales to existing customers, attract new customers and enter into new markets.
- Extensive Network. We have developed a deep network of collaborator factories, decorators, printers, and warehouses around the globe. This network helps us find the right solution to meet our customers' needs, whether they are financial, timing, geographic, or brand goals. This model provides the flexibility to proactively manage our customers' promotional needs efficiently. As a result, we believe that we have an excellent reputation with our customers for providing a high level of prompt customer service.
- Customer-Centric Approach. Our customer-centric approach is what has fueled our growth since our inception and our early adoption of technology to solve challenges for our clients set us apart in our early growth. We strive to understand the goals and challenges that our customers face, building unique solutions and seeing each campaign through to completion as an extension of their team.

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- Diversified Customer Base. We sell our products to over 2,000 active customers and over 30 Fortune 500 companies, including long-standing programs with recurring revenue coming from well recognized brands and companies. During 2020, we were engaged by a Washington, D.C.-based advertising and marketing company leading a nationwide awareness-generating initiative for the 2020 U.S. Census. During this period, this contract represented approximately 27.1% of our overall revenues for 2020. This customer will not renew their engagement with us due to the U.S. Census only occurring once every ten years. As a result, these nonrecurring revenue increases have not recurred, are not expected to recur, and do not represent our long-term growth expectations. Excluding the 2020 U.S. Census program customer, our largest customer accounted for 10.1% and 7.5% of overall revenue during 2020 and 2021, respectively. Our top 10 customers in 2020 and 2021, including the 2020 U.S. Census program customer, contributed 56.9% and 44.8% of revenue, respectively. Excluding the 2020 U.S. Census program customer, our top 10 customers in 2020 and 2021 generated 31.20% and 44.8% of revenue, respectively. Our customers span many industries, including pharmaceutical and healthcare, manufacturing, technology, finance, construction and consumer goods.
- Experienced Senior Management Team. Our senior management team, led by our co-founder and Chief Executive Officer, Andrew Shape, is comprised of seasoned
  industry professionals and veterans of our company. Our senior management has an average of over 20 years of experience in the promotional products industry.

Asset Acquisition Experience. In September 2020, we acquired all of the customers of the promotional products business Wildman Imprints in an asset purchase. In 2019, that business recorded over \$10 million in revenue. In January 2022, we purchased the promotional products business and assets of G.A.P. Promotions, with 2021 revenue of approximately \$7.2 million. We continue to explore and pursue additional acquisition opportunities that are appropriate. Please see "Growth Strategies – Selectively Pursue Acquisitions" below for a discussion of our asset acquisition experience and strategy.

## **Growth Strategies**

The key elements of our strategy to grow our business include:

Selectively Pursue Acquisitions. We believe that we are well-suited to capitalize on opportunities to acquire businesses with key customer relationships or have other value-added products or services that complement our current offerings. Our acquisition strategy consists of increasing our share in existing markets, adding a presence in new or complementary regions, utilizing our scale to realize cost savings, and acquiring businesses offering synergistic services such as printing, packaging, point of sale (POS) displays, loyalty and incentive program management, and decoration, or offering additional differentiators. In September 2020, we acquired all the customer account managers and customer accounts of the promotional products business Wildman Imprints in Warsaw, Indiana. As a result, we gained approximately over 1,400 customer accounts, including over 120 customer purchase guarantees; and additional revenues of over \$10 million as of 2019. This acquisition allowed us to extend our geographical reach into the Midwest and further diversify our customer base. In January 2022, we acquired the promotional products business and assets of G.A.P. Promotions in Gloucester, Massachusetts. From this acquisition, we expanded our major beverage-specific customer accounts; hired 13 additional employees; gained inventory worth approximately \$90,000 with claw-back guarantees; and additional sales of approximately \$7.2 million as of 2021.

We believe that this experience will help us to pursue suitable acquisition opportunities in the future and integrate them successfully. Consistent with this strategy, we continue to evaluate potential acquisition targets (although no such acquisition target has yet been identified), particularly with the following attributes:

- o Geographic balance, with a focus on acquiring a company in the branded merchandise space based in the western United States (including Texas, California, Colorado, Oregon, or Washington state) in the \$5-10 million revenue range;
- o Smaller promotional companies in the \$2-5 million revenue range who lack the programmatic capabilities but have a minimum of 30% gross margins and comparable or improved profitability; and
- Businesses with complimentary offerings to increase Stran's portfolio of services and depth of expertise in these additional industries: Packaging; Loyalty & Incentive; Decorators (for screen printer, embroidery, direct-to-garment, rub-on transfers, etc.); and Event/Tradeshow Services.

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- Innovate and Invest in Technology. During 2020-2021, we continued to invest in upgrades to our platform for customers' promotional e-commerce objectives, including customizable and scalable features, developed on Adobe Inc.'s open-source e-commerce platform, Magento. We have also invested in a new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system on Oracle's NetSuite platform which will consolidate the process of gathering and organizing business data of our company through an integrated software suite, which is expected to be implemented by the end of the first half of 2022. We believe that it is necessary to continue focusing on the buildout of our technology offerings in order to meet the evolving needs of our customers. Additionally, our strong technology platform will support our acquisition strategy to integrate acquired businesses into our existing platforms. We intend to continue making significant investments in research and development and hiring top technical talent.
- New Client Development. Our sales teams are tasked with continuously growing their books of business by nurturing existing business relationships while actively seeking new opportunities with new customers. We will continue to promote and ask for referrals from satisfied customers who often refer us to other potential clients. We continuously seek to build our sales forces through hiring of experienced individuals with established books of business as well as hiring less-experienced individuals that we hope to develop into productive sales representatives. As we continue to grow, we are hiring sales representatives in different geographies across the U.S. that further diversifies our customer base and attracts new customers. Currently we have employees or sales reps located in offices or remotely in Massachusetts, Indiana, Ohio, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Florida, South Carolina, Oklahoma, Maine, Colorado, and Illinois. In addition to direct sales and marketing efforts, we will continue to build sales and marketing campaigns to promote Stran, including social media, search engine optimization (SEO), HubSpot Inbound Marketing, and other alternative platforms. We also plan to continue to identify and exhibit at appropriate tradeshows, conferences, and events where we have had success.
- Develop and Penetrate Customer Base. We plan to further expand and leverage our sales force and broad product and service offering to upsell and cross-sell to both develop new clients and further penetrate our existing customer base. Many of our services work together and build on each other to offer greater control and consistency of our customers' brands as well as improved efficiency and ease of use for their team. Our goal is to become an extension of our customers' team and to support their organizations in using physically branded products in the most effective means possible. For example, we can offer a one-stop solution for all tradeshow and event asset management objectives. From pre-show mailings to special event uniforms, we can help design as well as produce and manage all tradeshow materials and processes from start to finish. With multiple warehouses strategically located throughout the United States, we offer logistics solutions and expertise to effectively fulfill customers' events needs across the country. The internal inventory-management version of our e-commerce platform provides the ability to manage not only a customer's assets for its booth or event setup, but also its literature, giveaways, uniforms, and more. We will ship out all assets with return labels for post-show logistics and establish standard operating procedures for every asset to be returned back into inventory.

Other strategies that we plan to implement to expand our customer base with expanded sales staff and technology resources include:

- Convert Transactional Customers to Programs. The majority of our revenue is derived from program business, although only a small percentage of our customers are considered programmatic. For the years 2020 and 2021, program clients accounted for 77.6% and 75.7% of total revenue, respectively. Less than 350 of our more than 2,000 active customers are considered to be program clients. With a larger sales force and other resources, we believe we can convert more of our customer base from transactional customers into program clients with much greater revenue potential. We define transactional customers as customers that place an order with us and do not have an agreement with us covering ongoing branding requirements. We define program clients as clients that have a contractual obligation for specific ongoing branding needs. Program offerings include ongoing inventory, use of technology platform, warehousing, creative services, and additional client support. Program customers are typically geared towards longer-lasting relationships that help secure recurring revenue well into the future.
- Strengthen Marketing and Social Media Outreach. We plan to expand sales and marketing tools and campaigns to promote the Company, including social media platforms such as Instagram, and other alternative marketing platforms.
- SEO and Inbound Marketing. We plan to enhance our SEO tools to increase web traffic to our website and use of HubSpot Inbound Marketing and similar tools to deliver content and data to drive interest in Stran.

- Tradeshows and Events. We plan to increase our exhibitor presence at appropriate shows and events such as ProcureCon, the National Beer Wholesalers Association (NBWA)'s Annual Convention and Trade Show, and EXHIBITOR LIVE.
- Extend Relationships. We plan to identify and approach more print, fulfillment, and agency collaborators to sell into their customer base.
- *Referrals*. We believe we will generate more customer referrals by offering an enhanced loyalty and customer incentive program.

#### **Products and Services**

Overview

Since our inception over 25 years ago, we have provided clients with marketing services that help drive sales, and make an impact using custom-branded merchandise, commercial print, loyalty and incentive programs, packaging and point of sale solutions while providing a technology solution to deliver these products and services efficiently via our warehouse and fulfillment system.

Our value to our customers is to be an extension of their own teams. We work to understand the different business and marketing goals of each customer and provide solutions that incorporate technology, human capital, and physical branded goods to solve their business challenges. This model of outsourced combined marketing and programmanagement services is unique in the promotional products industry, which is dominated by online e-tailers, franchisees, and mom-and-pop businesses. To achieve this value, we have built the internal resources, knowledge, and processes to support our clients with more than just commodity items.

We are both program managers and creative marketers, having developed multiple teams within our organization to specialize and focus our efforts on supporting customers with the specific support that they need:

- Operations and e-commerce teams create custom-tailored technology solutions that enable our clients to view, manage and distribute branded merchandise to their appropriate audience in an efficient and cost-effective manner.
- Account teams work with client stakeholders to understand goals, objectives, marketing and human-resources initiatives, and the ongoing management of the account.
- In-house creative agency and product merchandising teams support the account team to provide unique and custom product ideas along with additional design services such as billboards, annual reports, and digital ad assets.
- Merchandising team as well as members of our account teams attend trade shows domestically and internationally across a variety of markets, allowing us to provide a
  diverse assortment of product offerings to our clients.
- Technology and program teams offer technology solutions to help efficiently manage the order process, view products and inventory available, distribute products in the most cost-effective manner, and provide reports and metrics on the activity of the account.

We work closely with industrial designers of several of our key collaborators to understand the research and trends that are influencing product development in the six- to 18month window ensuring that our team is up-to-date on trends in the industry.

#### **Promotional Product Programs**

We run complex corporate promotional marketing programs for clients across many different industry verticals. Most of our clients take advantage of all the services we provide; however, at the core of every program are the promotional products themselves. Our team works diligently to stay on point with the current trends so our clients' branded products are relevant. We distribute a wide variety of promotional products to our customers, with the most popular promotional products including wearables, writing utensils, drinkware, technology and events-related products.

## Loyalty and Incentives Programs

We build custom solutions for customers looking to drive either customer or employee behavior. We help our customers build a customer loyalty program or an employee incentive program that meets each customer's specific needs. Our solutions can include gamification tools, social media integration, and a points-based plan that rewards clients' users with a combination of physical products, digital rewards, gift cards, and experiential rewards nurturing loyalty to their brand. For example, we worked closely with a global producer of vaccines and medicines for animals, to design and implement a two-tier incentive program in which, on one tier, veterinarians were incentivized to purchase from our customer through providing them with promotional branded products, and, on a second tier, a loyalty points program featuring prepaid debit card rewards for end-user pet owners who buy their products.

In developing our loyalty and incentive offering Stran has taken a similar approach as we have in other areas of our business. Instead of developing our own internal solutions organically, we have sought out relationships with businesses with a variety of offerings that meet the very different needs of each of our customers. In some small cases where a client is looking for a very simple solution, we may make use of our existing e-commerce platform developed with Adobe Inc.'s open-source, Magento software, and suppliers from within the promotional products industry. In other cases where the customer is looking for a more well-developed incentive program that incorporates both an incentive structure and a rewards offering, Stran has contracted with Carlton One Engagement Corporation, or CarltonOne, a large provider of Internet-based employee reward management platforms. CarltonOne's technology solutions are robust and constantly evolving to meet the changing needs of incentive users. Their model is to collaborate with value-added resellers like Stran who bring addition resources, knowledge and skill sets to create custom solutions.

Under our agreement with CarltonOne, dated as of January 20, 2021, we are an authorized reseller of CarletonOne's brands of software-as-a-solution, or SaaS, employee loyalty and incentive programs to our customers. As an authorized reseller, CarltonOne will offer exclusive rights to any contracted clients but will not prevent other authorized resellers from calling on any protected customers. We will receive commissions from CarletonOne for any customers that we successfully sign up for CarletonOne's SaaS services. The agreement is for two years and renews for consecutive one-year periods unless terminated in writing by either party. The commission percentage is generally 25%.

#### Packaging and Point of Sale

Presentation makes all the difference. Clever and custom packaging point of sale, or POS displays are essentials for elevating brand awareness and critical for driving sales. From packaging of corporate merchandise and promotional products to developing custom POS displays, clients come to us when they want to stand out and show the quality that their brands offer. We produce custom packaging and POS projects domestically as well as overseas for larger-run custom programs for many of our clients.

## Commercial and Digital Printing

Printed informational materials used for marketing, or marketing collateral, such as business cards and brochures, are an essential component to effectively conveying information and marketing messages, and arguably all businesses use some form of marketing collateral. When a customer needs print collateral, our digital print-on-demand options route their orders through our technology platform and to our network of commercial printers to ensure that our customers can print each piece of collateral in the most effective and efficient manner. By offering print management with our promotional branded merchandise solutions, we help our customers create impactful presentations and mailings through the most efficient processes.

## Warehouse and Fulfillment

We offer a global solution for warehousing and fulfillment through a network of fulfillment providers including a nearly ten-year relationship with industry leader Harte Hanks. These long-standing, strategic relationships provide our clients with process-driven fulfillment solutions that are scalable to meet client needs including real-time inventory reporting, climate-controlled facilities, high-value product security, storage, digital print-on-demand, and direct-mail solutions. Our custom front-end technology solution is directly integrated with the warehouse management software of our strategic global warehouse collaborators.

#### Technology

Our custom-developed e-commerce Magento platform allows our customers to manage all facets of their marketing program, linking branded merchandise, print, event assets, customer relationship management, or CRM, loyalty and incentives in a single solution. Our platform creates cost savings, increasing market efficiencies and brand consistency. With real-time accessibility to the necessary data to operate a complex demanding marketing program including hierarchy user profile groups, multi-lingual, multi-currency, multi-checkout methods and integration into any ERP (SAP, ORACLE, WORKDAY, etc.). Our on-demand mobile reporting dashboard capabilities allows the ability for self-service access within our systems empowering clients with raw data to make informative decisions for their program.

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## Human Capital and Culture

We are more than an efficient distributor or supplier, and we offer our customers more than just products. We help them achieve their marketing and business goals using branded merchandise supported with technology, logistics, creative services, and account support. In order to provide all of these value-added services, we must leverage and cultivate the talent of our employees.

As an organization we encourage our team to engage with professional development opportunities. These opportunities include online courses, webinars, training sessions, and participation in various networking and professional development groups. As such we currently have a member of our team who serves on the board of directors for NEPPA (New England Promotional Products Association), a regional trade association, as well as another employee who is the current Board President of SAAGNY (Specialty Advertising Association of Greater New York), another regional trade association. Empowering our team to grow their own careers helps ensure that we are more knowledgeable, experienced, and engaged.

#### Pricing

As a large and growing firm with over 500 suppliers and due to our membership in Facilisgroup, Stran has the purchasing power to receive advantageous pricing, helping us with price-sensitive bids. Facilisgroup is a buying group of fewer than 1% of distributors in the industry and processed over \$1 billion of sales in 2020. Pursuant to our Sublicense Agreement, we may access Facilisgroup's @ease proprietary software tools for promotional products business management and analysis and a white labelled, managed, product website which we may use to sell promotional products under our brand. We may also access its "Signature Collection" website which Facilisgroup promises offers the best products and margins. Under our agreement we paid Facilisgroup a one-time fee of \$11,000 and make monthly payments of \$8,000.

In addition to this competitive buying power, Stran has developed factory direct relationships with multiple factories in the U.S. and overseas. These direct relationships require additional vetting, longer production times, and larger production runs. However, we work to blend production from factory direct manufacturing with our other suppliers to continue to drive costs down on commodity-based items. We compete regularly with larger competitors and maintain healthy margins using this strategy for sourcing and procuring products.

## **Supplier and Fulfillment Relationships**

We have formed strategic relationships with fulfillment and commercial print providers in the United States in order to effectively warehouse and distribute merchandise from one or more of our warehouse facilities depending on our customer's requirements. For over 25 years, we have developed these strategic relationships in order to offer our clients a powerful solution for their branded merchandise needs. Together, we have experience in developing custom marketing solutions for our clients and regularly kit together promotional printed items and branded product into a single package. Our expertise in product development and sourcing, technology development, and program management combined with our various collaborators' superior warehousing, logistics, fulfillment, distribution and print services are a competitive advantage.

We offer a global solution for warehousing and fulfillment through a network of fulfillment providers including a nearly ten-year relationship with industry leader Harte Hanks. We buy products and certain raw materials from a supplier network of factories, both domestic and international, as needed. We also outsource certain technology services such as web hosting and data backup. We do not believe that we are dependent on any supplier. Should any of these suppliers terminate their relationship with us or fail to provide the agreed-on services, we believe that there would be sufficient alternatives to continue to meet customer demand and comply with our contractual obligations without interruption.

#### Marketing

We have a direct sales team consisting of over 21 outside sales representatives and 22 in-house sales representatives. We incentivize our representatives with a commission structure.

We use social media, email marketing, and traditional networking at trade shows and events. We also rely on referrals to maintain and expand our customer base.

Stran's customer base includes approximately 2,000 active customers and over 30 Fortune 500 companies, servicing a diverse customer base, encompassing pharmaceutical and healthcare, manufacturing, technology, finance, construction and consumer goods. Our active customers are any organizations, businesses, or divisions of a parent organization which have purchased directly or indirectly from us within the last two years, and include organizations that have bought from other organizations for which Stran acts as an established subcontractor. We have long-term contracts with many of our customers, though most do not have minimum guarantees. We have ongoing contracts with clientele in such industries as financial services, consumer packaged goods, retail clothing and accessories, pet food and medicine, fitness, child care, retail hardware, fast food franchises, health care, and environmental services. Contracts are often multi-year and auto-renewing. Our average contract lifespan is approximately 10 years. Alternatively, we do have inventory guarantees where the customer must purchase any inventory held by us that has been purchased on their behalf within the contractual time periods. Our active customers may be broken into two main categories, transactional clients and program clients.

We have also been retained for some very large promotional campaigns. For example, during 2019-2020, we were engaged by a Washington, D.C.-based advertising and marketing company leading a nationwide awareness-generating initiative for the 2020 U.S. Census. With our nationwide network of collaborator vendors and suppliers, we delivered a total array of approximately 16 million products printed with various logos in 15 different languages, in all 50 states and 5 U.S. territories, all aimed at increasing public participation in the U.S. Census. This campaign generated approximately \$15 million in revenues over that time period, as well as an all-time high self-response rate for the U.S. Census. During 2020, this contract represented approximately 27.1% of our overall revenues. However, we treat these revenues as nonrecurring. The customer that engaged us in this regard will not renew their engagement with us due to the U.S. Census only occurring once every ten years. As a result, these nonrecurring revenue increases have not recurred, are not expected to recur, and do not represent our long-term growth expectations.

During 2020, sales to The TJX Companies, Inc. (NYSE: TJX), or TJX, were 10.1% of total revenue. All other customers generated less than 4% of sales, and the vast majority generated less than 1% of sales. During 2021, sales to TJX were 7.5% of total revenue. All other customers generated less than 5.5% of sales, and the vast majority generated less than 1% of sales.

While our customer contracts are typically auto-renewing and we have many long-term established customer relationships, most of our customer contracts do not have any minimum or exclusive purchase guarantees, other than as to inventory already ordered by them or their program participants. There is no assurance of recurring revenues. We are not dependent on any particular customer or group of customers, and our highest-grossing contracts may change from year to year due to client brand initiatives.

We do business principally with customers based in the United States, although we also provide e-store, logistical support and other promotional services for client programs in Canada and Europe.

#### **Online** Store

We have been a leader in the use of technology to offer our clients an online platform to more efficiently manage their promotional marketing programs and to give them the ability to sell branded merchandise directly to consumers. We launched our first online store for one of our clients in 1999. Today we offer a custom-built technology platform which offers a B2C (business-to-consumer) retail shopping experience combined with all of the back-end functionality required of a powerful B2B (business-to-business) marketing services platform. Our technology platform services over 280 online stores for our clients.

Our Online Store Account Managers are responsible for ensuring that our stores are up to date with all products, images, and descriptions. As new products are approved to be added to the online store, our account manager will work the appropriate resources to prep the images, write the descriptions and upload the images. Typically, this process will take 24-48 hours. For inventoried products, we typically do not make the products live on the website until they have been received into inventory and are ready to be fulfilled.

If there is an issue with an online store order regarding payment or checkout, the user can contact the appropriate client team who will help troubleshoot the issue or manually place the order. If there is a back-order situation where an order would not be able to ship complete or on time, our Client Services team will review the order and advise the customer on the best and timeliest options to fulfill the order.

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#### Competition

Our major competitors for our promotional products business include larger companies such as 4Imprint Group plc, Brand Addition Limited (The Pebble Group plc), BAMKO LLC (Superior Group of Companies, Inc.), Staples Promotional Products (Staples, Inc.), Boundless Network, Inc. (Zazzle Inc.) and HALO Branded Solutions, Inc. We also compete with a multitude of foreign, regional and local competitors that vary by market. If our existing or future competitors seek to gain or retain market share by reducing prices, we may be required to lower our prices, which would adversely affect our operating results. Similarly, if customers or potential customers perceive the products or services offered by our existing or future competitors to be of higher quality than ours or part of a broader product mix, our revenues may decline, which would adversely affect our operating results.

#### **Our Program Management**

We are experienced and industry-leading program managers who integrate all aspects of a successful program. Our program team works hand in hand with our account teams to drive the processes and procedures that ensure we are effectively managing our programs. For Stran, program management is built upon six key building blocks:



- Creative Products. We approach promotion marketing, branded merchandise, and loyalty and incentives with the structure and vision of an ad agency. We have built a robust creative and merchandising team that works collaboratively with our account teams to bring fresh ideas and identify future trends for each of our program clients. We proactively develop merchandising plans, source products, offer individual personalization, understand trends, and make continuous improvements to the product offering based on user demand and marketing goals. We also offer multiple procurement methods within the same platform. These include inventoried products, made-to-order products, and personalized products. Our approach is to utilize all three procurement methods within a single program to take advantage of the benefits each method offers. In addition to these three procurement models, Stran has developed strong factory direct relationships with factories around the globe. We utilize these relationships to help drive down costs for our clients. In order to ensure that we can bring products to market quickly and reduce the possibility of backorders, Stran uses a blended approach to sourcing. We work with our domestic supply base to bookend our overseas inventory purchases. Stran purchases and owns inventory for many clients. This benefits our customers by allowing for budget flexibility and a pay-as-you-go model, resulting in reduced upfront costs and streamlined accounting and reporting.
- Robust Technology. We have developed our own custom technology platform based on Magento Open Source, an open-sourced software e-commerce platform. Using Magento we have been able to build a custom solution that meets the very distinctive needs of each of our clients. Stran is constantly making improvements and enhancements to our technology offerings. Client stores feature the ability to purchase a combination of inventoried products in addition to on-demand, and personalized products. The front-end responsive design ensures an impressive mobile experience. Our platform is user-friendly and easy to use while robust enough to offer many of the requirements needed in a traditional B2B solution. The requirements can include allocation to cost centers, departments, or general ledger codes; approval hierarchies; varied product selection or pricing by user group; and robust reporting. Our custom-built platform is also tied directly into our fulfilment center system for streamlined flow of data and we are capable to tying our platform into third party software such as Salesforce as well as accounting and procurement software.

Global Distribution. We offer a global solution for warehousing and fulfillment through a network of industry-leading fulfillment providers including a close working relationship with Harte Hanks, an industry leader in warehousing, fulfillment, print-on-demand, direct mail, and kitting. The relationship between Stran and Harte Hanks has been fine-tuned over a nearly ten-year period and allows Stran to do what we do best, which is the creativity, product procurement, technology and account management while allowing Harte Hanks to do what they do best, which is process-driven fulfillment. Through our longstanding relationship with Harte Hanks we have developed integrated account management teams which ensures that while the customer has a large and diverse account team to support all their program needs, they also have a single account director responsible for all aspects of their program.

Under our agreement with Harte Hanks, as amended and supplemented, we may subcontract to Harte Hanks one or multiple functions as appropriate, such as e-store website setup; ongoing website inventory management services; monthly account management services; and print-on-demand, warehousing, fulfillment, pick/pack/ship, and other inventory management services. Costs and fees depend on types of services provided and any special or custom work that we request on behalf of our customers.

- Proactive Customer Services. Customer service is a key component of the overall success of an organization. Each account is assigned a single dedicated account director who is responsible for all aspects of the customer's program. This account director is supported by an online store account manager, a special-order account manager, a fulfillment account manager, account coordinators, a merchandiser, art team support, operations team support, and accounting support. The customer's account director works with program stakeholders on weekly status calls, quarterly business reviews and an annual review. We also use customer feedback surveys periodically to gain insight from the power users of the customer' program and we have a formal corrective action process to address any issues that are not caught through our proactive efforts.
- Compliance. We take issues of compliance very seriously. We recognize that we are an extension of the customer's brand, and our systems are built to ensure full compliance around brand standards, quality and safety of products and the meeting of industry/firm rules. Stran has since begun a process to become rated and certified by EcoVadis (https://ecovadis.com/), which considers itself the world's largest and most trusted provider of business sustainability ratings. We expect that the evaluation of our policies, processes, and procedures by EcoVadis to be completed in 2022.

We began the process of joining and submitting documentation to Ecovadis for review in early 2021 to replace our involvement with the Quality Certification Alliance (QCA) which folded its operations in August of 2020. In 2017, Stran was one of only 13 distributors in the United States (out of over 30,000 according to PPAI) that was voted onto the Distributor Advisory Council (DAC) of the Quality Certification Alliance (QCA). QCA was a third-party, non-profit organization whose mission was focused solely on accrediting manufacturers' processes in the areas of product safety and quality, social responsibility, supply chain security, and environmental impact. Stran has developed a well-defined vendor management program which is taken from QCA's protocols developed from dozens of years of best practices across the industry. Once a supplier has been approved by Stran, we require regular updates to site audits and require testing on products as they are manufactured.

• Integration. Offering our clients an industry-leading technology platform that stands alone only adds so much value. We have worked to ensure that our platform can be easily integrated with as many other technology platforms used by our clients as possible. This helps our clients in many different ways depending on the specific integrations. We can integrate with various CRM or marketing automation platforms to help our clients track and measure who is using the marketing assets that we provide and how they are performing. We can also integrate with a number of different accounting and procurement systems. This helps our clients better control their spend as well as account for their spend. By forming a close working relationship with worldwide logistics leader Harte Hanks as our warehouse collaborator, we offer the most robust warehousing, fulfillment, kitting, and other logistics capabilities available domestically and internationally. In addition to their multiple U.S. locations for warehousing and fulfillment, Harte Hanks is a leader in print-on-demand and direct mail. Harte Hanks completes over 3 million on-time shipments of time-sensitive materials each year. Being able to integrate print, product, packaging, kitting, and direct mail, we help our client be more impactful and efficient with their promotional marketing efforts.

## **Intellectual Property**

We conduct our business using the registered trademark "STRÄN" and the registered trade name "Stran Promotional Solutions". We also use the unregistered logo "STRÄN promotional solutions".

To protect our intellectual property, we rely on a combination of laws and regulations, as well as contractual restrictions. Federal trademark law protects our registered trademark STRÄN and may protect our unregistered logo "STRÄN promotional solutions". We also rely on the protection of laws regarding unregistered copyrights for certain content we create and trade secret laws to protect our proprietary technology including our e-commerce platform and new ERP system currently under development. To further protect our intellectual property, we enter into confidentiality agreements with our executive officers and directors.

#### Facilities

We are headquartered in Quincy, Massachusetts, where we occupy approximately 10,000 square feet of office space pursuant to a lease that is expected to expire in May 2025. Our management team, client service team, marketing, operations, and sales team are all primarily based in this office.

We lease satellite office space in Warsaw, Indiana; Southport, Connecticut; and Mt. Pleasant, South Carolina. Our employees also work remotely from nine additional locations around the United States using other facilities.

We believe that all our properties have been adequately maintained, are generally in good condition, and are suitable and adequate for our businesses.

#### Seasonality and Cyclicality

Our business is generally not subject to seasonal fluctuations. While certain customers have seasonal businesses, the promotional products industry overall is not. Our net sales and profits sometimes are impacted by the holiday selling season.

Portions of the promotional products industry are cyclical in nature. Generally, when economic conditions are favorable, the industry tends to perform well. When the economy is weak or if there are economic disturbances that create uncertainty with corporate profits, the promotional products industry tends to experience low or negative growth.

#### Security

We regularly receive and store information about our customers, vendors and other third parties. We have programs in place to detect, contain, and respond to data security incidents. However, because the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access, disable or degrade service, or sabotage systems change frequently and may be difficult to detect for long periods of time, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or implement adequate preventive measures. In addition, hardware, software, or applications we develop or procure from third parties or through open-source solutions may contain defects in design or manufacture or other problems that could unexpectedly compromise information security. Unauthorized parties may also attempt to gain access to our systems or facilities, or those of third parties with whom we do business, through fraud, trickery, or other forms of deceiving our team members, contractors, and vendors.

## Employees

As of June 9, 2022, we employed 93 employees and had one independent contractor executive officer, all of whom are full-time.

We do not believe any of our employees are represented by labor unions, and we believe that we have an excellent relationship with our employees.

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#### Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. We are not currently aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

#### Regulation

#### **Trade Regulations**

As disclosed above, our suppliers generally source or manufacture finished goods in parts of the world that may be affected by the imposition of duties, tariffs or other import regulations by the United States. The Company believes that its redundant network of suppliers provide sufficient capacity to mitigate any dependency risks on a single supplier.

We buy promotional products from suppliers or factories both domestically and internationally as needed. We do not depend on any single supplier. However, if we are unable to continue to obtain our finished products from international locations or if our suppliers are unable to source raw materials, it could significantly disrupt our business. Further, we are affected by economic, political and other conditions in the United States and internationally, including those resulting in the imposition or increase of import duties, tariffs and other import regulations and widespread health emergencies, which could have a material adverse effect on our business.

## Laws and Regulations Relating to E-Commerce

Our business is subject to a variety of laws and regulations applicable to companies conducting business on the Internet. Jurisdictions vary as to how, or whether, existing laws governing areas such as personal privacy and data security, consumer protection or sales and other taxes, among other areas, apply to the Internet and e-commerce, and these laws are continually evolving. For example, certain applicable privacy laws and regulations require us to provide customers with our policies on sharing information with third parties, and advance notice of any changes to these policies. Related laws may govern the manner in which we store or transfer sensitive information or impose obligations on us in the event of a security breach or inadvertent disclosure of such information. Additionally, tax regulations in jurisdictions where we do not currently collect state or local taxes may subject us to the obligation to collect and remit such taxes, or to additional taxes, or to requirements intended to assist jurisdictions with their tax collection efforts.

The production, distribution and sale in the United States of many of our products are subject to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, the Federal Trade Commission Act, the Lanham Act, state consumer protection laws, competition laws, federal, state and local workplace health and safety laws, various federal, state and local environmental protection laws, various other federal, state and local statutes applicable to the production, transportation, sale, safety, advertising, labeling and ingredients of such products, and rules and regulations adopted pursuant to these laws. Outside the United States, the distribution and sale of our many products and related operations are also subject to numerous similar and other statutes and regulations.

A California law known as Proposition 65 requires a specific warning to appear on any product containing a component listed by the state as having been found to cause cancer or birth defects. The state maintains lists of these substances and periodically adds other substances to these lists. Proposition 65 exposes all food and beverage producers to the possibility of having to provide warnings on their products in California because it does not provide for any generally applicable quantitative threshold below which the presence of a listed substance is exempt from the warning requirement. Consequently, the detection of even a trace amount of a listed substance can subject an affected product to the requirement of a warning label. However, Proposition 65 does not require a warning if the manufacturer of a product can demonstrate that the use of that product exposes consumers to a daily quantity of a listed substance that is:

- below a "safe harbor" threshold that may be established;
- naturally occurring;
- the result of necessary cooking; or
- subject to another applicable exemption.

In January 2019, New York State's governor announced the "Consumer Right to Know Act," a proposed law that would impose similar and potentially more stringent labeling requirements than California Proposition 65. The law has not yet been adopted, and to our knowledge California Proposition 65 remains the most onerous state-level chemical exposure labeling statutory scheme. However, due in part to the large size of California's market, promotional products sold or distributed anywhere in the United States may be subject to California Proposition 65.

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We are unable to predict whether a component found in a product that we assisted a client in producing might be added to the California list in the future. Furthermore, we are also unable to predict when or whether the increasing sensitivity of detection methodology may become applicable under this law and related regulations as they currently exist, or as they may be amended.

We are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations, including but not limited to, laws and regulations relating to labor and employment, U.S. customs and consumer product safety, including the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act, or the "CPSIA." The CPSIA created more stringent safety requirements related to lead and phthalates content in children's products. The CPSIA regulates the future manufacture of these items and existing inventories and may cause us to incur losses if we offer for sale or sell any non-compliant items. Failure to comply with the various regulations applicable to us may result in damage to our reputation, civil and criminal liability, fines and penalties and increased cost of regulatory compliance. These current and any future laws and regulations could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Legal requirements apply in various jurisdictions in the United States and overseas requiring deposits or certain taxes or fees be charged for the sale, marketing and use of certain non-refillable beverage containers. The precise requirements imposed by these measures vary. Other types of beverage container-related deposit, recycling, tax and/or product stewardship statutes and regulations also apply in various jurisdictions in the United States and overseas. We anticipate additional, similar legal requirements may be proposed or enacted in the future at local, state and federal levels, both in the United States and elsewhere.

New legislation or regulation, the application of laws from jurisdictions whose laws do not currently apply to our business, or the application of existing laws and regulations to the Internet and e-commerce generally could result in significant additional taxes on our business. Further, we could be subject to fines or other payments for any past failures to comply with these requirements. The continued growth and demand for e-commerce is likely to result in more laws and regulations that impose additional compliance burdens on e-commerce companies.

## Laws and Regulations Relating to Data Privacy

In the ordinary course of our business, we might collect and store in our internal and external data centers, cloud services and networks sensitive data, including our proprietary business information and that of our customers, suppliers and business collaborators, as well as personal information of our customers and employees. The secure processing, maintenance and transmission of this information is critical to our operations and business strategy. The number and sophistication of attempted attacks and intrusions that companies have experienced from third parties has increased over the past few years. Despite our security measures, it is impossible for us to eliminate this risk.

A number of U.S. states have enacted data privacy and security laws and regulations that govern the collection, use, disclosure, transfer, storage, disposal, and protection of personal information, such as social security numbers, financial information and other sensitive personal information. For example, all 50 states and several U.S. territories now have data breach laws that require timely notification to affected individuals, and at times regulators, credit reporting agencies and other bodies, if a company has experienced the unauthorized access or acquisition of certain personal information. Other state laws, particularly the California Consumer Privacy Act, as amended ("CCPA"), among other things, contain disclosure obligations for businesses that collect personal information. Moreover, on January 28, 2022, the California Attorney General announced that certain consumer loyalty programs are subject to the CCPA, which may affect some of our customers who use our loyalty program services if they are found not to comply with the CCPA's requirements. The Virginia Consumer Data Protection Act ("CDPA") also establishes rights for Virginia consumers to control how companies use individuals' personal data. The CDPA dictates how companies must protect personal data in their possession and respond to consumer Privacy Act. Effective July 1, 2023, we will also become subject to the Colorado Privacy Act and Connecticut's An Act Concerning Personal Data Privacy and Online Monitoring, which are also comprehensive considered privacy and the COPA. We will continue to monitor and assess the impact of these laws, which may impose substantial penalties for violations, impose significant costs for investigations and consuler privacy Act, negarding business and the collicate or anoticut's An Act Concerning Personal Data Privacy and Online Monitoring, which are also comprehensive consumer privacy laws. Effective December 31, 2023, we will also become subject to the COPA. We will continue to monitor and assess the impact of the

Outside of the U.S., data protection laws, including the EU General Data Protection Regulation (the "GDPR"), also might apply to some of our operations or business collaborators. Legal requirements in these countries relating to the collection, storage, processing and transfer of personal data/information continue to evolve. The GDPR imposes, among other things, data protection requirements that include strict obligations and restrictions on the ability to collect, analyze and transfer EU personal data/information, a requirement for prompt notice of data breaches to data subjects and supervisory authorities in certain circumstances, and possible substantial fines for any violations (including possible fines for certain violations of up to the greater of 20 million Euros or 4% of total company revenue). Other governmental authorities around the world have enacted or are considering similar types of legislative and regulatory proposals concerning data protection.

The interpretation and enforcement of the laws and regulations described above are uncertain and subject to change, and may require substantial costs to monitor and implement and maintain adequate compliance programs. Failure to comply with U.S. and international data protection laws and regulations could result in government enforcement actions (which could include substantial civil and/or criminal penalties), private litigation and/or adverse publicity and could negatively affect our operating results and business.

## Environmental Regulations

We use certain plastic, glass, fabric, metal and other products in our business which may be harmful if released into the environment. In view of the nature of our business, compliance with federal, state, and local laws regulating the discharge of materials into the environment, or otherwise relating to the protection of the environment, has had no material effect upon our operations or earnings, and we do not expect it to have a material impact in the foreseeable future.

#### Tax Laws and Regulations

Changes in tax laws or regulations in the jurisdictions in which we do business, including the United States, or changes in how the tax laws are interpreted, could further impact our effective tax rate, further restrict our ability to repatriate undistributed offshore earnings, or impose new restrictions, costs or prohibitions on our current practices and reduce our net income and adversely affect our cash flows.

We are also subject to tax audits in the United States and other jurisdictions and our tax positions may be challenged by tax authorities. Although we believe that our current tax provisions are reasonable and appropriate, there can be no assurance that these items will be settled for the amounts accrued, that additional tax exposures will not be identified in the future or that additional tax reserves will not be necessary for any such exposures. Any increase in the amount of taxation incurred as a result of challenges to our tax filing positions could result in a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

#### **Other Regulations**

We are subject to international, federal, national, regional, state, local and other laws and regulations affecting our business, including those promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, the Consumer Product Safety Act, the Flammable Fabrics Act, the Textile Fiber Product Identification Act, the rules and regulations of the Consumer Products Safety Commission, the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 (FCPA), various securities laws and regulations including but not limited to the Exchange Act, the Securities Act, and the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC Rules, various labor, workplace and related laws, and environmental laws and regulations. Failure to comply with such laws and regulations may expose us to potential liability and have an adverse effect on our results of operations.

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#### **Corporate History and Structure**

Our company was incorporated in the State of Massachusetts on November 17, 1995 under the name "Strän & Company, Inc." We also use the registered trade name "Stran Promotional Solutions".

On September 26, 2020, we acquired certain assets including the customer account managers and customer base of the Wildman Imprints promotional products business division of Wildman Business Group, LLC, or WBG

On May 24, 2021, we changed our state of incorporation to the State of Nevada by merging intoStran & Company, Inc., a Nevada corporation that was incorporated on May 19, 2021, and changed the spelling of our nameto "Stran & Company, Inc." In addition, on May 24, 2021, our authorized capital stock changed from 200,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value, to 350,000,000 shares, consisting of 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 50,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. At the same time, we also completed a 100,000-for-1 forward stock split of our outstanding common stock for each previously outstanding share of common stock of our predecessor Massachusetts company. As a result of this split, our issued and outstanding common stock increased from 100 shares to 10,000,000 shares, all of which were then held by our Executive Chairman, Andrew Stranberg.

On January 31, 2022, we acquired the branding, marketing and promotional products and services business assets of G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability company, or G.A.P. Promotions.

As of the date of this prospectus, we have no subsidiaries.

For further discussion of our corporate history and structure, please see the sections 'Corporate History and Structure' and "Executive Compensation - Employment Agreements" in this prospectus.

Our principal executive offices are located at 2 Heritage Drive, Suite 600, Quincy, MA 02171 and our telephone number is 800-833-3309. We maintain a website at https://www.stran.com/. Information available on our website is not incorporated by reference in and is not deemed a part of this prospectus. Our fiscal year ends December 31. Neither we nor any of our predecessors have been in bankruptcy, receivership or any similar proceeding.

## **Directors and Executive Officers**

Set forth below is information regarding our directors and executive officers as of the date of this prospectus.

Name	Age	Position
Andrew Stranberg	50	Executive Chairman, Treasurer, Secretary, and Director
Andrew Shape	48	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Christopher Rollins	57	Chief Financial Officer
Randolph Birney	46	Executive Vice President
John Audibert	35	Vice President of Growth and Strategic Initiatives
Stephen Paradiso	66	Chief of Staff
Jason Nolley	44	Chief Technology Officer
Sheila Johnshoy	49	Chief Operating Officer
Travis McCourt	38	Director
Alan Chippindale	63	Director
Alejandro Tani	49	Director
Ashley Marshall	36	Director

*Andrew Stranberg* co-founded our Company and has served as our Executive Chairman since 1995. From 1995 to January 2020, Mr. Stranberg was also our Chief Executive Officer. In 1995, Mr. Stranberg founded Stran Capital LLC, a family office, and has since been its Chief Executive Officer. From 1997 to 2016 he served as Chairman of STRAN Technologies IT Services, LLC, a U.S.-based producer of harsh environment and tactical interconnect products and services, and which was sold to Corning (NYSE:GLW) in 2016. From 2012 to November 2019, Mr. Stranberg was the founder and manager of Stran Maritime LLC for a joint venture with Atlas Maritime Ltd., an international shipping company, to conduct a joint purchase of two ships. Mr. Stranberg is a graduate of the University of New Hampshire Peter T. Paul College of Business and Economics. We believe that Mr. Stranberg is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his deep knowledge of Stran and his long executive and board experience with us since his co-founding of the Company.

*Andrew Shape* has over 25 years of merchandising, marketing, branding, licensing, and management experience. He is our co-founder and since 1996 has served as our President, Chief Executive Officer and director. From July 2018 to February 2021, Mr. Shape also served as the Chief Executive Officer and President and a director of Long Blockchain Corp., a Delaware corporation, or LBCC, in connection with a business co-managed with LBCC for its subsidiary Stran Loyalty Group Inc., a Delaware corporation, or SLG, that was focused on co-managing our loyalty and gift card programs. From June 2018 through January 2022, Mr. Shape served as a Director for Naked Brand Group, a Nasdaq-listed leading intimate apparel and swimwear company. Prior to forming Stran, from August 1995 to September 1996, Mr. Shape worked at Copithorne & Bellows Public Relations (a Porter Novelli company) as an Account Executive covering the technology industry. Mr. Shape holds a BA degree from the University of New Hampshire. We believe that Mr. Shape is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his deep knowledge of Stran, his industry expertise, and his experience as a director on other Nasdaq listed companies.

*Christopher Rollins* has been our Chief Financial Officer since November 2021. Previously, Mr. Rollins had been our Vice President of Finance and Administration since February 2016. Prior to joining Stran in January 2015, Mr. Rollins was Director of Accounting for Northeast Region of Toshiba Business Solutions from January 2011 through October 2014 and VP of Finance of Yardi Systems from April 2007 through December 2010. He held additional positions as Controller of Powerhouse Technology, Senior Financial Accountant for Saucony, and Portfolio Accountant for Putnam Investments. Mr. Rollins holds a B.S. in Finance, Accounting and Investments from Babson College.

*Randolph Birney* has been our Executive Vice President since 2015, and was one of our Sales Executives from 1999 to 2015. His role is focused on business development and strategic vision. In addition to these responsibilities, he is instrumental in managing the day-to-day business of multiple large retail and consumer-based program accounts. Mr. Birney holds a BA from the University of New Hampshire.

John Audibert has been our Vice President of Strategy and Growth Initiatives since March 2020. Mr. Audibert has over 12 years of investment banking, corporate finance and strategy consulting experience. He has been the President of Josselin Capital Advisors, Inc., since October 2019, which provides consulting services to high-growth businesses in the consumer sector. He was formerly President of Woodland Way Advisors, Inc., a consulting firm, from January 2015 through December 2020. Mr. Audibert previously worked in the investment banking group of Sandler O'Neill + Partners, L.P. where he provided merger and acquisition advisory as well as capital raising services to middle-market clients. Prior to joining Sandler O'Neill, he was a strategic consultant at Putnam Associates where he advised companies in the pharmaceutical, biotechnology and medical device industries. Mr. Audibert received a bachelor's degree with a concentration in finance from the Carroll School of Management at Boston College. Mr. Audibert was an employee of the Company from March 2020 to May 2021, and since then has continued acting in his current capacity as an independent contractor.

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Stephen Paradiso has been our Chief of Staff since December 2021. From October 2020 to December 2021, Mr. Paradiso acted as a consultant. From December 2012 until he retired early in October 2020, Mr. Paradiso served as president, and from January 2017 also as chief executive officer, of promotional products distributor ePromos Promotional Products, LLC, which was listed on ASI's "Top 40 Distributors 2021". From January 2008 to November 2012, he was chief operating officer, and from January 2007 to May 2008 was president, at promotional products distributor Touchstone Merchandise Group, LLC, which was also listed on ASI's "Top 40 Distributors 2021". From January 1988 to June 2001, Mr. Paradiso was president of Cyrk Inc., formerly a Nasdaq-listed company. Mr. Paradiso was listed in *Counselor* magazine's "Power 50" from 2016 through 2019, ranking him one of the most influential people in the promotional products industry. Mr. Paradiso received a bachelor's degree in Education from Framingham State University.

Jason Nolley has been our Chief of Staff since November 2021. From September 2021 to November 2021, Mr. Nolley was Senior Software Engineer at Sweetwater Sound, Inc., one of the largest online retailers of musical instruments and professional audio equipment in the United States. From October 2018 to September 2021, Mr. Nolley was Technology Solutions Manager of Warsaw, Indiana-based Wildman Business Group, LLC, and from September 2018 to October 2018 was its Web Marketing Manager. From October 2007 to August 2014, he was Solutions Advisor of Lake Nolley Group, LLC. From December 2005 to September 2007, he was Technical Sales & Marketing Manager of Goshen, Indiana-based LCI Shooting Sports. From January 2001 to December 2005, he was Media Developer at South Bend, Indiana-based Force 5 Media. Mr. Nolley earned a B.A. in Telecommunications with a minor in Japanese from Ball State University in June 2000. Mr. Nolley was granted Jitterbit Foundations and Jitterbit Core certifications in 2020 by software developer Jitterbit's Jitterbit University online training program.

Sheila Johnshoy has been our Chief Operating Officer since March 2022. From June 2021 to February 2022, Ms. Johnshoy was Vice President of Sourcing & Merchandising at SwagUp, LLC, a promotional products service organization. From June 2020 to June 2021, Ms. Johnshoy was the owner and consultant at Sheila Johnshoy Consulting LLC. From May 2018 to June 2020, Ms. Johnshoy was Chief Revenue Officer at promotional products distributor ePromos Promotional Products, LLC (ePromos), one of ASI's "Top 40 Distributors 2021". From February 2017 to April 2018, Ms. Johnshoy was Vice President, Merchandising of Vericast's Harland Clarke business. From February 2010 to February 2017, Ms. Johnshoy was Vice President of Marketing at ePromos. Ms. Johnshoy received a Bachelor of Science in Management and Marketing from St. Cloud State University – Herberger Business School, in 1995. Ms. Johnshoy is a 2009 graduate of the Mini MBA Program of the University of St. Thomas – Opus School of Business.

*Travis McCourt* has been a member of our board of directors since November 2021. Mr. McCourt has over 20 years of experience from the financial industry working with companies to optimize their operational and financial procedures. In June 2014, he founded Conchoid Capital Fund where he still serves as a principal. From May 2012 to December 2014, he was a Principal at the investment firm McCourt. From November 2007 to May 2012, he was the Vice President of Alternative Capital Markets at Goldman Sachs. From November 2004 to December 2007, he served as a Front Office Executive for the Los Angeles Dodgers. Mr. McCourt graduated from Georgetown University. We believe that Mr. McCourt is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his investment management, buyout analysis, capital markets, investor relations and other business experience.

*Alan Chippindale* has been a member of our board of directors since November 2021. Mr. Chippindale has been President of Engage & Excel Enterprises Inc., an employee recruitment and M&A consulting company, since July 2017. From January 2008 to June 2017, Mr. Chippindale was Chief Business Development Officer of BrandAlliance Inc., a promotional products distributor. Mr. Chippindale graduated from Bowling Green State University with a bachelor degree in International Business and Marketing. Mr. Chippindale has been listed on the ASI Power 50 five times, was Chief Executive Officer and a director of BrandAlliance Inc., and was President of Proforma Inc. from September 1987 to December 2004. He is a leading business development, recruiting and merger and acquisition consultant for the promotional products industry, a strategic think tank member, and a certified marketing professional. He has managed over 100 business combinations and the recruiting of over 1,000 sales professionals. We believe that Mr. Chippindale is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his leading role in the promotional products industry.

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*Alejandro Tani* became a member of our board of directors in November 2021. Mr. Tani has vast experience from the technology, oil and gas industry and has several successful startups behind him. He is the current owner of Clair Trading, an import and export business since January 2007. He has also been Chief Information Officer and Chief Executive Officer of Innovative Genetics Inc., a packaging and IP company with a biotech arm serving the cannabis industry, and a Director and Partner of Green Beehive II LLC, a cannabis manufacturing company, since February 2017. Mr. Tani graduated from University Catolica Andres Bello - the largest and oldest Catholic university in Venezuela. We believe that Mr. Tani is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his business experience.

*Ashley L. Marshall* has been a member of our board of directors since November 2021. Since November 2021, Ms. Marshall has been a Merchandise Manager at ecommerce furniture and home goods retailer Wayfair. From January 2015 to August 2020, Ms. Marshall was in the following planner positions with off-price apparel retailer The TJX Companies, Inc.: Allocation Analyst, January 2015 to December 2015; Senior Analyst, December 2015 to September 2017; Associate Planner, September 2017 to August 2020. From January 2014 to December 2015, Ms. Marshall was an attorney in the United States Treasury Department. Ms. Marshall earned a Bachelor of Business Administration from the University of Mississippi and a Juris Doctor from The George Washington University Law School. We believe that Ms. Marshall is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to her over five years' experience developing business strategy for TJX, a leading global retailer, and her background in law.

Our directors currently have terms which will end at our next annual meeting of the shareholders or until their successors are elected and qualify, subject to their prior death, resignation or removal. Officers serve at the discretion of the board of directors. There is no arrangement or understanding between any director or executive officer and any other person pursuant to which he was or is to be selected as a director, nominee or officer.

## **Family Relationships**

There are no family relationships among any of our officers or directors.

## **Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings**

To the best of our knowledge, except as described below, none of our directors or executive officers has, during the past ten years:

- been convicted in a criminal proceeding or been subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offences);
- had any bankruptcy petition filed by or against the business or property of the person, or of any partnership, corporation or business association of which he was a
  general partner or executive officer, either at the time of the bankruptcy filing or within two years prior to that time;
- been subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction or federal or state authority, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting, his involvement in any type of business, securities, futures, commodities, investment, banking, savings and loan, or insurance activities, or to be associated with persons engaged in any such activity;
- been found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have
  violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated;
- been the subject of, or a party to, any federal or state judicial or administrative order, judgment, decree, or finding, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated (not including any settlement of a civil proceeding among private litigants), relating to an alleged violation of any federal or state securities or commodities law or regulation, any law or regulation respecting financial institutions or insurance companies including, but not limited to, a temporary or permanent injunction, order of disgorgement or restitution, civil money penalty or temporary or permanent cease-and-desist order, or removal or prohibition order, or any law or regulation prohibiting mail or wire fraud in connection with any business entity; or
- been the subject of, or a party to, any sanction or order, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any self-regulatory organization (as defined in Section 3(a) (26) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(26))), any registered entity (as defined in Section 1(a)(29) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1(a)(29))), or any equivalent exchange, association, entity or organization that has disciplinary authority over its members or persons associated with a member.

## Management's Transactions with Long Blockchain Corp.

We entered into an agreement with Long Blockchain Corp., or LBCC, and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Stran Loyalty Group Inc., or SLG, dated July 26, 2018. According to a Schedule 13D jointly filed by the Company and Mr. Stranberg on August 7, 2018, as of July 26, 2018, Mr. Stranberg owned a total of 4,288,799 shares or approximately 23.6% of LBCC, which included 1,788,799 shares of common stock of LBCC that he previously acquired with his personal funds, and 2,500,000 shares that were required to be issued to the Company on July 26, 2018 which were deemed beneficially owned by Mr. Stranberg as a control person of the Company. According to a proxy statement filed by LBCC on April 19, 2019, as of April 12, 2019, Mr. Stranberg still beneficially owned 4,233,744 shares or approximately 13.5% of LBCC, including the 2,500,000 shares required to be issued to the Company. This agreement between us, LBCC and SLG was terminated as of July 31, 2020, and the Company has not received any of the 2,500,000 shares.

Under the agreement, we were required to provide SLG with certain assets and services for it to operate loyalty and gift card programs for designated program clients. Under

the agreement we were also required to pay SLG all amounts collected by us, other than loyalty card balances, from program clients, and to provide an option to SLG to purchase the operating assets at cost. As compensation, LBCC was required to issue 2,500,000 shares of common stock to us upon signing and certain additional amounts of shares of its common stock to us depending on SLG's net revenue and operating profit for each of the first two years of the contract.

Pursuant to the agreement, Mr. Stranberg entered into a subscription agreement with LBCC under which Mr. Stranberg purchased 1,500,000 additional shares of common stock of LBCC at \$0.40 per share, or \$600,000 in aggregate. According to a Schedule 13D jointly filed by the Company and Mr. Stranberg on August 7, 2018, Mr. Stranberg used personal funds for this purchase. Mr. Stranberg received a three-year warrant from LBCC to purchase an additional 450,000 shares of common stock of LBCC at \$0.50 per share. Pursuant to the terms of the warrant, Mr. Stranberg was not permitted to exercise any portion of the warrant to the extent that after giving effect to such issuance after exercise, Mr. Stranberg (together with his affiliates, and any other persons acting as a group together with Mr. Stranberg or any of his affiliates), would beneficially own in excess of 9.99% of the number of shares outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares issuable upon exercise of the warrant. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, Mr. Stranberg agreed not to sell or transfer the shares and the warrant nuless they are subsequently registered under the Securities Act and under applicable securities laws of certain states, or an exemption from such registration is available. Mr. Stranberg did not exercise the warrant.

Under the agreement, we and our affiliates, including Mr. Stranberg, had the option to purchase up to an additional 1,500,000 shares of common stock of LBCC at \$0.40 per share prior to July 31, 2019, which if exercised in full would have also entitled us to another warrant to purchase up to an amount of common stock of LBCC equal to 30% of the amount that had been purchased. We and our affiliates, including Mr. Stranberg, did not exercise this option.

The agreement automatically renewed for additional one-year terms unless terminated by either party more than 60 days before the end of the term or upon a material breach of contract by the other party. The agreement did not specify the amount of compensation for additional term years.

Under the agreement, SLG was required to reimburse us for certain expenses that we incur as a result of providing the required program services. No amounts were due from SLG as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

As required by the agreement with SLG and LBCC, we entered into a separate lockup agreement, dated July 26, 2018, in which we agreed not to transfer or sell the LBCC shares received upon execution and any LBCC shares received as compensation for the first year until July 31, 2019 and January 31, 2020, respectively, with exceptions for specified permitted transferees.

Other than Mr. Stranberg, as disclosed above, and our Vice President of Strategy and Growth Initiatives, John Audibert, who received a nominal number of shares of LBCC in exchange for services provided during 2018, no other officers, directors or shareholders of the Company are shareholders of LBCC.

## Overlap in Management with Long Blockchain Corp.

In addition to the other terms of the agreement with SLG and LBCC described above, LBCC and our President, Chief Executive Officer and director Andrew Shape entered into an employment agreement dated as of July 26, 2018, pursuant to which Mr. Shape was appointed chief executive officer and chairman of the board of LBCC from July 2018 to February 2021. As a result of his position as both chief executive officer and chairman of the board of LBCC and as our chief executive officer, president and director, our management overlapped with the management of LBCC during that period.

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Under Mr. Shape's employment agreement, Mr. Shape was entitled to \$200,000 annual salary through the equal quarterly issuance of restricted shares of common stock of LBCC at a price per share equal to 85% of the average closing price for ten trading days prior to the end of the quarter, but in any event not less than \$0.30 per share. According to page 8 of a proxy statement filed by LBCC on April 22, 2019, as of April 12, 2019, "437,251 shares were earned by Mr. Shape under his employment agreement dated July 26, 2018, but not yet issued." Pursuant to the employment agreement with LBCC, on May 21, 2019 Mr. Shape was granted a warrant to purchase 2,000,000 shares of common stock of LBCC at a price per share of \$0.25, exercisable from January 18, 2019 to January 17, 2023. Mr. Shape has not exercised the warrant. The employment agreement contained other standard provisions including as to termination, nondisclosure and noncompetition. Mr. Shape resigned from his positions with LBCC as of February 2021 and none of our officers, directors or shareholders have any employment or directorship relationship with LBCC.

## Revocation of Registration of Common Stock of Long Blockchain Corp.

Pursuant to an "Order Instituting Proceedings Pursuant To Section 12(j) Of The Securities Exchange Act Of 1934, Making Findings, And Revoking Registration Of Securities," File No. 3-20228, Administrative Proceeding, Release No. 91174 / February 19, 2021, the SEC found that "[f]rom approximately 2015 to 2017, [LBCC]'s principal business was ready-to-drink beverages. In December 2017, the company changed its name to LBCC and announced that it was shifting its business operations from soft drink production to activities related to blockchain technology. Its blockchain business never became operational. LBCC has common stock registered pursuant to Section 12(g). The common stock of LBCC was registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act and traded on NASDAQ until NASDAQ filed a Form 25 on June 6, 2018 to delist the securities. LBCC stock is currently quoted and on OTC Link whose parent company is OTC Markets Group, Inc." In addition, the SEC found that "LBCC has failed to comply with Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act and Rules 13a-13 thereunder in that it has not filed an annual report on Form 10-K since the period ended December 31, 2017. LBCC is also delinquent in filing quarterly reports, having not filed a Form 10-Q since the period ended September 30, 2018." Based in part on these findings, effective February 22, 2021, the SEC revoked the registration of the common stock of LBCC under the Exchange Act, and its stock is no longer listed or quoted on any securities exchange or trading market.

For further information regarding the matters relating to LBCC, please refer to 'Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions - Transactions with Related Persons''.

## **Corporate Governance**

## **Governance Structure**

We chose to appoint a separate Chairman of the Board who is not our Chief Executive Officer. Our board of directors has made this decision based on their belief that an independent Chairman of the Board can act as a balance to the Chief Executive Officer, who also serves as a non-independent director.

## The Board's Role in Risk Oversight

The board of directors oversees that the assets of our company are properly safeguarded, that the appropriate financial and other controls are maintained, and that our business is conducted wisely and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations and proper governance. Included in these responsibilities is the board's oversight of the various risks facing our company. In this regard, our board seeks to understand and oversee critical business risks. Our board does not view risk in isolation. Risks are considered in virtually every business decision and as part of our business strategy. Our board recognizes that it is neither possible nor prudent to eliminate all risk. Indeed, purposeful and appropriate risk-taking is essential for our company to be competitive on a global basis and to achieve its objectives.

While the board oversees risk management, company management is charged with managing risk. Management communicates routinely with the board and individual directors on the significant risks identified and how they are being managed. Directors are free to, and indeed often do, communicate directly with senior management.

Our board administers its risk oversight function as a whole by making risk oversight a matter of collective consideration. Much of this work has been delegated to

committees, which will meet regularly and report back to the full board. The audit committee oversees risks related to our financial statements, the financial reporting process, accounting and legal matters, the compensation committee evaluates the risks and rewards associated with our compensation philosophy and programs, and the nominating and corporate governance committee evaluates risk associated with management decisions and strategic direction.

#### Independent Directors

Nasdaq's rules generally require that a majority of an issuer's board of directors must consist of independent directors. Prior to November 2021, our board of directors consisted of two (2) directors: Andrew Shape and Andrew Stranberg, neither of whom are independent within the meaning of Nasdaq's rules. Effective November 8, 2021, Ashley Marshall, Travis McCourt, Alan Chippindale and Alejandro Tani were appointed to our board pursuant to independent director agreements to serve as independent directors.

Under the independent director agreements, each independent director will receive an annual cash fee and an initial award of restricted common stock and stock options. We will pay the annual cash compensation fee to each independent director in four equal installments no later than the fifth business day of each calendar quarter commencing in the quarter ending March 31, 2022. We granted the restricted stock and options to the independent directors on November 12, 2021. The cash fee paid to each independent director will be \$20,000 as to Ms. Marshall, \$26,000 as to Mr. McCourt, \$26,000 as to Mr. Chippindale, and \$20,000 as to Mr. Tani. Under their agreements, 2,892 shares of restricted common stock were awarded to each independent director. The restricted stock will vest in four (4) equal quarterly installments commencing in the quarter ending March 31, 2022. The options that were awarded to each independent director may be exercised to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock at the exercise price of \$4.15 per share. The options vest and become exercisable in twelve (12) equal monthly installments over the first year following the date of grant, subject to the respective independent director continuing in service on our board of directors through each such vesting date. The term of each stock option is ten (10) years from the date of grant. We will also reimburse each independent director agreements, we have separately entered into a standard indemnification agreement with each of our independent directors, the term of which began upon November 8, 2021.

As a result of these board changes, our board of directors consists of six (6) directors, four (4) of whom are independent within the meaning of Nasdaq's rules except that Mr. Chippindale will not be determined to meet the independence requirements applicable to our audit committee due to certain fees to which he is entitled. For a discussion of certain consideration relating to transactions with Mr. Chippindale, see the section entitled "*Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions – Transactions with Related Persons*" in this prospectus.

#### **Committees of the Board of Directors**

Our board has established an audit committee, a compensation committee, and a nominating and corporate governance committee, each with its own charter approved by the board. The committee charters have been filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. Each committee's charter is also available on our website at https://www.stran.com/.

In addition, our board of directors may, from time to time, designate one or more additional committees, which shall have the duties and powers granted to it by our board of directors.

#### Audit Committee

Travis McCourt, Alejandro Tani, and Ashley Marshall, each of whom satisfies the "independence" requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act and Nasdaq's rules, serve on our audit committee, with Mr. McCourt serving as the chairman. Our board has determined that Travis McCourt and Alejandro Tani qualify as "audit committee financial experts." The audit committee oversees our accounting and financial reporting processes and the audits of the financial statements of our company.

The audit committee is responsible for, among other things: (i) retaining and overseeing our independent accountants; (ii) assisting the board in its oversight of the integrity of our financial statements, the qualifications, independence and performance of our independent auditors and our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iii) reviewing and approving the plan and scope of the internal and external audit; (iv) pre-approving any audit and non-audit services provided by our independent auditors; (v) approving the fees to be paid to our independent auditors; (vi) reviewing with our chief executive officer and principal financial officer and independent auditors the adequacy and effectiveness of our internal controls; (vii) reviewing hedging transactions; and (viii) reviewing and assessing annually the audit committee's performance and the adequacy of its charter.

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## Compensation Committee

Alan Chippindale, Travis McCourt and Alejandro Tani, each of whom satisfies the "independence" requirements of Rule 10C-1 under the Exchange Act and Nasdaq's rules, serve on our compensation committee, with Mr. Chippindale serving as the chairman. The members of the compensation committee are also "non-employee directors" within the meaning of Section 16 of the Exchange Act. The compensation committee assists the board in reviewing and approving the compensation structure, including all forms of compensation, relating to our directors and executive officers.

The compensation committee is responsible for, among other things: (i) reviewing and approving the remuneration of our executive officers; (ii) making recommendations to the board regarding the compensation of our independent directors; (iii) making recommendations to the board regarding equity-based and incentive compensation plans, policies and programs; and (iv) reviewing and assessing annually the compensation committee's performance and the adequacy of its charter.

## Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

Alejandro Tani, Ashley Marshall, and Alan Chippindale, each of whom satisfies the "independence" requirements of Nasdaq's rules, serve on our nominating and corporate governance committee, with Mr. Tani serving as the chairman. The nominating and corporate governance committee assists the board of directors in selecting individuals qualified to become our directors and in determining the composition of the board and its committees.

The nominating and corporate governance committee is responsible for, among other things: (i) identifying and evaluating individuals qualified to become members of the board by reviewing nominees for election to the board submitted by shareholders and recommending to the board director nominees for each annual meeting of shareholders and for election to fill any vacancies on the board; (ii) advising the board with respect to board organization, desired qualifications of board members, the membership, function, operation, structure and composition of committees (including any committee authority to delegate to subcommittees), and self-evaluation and policies; (iii) advising on matters relating to corporate governance and monitoring developments in the law and practice of corporate governance; (iv) overseeing compliance with our code of ethics; and (v) approving any related-party transactions.

The nominating and corporate governance committee's methods for identifying candidates for election to our board of directors (other than those proposed by our shareholders, as discussed below) will include the solicitation of ideas for possible candidates from a number of sources, including members of our board of directors, our executives, individuals personally known to the members of our board of directors, and other research. The nominating and corporate governance committee may also, from time to time, retain one or more third-party search firms to identify suitable candidates.

In making director recommendations, the nominating and corporate governance committee may consider some or all of the following factors: (i) the candidate's judgment, skill, experience with other organizations of comparable purpose, complexity and size, and subject to similar legal restrictions and oversight; (ii) the interplay of the candidate's experience with the experience of other board members; (iii) the extent to which the candidate would be a desirable addition to the board and any committee thereof; (iv) whether or not the person has any relationships that might impair his or her independence; and (v) the candidate's ability to contribute to the effective management of our company, taking into account the needs of our company and such factors as the individual's experience, perspective, skills and knowledge of the industry in which we operate.

A shareholder may nominate one or more persons for election as a director at an annual meeting of shareholders if the shareholder complies with the notice and information provisions contained in our bylaws. Such notice must be in writing to our Company not later than the close of business on the ninetieth (90th) day nor earlier than the close of business on the one-hundred-twentieth (120th) day prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, however, that in the event that the date of the annual meeting is advanced more than thirty (30) days prior to or delayed by more than thirty (30) days after the anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, however, that in the event that the date of the shockholder to be timely must be so delivered not earlier than the close of business on the one hundred twentieth (120th) day prior to such annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the one hundred twentieth (120th) day prior to such annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the one hundred twentieth (120th) day one earlier than the close of business on the one hundred twentieth (120th) day prior to such annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the one hundred twentieth (120th) day prior to such annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the date of such meeting is first made or as otherwise required by the Exchange Act. In addition, shareholders furnishing such notice must be a holder of record on both (i) the date of delivering such notice and (ii) the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to vote at such meeting.

#### **Material Changes to Director Nomination Procedures**

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to our board of directors since such procedures were last disclosed.

#### **Code of Ethics**

We have adopted a code of ethics that applies to all of our directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer. Such code of ethics addresses, among other things, honesty and ethical conduct, conflicts of interest, compliance with laws, regulations and policies, including disclosure requirements under the federal securities laws, and reporting of violations of the code.

A copy of the code of ethics has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. We are required to disclose any amendment to, or waiver from, a provision of our code of ethics applicable to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer, controller, or persons performing similar functions. To date, there have been no waivers under our code of ethics. We undertake to use our website as a method of disseminating this disclosure as well as by SEC filings, as permitted or required by applicable SEC rules. Any such disclosure will be posted to our website within four (4) business days following the date of any such amendment to, or waiver from, a provision of our code of ethics.

## EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

## Summary Compensation Table - Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

The following table sets forth information concerning all cash and non-cash compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to the named persons for services rendered in all capacities during the noted periods. No other executive officers received total annual salary and bonus compensation in excess of \$100,000.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Andrew Shape,	2021	386,154	-	-	-	4,846(1)	391,000
President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	2020	335,000	187,746	-	-	6,750(1)	529,496
Andrew Stranberg,	2021	518,964	-	-	-	-	518,964
Executive Chairman and Director	2020	300,000	250,000	-	-	-	550,000
Randolph Birney,	2021	289,615	-	-	-	9,000(1)	298,615
Executive Vice President	2020	285,000	180,009	-	-	6,750(1)	471,759
Christopher Rollins,	2021	211,202	32,857	14,854	144,955	3,600(2)	407,468
Chief Financial Officer	2020	189,200	22,143	-	-	-	211,343

(1) Other compensation consisted of covered automobile expenses.

(2) Other compensation consisted of \$2,769 of covered automobile expenses and \$831 in cellphone expenses.

## **Executive Officer Employment and Consulting Agreements**

Under our employment agreement with our Chief Executive Officer, Andrew Shape, dated July 13, 2021 and effective as of November 8, 2021, we agreed that, for a threeyear term, unless terminated earlier in accordance with its terms, we will pay Mr. Shape an annual salary of \$400,000 and will be eligible to receive an annual cash bonus as determined by the board of directors. In addition, the agreement provides that, as soon as practical after the consummation of the Company's initial public offering, or the IPO, Mr. Shape shall be awarded stock options for the purchase of 323,810 shares of the Company's common stock with an exercise price equal to the price per share paid by investors in the IPO. The stock options will vest in accordance with the following vesting schedule: the options will vest over a four-year period with 25% of the options vesting on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the balance of the options (75%) will vest monthly over the following three years after the first anniversary of the date of grant at a rate of 1/36 per month. The parties acknowledged that Mr. Shape was owed sales commissions for sales generated for the Company during 2018, 2019 and 2020 in the gross amount of \$140,926.69 that were earned and due to Mr. Shape as of a date prior to the date of the employment agreement and that Mr. Shape did not waive his right to these sales commissions by entering into the agreement. Beginning on the date of the agreement, and continuing thereafter, interest at the rate of 2% per annum accrues on unpaid earned sales commissions. Beginning one month after the effective date of the agreement, the Company will pay Mr. Shape the gross amount of \$10,000 per month towards Mr. Shape's unpaid earned sales commissions, less deductions applicable to wages, or such lesser amount as the Company can afford, when the Company has "available cash," defined as sufficient cash to ensure that the Company is not at material risk of default on any material financial obligation due in the next three months. Whether the Company has "available cash" shall be determined by the Board in its reasonable discretion, acting in good faith, taking into account any factors it deems germane, including without limitation the maintenance of reserves for future liabilities, whether certain or uncertain, and the preservation of funds for capital expenditures. At the earlier of the termination of Mr. Shape's employment for any reason, regardless of whether termination is for cause, and thirty (30) months after the date of the employment agreement, Mr. Shape shall have the right to demand immediate payment of all unpaid earned sales commissions and interest in cash. Mr. Shape will be provided

with standard executive benefits. The Company will also provide standard indemnification and directors' and officers' insurance. The Company may terminate Mr. Shape's employment by giving at least 30 days written notice. If we terminate Mr. Shape without cause or he resigns for good reason as provided under the agreement, we must pay at least 24 months' severance, reimbursement of Mr. Shape for the first 18 months of the premiums associated with Mr. Shape's continuation of health insurance for him and his family pursuant to COBRA, and immediate vesting of any outstanding unvested equity granted to Mr. Shape during his employment and immediate lifting of all lockups and restrictions on sales of such equity, or exercise of stock options. If we do not renew his employment agreement after the initial three-year term, then we must pay six months' severance and reimburse the first six months of the premiums associated with Mr. Shape's continuation of health insurance for him and his family pursuant to COBRA. Mr. Shape is also subject to standard confidentiality and noncompetition provisions.

Under our employment agreement with our Executive Chairman, Andrew Stranberg, dated July 13, 2021 and effective as of November 8, 2021, we agreed that, for a threeyear term, unless terminated earlier in accordance with its terms, we will pay Mr. Stranberg an annual salary of \$500,000 and will be eligible to receive an annual cash bonus as determined by the board of directors. In addition, the agreement provides that, as soon as practical after the consummation of the Company's IPO Mr. Stranberg shall be awarded stock options for the purchase of 400,000 shares of the Company's common stock with an exercise price equal to the price per share paid by investors in the IPO. The stock options will vest in accordance with the following vesting schedule: the options will vest over a four-year period with 25% of the options vesting on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the balance of the options (75%) will vest monthly over the following three years after the first anniversary of the date of grant at a rate of 1/36 per month. Mr. Stranberg will be provided with standard executive benefits. The Company will also provide standard indemnification and directors' and officers' insurance. The Company may terminate Mr. Stranberg's employment by giving at least 30 days written notice. If we terminate Mr. Stranberg without cause or he resigns for good reason as provided under the agreement, we must pay at least 24 months' severance, reimbursement of Mr. Stranberg for the first 18 months of the premiums associated with Mr. Stranberg's continuation of health insurance for him and his family pursuant to COBRA, and immediate vesting of any outstanding unvested equity granted to Mr. Stranberg' agreement after the initial three-year term, then we must pay six months' severance and reimburse the first six months of the premiums associated with Mr. Stranberg's continuation of health insurance for him and his family pursuant to COBRA. Mr. Stranberg is also subject to standard confidentiality and noncompetition provisions.

Under our employment agreement with our Executive Vice President, Randolph Birney, dated July 13, 2021 and effective as of November 8, 2021, we agreed that, for a three-year term, unless terminated earlier in accordance with its terms, we will pay Mr. Birney an annual salary of \$300,000 and an annual cash bonus as determined by the board of directors. In addition, the agreement provides that, as soon as practical after the consummation of the Company's IPO Mr. Birney shall be awarded stock options for the purchase of 76,190 shares of the Company's common stock with an exercise price equal to the price per share paid by investors in the IPO. The stock options will vest in accordance with the following vesting schedule: the options will vest over a four-year period with 25% of the options vesting on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the balance of the options (75%) will vest monthly over the following three years after the first anniversary of the date of grant at a rate of 1/36 per month. The parties acknowledged that Mr. Birney was owed sales commissions for sales generated for the Company during 2018, 2019 and 2020 in the gross amount of \$197,109.95 that were earned and due to Mr. Birney as of a date prior to the date of the employment agreement and that Mr. Birney did not waive his right to these sales commissions by entering into the agreement. Beginning on the date of the agreement, and continuing thereafter, interest at the rate of 2% per annum accrues on unpaid earned sales commissions. Beginning one month after the effective date of the agreement, the Company will pay Mr. Birney the gross amount of \$10,000 per month for unpaid earned sales commissions, less deductions applicable to wages, or such lesser amount as the Company can afford, when the Company has "available cash," defined as sufficient cash to ensure that the Company is not at material risk of default on any material financial obligation due in the next three months. Whether the Company has "available cash" shall be determined by the Board in its reasonable discretion, acting in good faith, taking into account any factors it deems germane, including without limitation the maintenance of reserves for future liabilities, whether certain or uncertain, and the preservation of funds for capital expenditures. At the earlier of the termination of Mr. Birney's employment for any reason, regardless of whether termination is for cause, and thirty (30) months after the date of the employment agreement, he shall have the right to demand immediate payment of all unpaid earned sales commissions and interest in cash. Mr. Birney will be provided with standard executive benefits. The Company will also provide standard indemnification and directors' and officers' insurance. The Company may terminate Mr. Birney's employment by giving at least 30 days written notice. If we terminate Mr. Birney without cause or he resigns for good reason as provided under the agreement, we must pay at least 24 months' severance, reimbursement of Mr. Birney for the first 18 months of the premiums associated with Mr. Birney's continuation of health insurance for him and his family pursuant to COBRA, and immediate vesting of any outstanding unvested equity granted to Mr. Birney during his employment and immediate lifting of all lockups and restrictions on sales of such equity, or exercise of stock options. If we do not renew his employment agreement after the initial three-year term, then we must pay six months' severance and reimburse the first six months of the premiums associated with Mr. Birney's continuation of health insurance for him and his family pursuant to COBRA. Mr. Birney is also subject to standard confidentiality and noncompetition provisions.

Under our employment agreement with Christopher Rollins, our Chief Financial Officer, dated September 7, 2021 and effective as of November 8, 2021, we agreed that, for a two-year term, unless terminated earlier in accordance with its terms, Mr. Rollins will serve as our Chief Financial Officer. We will pay Mr. Rollins an annual salary of \$250,000. For each fiscal year completed during this term, Mr. Rollins will be eligible to receive a cash bonus determined by the achievement of specified Company performance metrics. Prior to each fiscal year, a Company net sales target will be set for the following fiscal year. Mr. Rollins will receive a bonus equal to: (i) 20% of salary if 75% of the net sales target is achieved; (ii) 25% of salary if 100% of the net sales target is achieved; (iii) 50% of salary if 125% of the net sales target is achieved; or (iv) 80% of salary if 150% of the net sales target is achieved. Actual net sales for the fiscal year will be determined by the Company's audited financial statements and according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. If actual net sales is between two of the bonus thresholds, then Mr. Rollins will receive a pro rata performance basis. Mr. Rollins may also be eligible for additional bonus amounts as determined by the board of directors. In addition, the agreement provides that, as soon as practical after the consummation of the Company's IPO Mr. Rollins shall be awarded stock options for the purchase of 81,000 shares of the Company's common stock with an exercise price equal to the price per share paid by investors in the IPO. The agreement further provides that we shall also enter into a restricted stock award agreement with Mr. Rollins granting him 10,000 restricted shares of common stock. Both the restricted stock and the stock options will vest in accordance with the following vesting schedule: the options will vest over a two-year period with 33% of the options vesting immediately upon issuance and the balance of the options (67%) vesting monthly over the following two years at a rate of 1/24 per month. Mr. Rollins will be provided with standard executive benefits. The Company will also provide standard indemnification and directors' and officers' insurance. The Company may terminate Mr. Rollins's employment by giving at least 30 days written notice. If we terminate Mr. Rollins without cause or he resigns for good reason as provided under the agreement, we must pay the lesser of the number of months' severance remaining under the term of the agreement, or six months, provided that he will receive at least three months' severance; reimbursement of Mr. Rollins for the first 18 months of the premiums associated with Mr. Rollins's continuation of health insurance for him and his family pursuant to COBRA; and immediate vesting of any outstanding unvested equity granted to Mr. Rollins during his employment and immediate lifting of all lockups and restrictions on sales of such equity, or exercise of stock options. If we do not renew his employment agreement after the initial two-year term, then we must pay six months' severance and reimburse the first six months of the premiums associated with Mr. Rollins's continuation of health insurance for him and his family pursuant to COBRA. Mr. Rollins is also subject to standard confidentiality and noncompetition provisions.

Under our consulting agreement with John Audibert, our Vice President of Strategy and Growth Initiatives, and his wholly-owned company, Josselin Capital Advisors, Inc., or the Consultant, dated December 2, 2021, we agreed that, for a 27-month term, unless terminated earlier in accordance with its terms, we will receive the services of the Consultant and pay or grant the Consultant the compensation described below, and Mr. Audibert will continue to serve as our Vice President of Strategy and Growth Initiatives. We agreed to pay the Consultant a signing fee of \$30,000, an annual fee of \$100,000 and a monthly automobile bonus of \$750. We agreed to grant the Consultant base restricted stock bonuses as follows: (i) 20,000 restricted shares of common stock, granted as of the agreement date, which vests on the three-month anniversary of the date of grant; (ii) 20,000 additional fully-vested shares of common stock to be granted on the six-month anniversary of the agreement date; and (iii) 20,000 additional fully-

vested shares of Common Stock to be granted on the twelve-month anniversary of the agreement date. We also agreed to performance-based equity grants to the Consultant consisting of (i) the grant of an option which may be exercised to purchase 65,000 shares of common stock at the exercise price per share of \$3.90 which will vest based on the attainment of the option's performance-based criteria, and fully-vested restricted stock to be granted upon attainment of the same performance-based criteria, as follows: (i) 10,000 fully-vested restricted shares will be granted and the stock option will vest as to 10,000 shares of common stock if our sales exceed \$21,000,000 combined for any two consecutive quarters or if our market capitalization exceeds \$65,000,000 for twenty-five (25) out of thirty (30) consecutive trading days anytime within the agreement term; (ii) 10.000 additional fully-vested restricted shares will be granted and the stock option will vest as to 10.000 additional shares of common stock if our sales exceed \$25,000,000 combined for any two consecutive quarters or if our market capitalization exceeds \$75,000,000 for twenty-five (25) out of thirty (30) consecutive trading days anytime within the term; (iii) 15,000 additional fully-vested restricted shares will be granted and the stock option shall vest as to 20,000 additional shares if our sales exceed \$37,500,000 combined for any two consecutive quarters or if our market capitalization exceeds \$90,000,000 for twenty-five (25) out of thirty (30) consecutive trading days anytime within the agreement term; and (iv) 25,000 additional fully-vested restricted shares will be granted and the stock option will vest as to 25,000 additional shares if our sales exceed \$45,000,000 combined for any two consecutive quarters or if our market capitalization exceeds \$180,000,000 for twenty-five (25) out of thirty (30) consecutive trading days anytime within the term. "Sales" will be determined by our audited or reviewed financial statements and according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Our "market capitalization" will be the closing stock price of our common stock as reported by The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC multiplied by the total shares of common stock outstanding as of 4:00 PM E.T. on the date that such closing stock price was determined as reported by our transfer agent. All such grants will be subject to standard forms of stock option or restricted stock award agreements and the terms and conditions of our Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan. They will also be subject to the lock-up provisions of the Lock-Up Agreement between Mr. Audibert and EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC, or the representative, dated November 8, 2021, which generally provides that any shares of our common stock held at any time by Mr. Audibert during the 180 days following our initial public offering may not be transferred without the consent of the representative. Upon the occurrence of a change in control during the consulting agreement's term, whether or not the Consultant's engagement is terminated, or upon Consultant's termination without cause, all restricted stock, stock option, stock appreciation right or similar awards granted to or pending grant to and held by the Consultant will immediately vest and will no longer be subject to forfeiture, unless expressly provided otherwise in the governing documents for such awards. For each fiscal year completed during this term, the Consultant will also be eligible to receive additional bonuses as determined by the board of directors. Both we and the Consultant may terminate the consulting agreement by giving at least 30 days' written notice. If we or the Consultant terminate the consulting agreement without cause as provided under the agreement, and the Consultant and Mr. Audibert then deliver their signatures to the general release and waiver form annexed to the consulting agreement, we must pay a \$25,000 fee. The Consultant and Mr. Audibert are also subject to certain independent contractor, non-solicitation, confidentiality and non-interference provisions under the consulting agreement and the Consultant's stock option agreement and restricted stock award agreement.

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Under our employment letter agreement with Ms. Johnshoy, our Chief Operating Officer, Ms. Johnshoy will receive an annual base salary of \$250,000 and potential salary and annual bonus increases in future years based on the successful achievement of personal and business-related goals. Ms. Johnshoy is eligible to receive annual performance cash bonuses with a target bonus percentage ranging from 25% to 100% of base salary based on the occurrence of specified business revenue amounts or the discretionary approval of our Chief Executive Officer, subject in each case to final approval by the Compensation Committee. Pursuant to the employment letter agreement, we agreed to grant Ms. Johnshoy a signing bonus of 5,000 restricted shares and an option to purchase 5,000 shares of our common stock, which will be subject to a six-month lockup provision. In addition, Ms. Johnshoy is eligible to receive up to 35,000 additional shares of common stock and an option to purchase up to an aggregate of 35,000 additional shares of common stock upon the occurrence of specified business revenue amounts or at the discretionary approval of our Chief Executive Officer, subject in each case to final approval by the Compensation Committee. Consistent with such obligations, the Compensation Committee approved the grant of an option to purchase a total of 40,000 shares of common stock to Ms. Johnshoy at an exercise price per share of \$1.60, which was the closing price of our common stock on March 11, 2022, the date that the employment letter agreement was countersigned by Ms. Johnshoy, and 5,000 shares of restricted common stock, with the transfer restrictions and performance-based vesting terms described above. Additionally, under the employment letter agreement, if specified trailing twelve-month revenues occur within 3.5 years of Ms. Johnshoy's start of employment, she will earn an additional bonus of 100,000 shares of common stock. After the first year of employment, all bonus compensation terms will be subject to review. In addition, Ms. Johnshoy is entitled to severance benefits equal to four months' salary if terminated without Cause (as defined in the employment letter agreement) during the first year of employment and four months' salary if terminated during the second year of employment. Ms. Johnshoy will be eligible to receive certain health care, dental, life insurance, disability, and retirement benefits after three months' employment. Ms. Johnshoy will receive unlimited vacation days encompassing vacation, personal and sick days, subject to two weeks' notice and approval whenever possible. Under the employment letter agreement, Ms. Johnshoy is required to sign a standard nondisclosure and non-solicitation agreement that will not restrict Ms. Johnshoy from working within the promotional industry, but will require Ms. Johnshoy to maintain confidentiality and refrain from soliciting current clients or employees that were existing or obtained during Ms. Johnshoy's employment with us.

Under our employment letter agreement with Stephen Paradiso, our Chief of Staff, Mr. Paradiso will receive an annual base salary of \$175,000 and potential salary and annual bonus increases in future years based on the successful achievement of personal and business-related goals. Mr. Paradiso is eligible to receive annual performance cash bonuses with a target bonus percentage ranging from 25% to 100% of base salary based on the occurrence of specified business trailing 12-month revenue amounts or the discretionary approval of our Chief Executive Officer, subject in each case to final approval by the Compensation Committee. Pursuant to the employment letter agreement, we granted Mr. Paradiso a bonus of 65,000 restricted shares and an option to purchase 65,000 shares of our common stock, which will vest in eight equal installments over two years and be subject to a six-month lockup provision. In addition, Mr. Paradiso is eligible to receive up to 40,000 shares of common stock and an option to purchase up to an aggregate of 40,000 additional shares of common stock upon the occurrence of specified business trailing 12-month revenue amounts. Mr. Paradiso may also receive up to an aggregate of 22,500 shares of common stock and an option to purchase up to an aggregate of 22,500 additional shares of common stock once certain business benchmarks are achieved. Pursuant to the employment letter agreement, an option to purchase up to 125,000 shares was granted with vesting terms based on the above time-based and performance-based vesting requirements, at an exercise price per share of \$4.72, which was the closing price of our common stock on the date that the employment letter agreement was countersigned by Mr. Paradiso. Additionally, if a specified additional business trailing 12-month revenue goal is met within three years of Mr. Paradiso's start of employment, he will earn an additional bonus of 100,000 shares of common stock. After the second year of employment, all bonus compensation terms will be subject to review. Mr. Paradiso will be eligible to receive certain health care, dental, life insurance, disability, and retirement benefits after three months' employment. Mr. Paradiso will receive 25 days of paid time off annually, including vacation and sick days, subject to two weeks' notice and approval whenever possible. Mr. Paradiso is required to sign a standard nondisclosure and noncompete agreement that will not restrict Mr. Paradiso from working within the print or promotional industry, except for specific direct competitors that are individually listed in that agreement, but Mr. Paradiso will be required not to solicit any current or existing clients or customers that were obtained prior to Mr. Paradiso's employment or obtained during his employment unless given prior approval by us for the period specified in the noncompete agreement.

Under our employment letter agreement with Jason Nolley, our Chief Technology Officer, Mr. Nolley will receive an annual base salary of \$150,000. As a signing bonus, Mr. Nolley was awarded an option to purchase 60,000 shares of common stock at \$4.36 per share, which the closing price of our common stock the day before the employment letter agreement was signed. The option vests in three equal amounts at each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of the date of the employment letter agreement. Mr. Nolley is eligible to receive up to \$125,000 in the Company's common stock upon our achievement of certain amounts of trailing 12-month annual sales amounts. Mr. Nolley is entitled to severance benefits equal to six months' salary if terminated without due cause. Mr. Nolley will be eligible to receive certain health care, dental, life insurance, disability, and retirement benefits after three months' employment. Mr. Nolley will receive 15 days of paid time off, subject to two weeks' notice and approval whenever possible. Mr. Nolley is subject to certain nondisclosure and non-solicitation provisions under his stock option agreement.

As of December 31, 2021, the following named executive officers had the following unexercised options, stock that has not vested, and equity incentive plan awards:

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options # Exercisable	# <u>Unexercisable</u>	Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options	Ex	ption ercise rice	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock not Vested	Market Value of Shares or Units not Vested	Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights not Vested	Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights not Vested
Andrew Shape, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	-	323,810	-	\$	4.15	11/11/2031	-	-	-	-
Andrew Stranberg, Executive Chairman and Director	-	400,000	-	\$	4.15	11/11/2031	-	-	-	-
Randolph Birney, Executive Vice President	-	76,190	-	\$	4.15	11/11/2031	-	-	-	-
Christopher Rollins, Chief Financial Officer	28,991	52,009	-	\$	4.15	11/11/2031	6,142	\$ 38,847	-	-
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#### **Director Compensation**

The directors of the Company were compensated as such during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, as follows:

Name and Principal Position	Ea or	Fees arned Paid Cash	Stock Awards		Option Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation Earnings	_	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings		Other ensation	 Total
Andrew Stranberg	\$	-	\$	- 1	\$ -	\$ -	:	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Andrew Shape	\$	-	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	:	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Travis McCourt	\$	-	\$	- 1	\$ 2,062	\$ -	1	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,062
Alan Chippindale	\$	-	\$	- :	\$ 2,062	\$ -	1	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,062
Alejandro Tan	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,062	\$ -	:	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,062
Ashley Marshall	\$	-	\$	- :	\$ 2,062	\$ -	:	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,062

Under their independent director agreements, each independent director will receive an annual cash fee and an initial award of restricted common stock and stock options. We will pay the annual cash compensation fee to each independent director in four equal installments no later than the fifth business day of each calendar quarter commencing in the quarter ending March 31, 2022. We granted the restricted stock and options to the independent directors on November 12, 2021. The cash fee paid to each independent director will be \$20,000 as to Ms. Marshall, \$26,000 as to Mr. McCourt, \$26,000 as to Mr. Chippindale, and \$20,000 as to Mr. Tani. Under their agreements, 2,892 shares of restricted common stock were awarded to each independent director. The restricted stock will vest in four (4) equal quarterly installments commencing in the quarter ending March 31, 2022. The options that were awarded to each independent director may be exercised to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock at the exercise price \$4.15 per share. The options vest and become exercisable in twelve (12) equal monthly installments over the first year following the date of grant, subject to the respective independent director sthrough each such vesting date. The term of each stock option is ten (10) years from the date of grant. We will also reimburse each independent director for pre-approved reasonable business-related expenses incurred in good faith in connection with the performance of the independent director's duties for us. As also required under the independent director agreements, we have separately entered into a standard indemnification agreement with each of our independent directors, the term of which began upon November 8, 2021.

#### 2021 Equity Incentive Plan

On September 14, 2021, we established the Stran & Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan, or the Equity Incentive Plan, or Plan. The purpose of the Plan is to grant restricted stock, stock options and other forms of incentive compensation to our officers, employees, directors and consultants. The maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the Plan is 3,000,000 shares. Cancelled and forfeited stock options and stock awards may again become available for grant under the Plan. As of December 31, 2021, 1,250,432 shares remained available for issuance under the Plan, including shares not otherwise reserved for outstanding stock options issued under the Plan.

The following summary briefly describes the principal features of the Plan and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Plan.

Awards that may be granted include: (a) Incentive Stock Options, (b) Non-qualified Stock Options, (c) Stock Appreciation Rights, (d) Restricted Awards, (e) Performance Share Awards, and (f) Performance Compensation Awards. These awards offer our officers, employees, consultants and directors the possibility of future value, depending on the long-term price appreciation of our common stock and the award holder's continuing service with our company.

Stock options give the option holder the right to acquire from us a designated number of shares of common stock at a purchase price that is fixed upon the grant of the option. The exercise price will not be less than the market price of the common stock on the date of grant. Stock options granted may be either tax-qualified stock options (so-called "incentive stock options") or non-qualified stock options.

Stock appreciation rights, or SARs, which may be granted alone or in tandem with options, have an economic value similar to that of options. When a SAR for a particular number of shares is exercised, the holder receives a payment equal to the difference between the market price of the shares on the date of exercise and the exercise price of the shares under the SAR.

The exercise price for SARs normally is the market price of the shares on the date the SAR is granted. Under the Plan, holders of SARs may receive this payment — the

appreciation value — either in cash or shares of common stock valued at the fair market value on the date of exercise. The form of payment will be determined by us.

Restricted shares are shares of common stock awarded to participants at no cost. Restricted shares can take the form of awards of restricted stock, which represent issued and outstanding shares of our common stock subject to vesting criteria, or restricted stock units, which represent the right to receive shares of our common stock subject to satisfaction of the vesting criteria. Restricted shares are forfeitable and non-transferable until the shares vest. The vesting date or dates and other conditions for vesting are established when the shares are awarded.

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The Plan also provides for performance compensation awards, representing the right to receive a payment, which may be in the form of cash, shares of common stock, or a combination, based on the attainment of pre-established goals.

All of the permissible types of awards under the Plan are described in more detail as follows:

**Purposes of Plan:** The purposes of the Plan are to attract and retain officers, employees and directors for our company and its subsidiaries; motivate them by means of appropriate incentives to achieve long-range goals; provide incentive compensation opportunities; and further align their interests with those of our stockholders through compensation that is based on our common stock.

Administration of the Plan: The Plan is currently administered by our board of directors and will be administered by our compensation committee once it is established (which we refer to as the administrator). Among other things, the administrator has the authority to select persons who will receive awards, determine the types of awards and the number of shares to be covered by awards, and to establish the terms, conditions, performance criteria, restrictions and other provisions of awards. The administrator has authority to establish, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan.

*Eligible Recipients:* Persons eligible to receive awards under the Plan will be those officers, employees, consultants, and directors of our company and its subsidiaries who are selected by the administrator.

Shares Available Under the Plan: The maximum number of shares of our common stock that may be delivered to participants under the Plan is 3,000,000, subject to adjustment for certain corporate changes affecting the shares, such as stock splits. Shares subject to an award under the Plan for which the award is canceled, forfeited or expires again become available for grants under the Plan. Shares subject to an award that is settled in cash will not again be made available for grants under the Plan.

#### Stock Options:

*General.* Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the administrator has the authority to determine all grants of stock options. That determination will include: (i) the number of shares subject to any option; (ii) the exercise price per share; (iii) the expiration date of the option; (iv) the manner, time and date of permitted exercise; (v) other restrictions, if any, on the option or the shares underlying the option; and (vi) any other terms and conditions as the administrator may determine.

*Option Price.* The exercise price for stock options will be determined at the time of grant. Normally, the exercise price will not be less than the fair market value on the date of grant. As a matter of tax law, the exercise price for any incentive stock option awarded may not be less than the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant. However, incentive stock option grants to any person owning more than 10% of our voting stock must have an exercise price of not less than 110% of the fair market value on the grant date.

*Exercise of Options.* An option may be exercised only in accordance with the terms and conditions for the option agreement as established by the administrator at the time of the grant. The option must be exercised by notice to us, accompanied by payment of the exercise price. Payments may be made in cash or, at the option of the administrator, by actual or constructive delivery of shares of common stock to the holder of the option based upon the fair market value of the shares on the date of exercise.

*Expiration or Termination.* Options, if not previously exercised, will expire on the expiration date established by the administrator at the time of grant. In the case of incentive stock options, such term cannot exceed ten years provided that in the case of holders of more than 10% of our voting stock, such term cannot exceed five years. Options will terminate before their expiration date if the holder's service with our company or a subsidiary terminates before the expiration date. The option may remain exercisable for specified periods after certain terminations of employment, including terminations as a result of death, disability or retirement, with the precise period during which the option may be exercised to be established by the administrator and reflected in the grant evidencing the award.

Incentive and Non-Qualified Options. As described elsewhere in this summary, an incentive stock option is an option that is intended to qualify under certain provisions of the Code, for more favorable tax treatment than applies to non-qualified stock options. Any option that does not qualify as an incentive stock option will be a non-qualified stock option. Under the Code, certain restrictions apply to incentive stock options. For example, the exercise price for incentive stock options may not be less than the fair market value of the shares on the grant date and the term of the option may not exceed ten years. In addition, an incentive stock options may not be transferred, other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, and is exercisable during the holder's lifetime only by the holder. In addition, no incentive stock options may be granted to a holder that is first exercisable in a single year if that option, together with all incentive stock options previously granted to the holder that also first become exercisable in that year, relate to shares having an aggregate market value in excess of \$100,000, measured at the grant date.

*Stock Appreciation Rights:* Awards of SARs may be granted alone or in tandem with stock options. SARs provide the holder with the right, upon exercise, to receive a payment, in cash or shares of stock, having a value equal to the excess of the fair market value on the exercise date of the shares covered by the award over the exercise price of those shares. Essentially, a holder of a SAR benefits when the market price of the common stock increases, to the same extent that the holder of an option does, but, unlike an option holder, the SAR holder need not pay an exercise price upon exercise of the award.

Stock Awards: Stock awards can also be granted under the Plan. A stock award is a grant of shares of common stock or of a right to receive shares in the future. These awards will be subject to such conditions, restrictions and contingencies as the administrator shall determine at the date of grant. Those may include requirements for continuous service and/or the achievement of specified performance goals.

*Cash Awards:* A cash award is an award that may be in the form of cash or shares of common stock or a combination, based on the attainment of pre-established performance goals and other conditions, restrictions and contingencies identified by the administrator.

**Performance Criteria:** Under the Plan, one or more performance criteria will be used by the administrator in establishing performance goals. Any one or more of the performance criteria may be used on an absolute or relative basis to measure the performance of our company, as the administrator may deem appropriate, or as compared to the performance of a group of comparable companies, or published or special index that the administrator deems appropriate. In determining the actual size of an individual performance compensation award, the administrator may reduce or eliminate the amount of the award through the use of negative discretion if, in its sole judgment, such

reduction or elimination is appropriate. The administrator shall not have the discretion to (i) grant or provide payment in respect of performance compensation awards if the performance goals have not been attained or (ii) increase a performance compensation award above the maximum amount payable under the Plan.

Other Material Provisions: Awards will be evidenced by a written agreement, in such form as may be approved by the administrator. In the event of various changes to the capitalization of our company, such as stock splits, stock dividends and similar re-capitalizations, an appropriate adjustment will be made by the administrator to the number of shares covered by outstanding awards or to the exercise price of such awards. The administrator is also permitted to include in the written agreement provisions that provide for certain changes in the award in the event of a change of control of our company, including acceleration of vesting. Except as otherwise determined by the administrator at the date of grant, awards will not be transferable, other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Prior to any award distribution, we are permitted to deduct or withhold amounts sufficient to satisfy any employee withholding tax requirements. Our board also has the authority, at any time, to discontinue the granting of awards. The board also has the authority to alter or amend the Plan or any outstanding award or may terminate the Plan as to further grants, provided that no amendment will, without the approval of our stockholders, to the extent the Plan, extend the time within which awards may be made, or amend the provisions of the Plan related to amendments. No amendment that would adversely affect any outstanding award made under the Plan can be made without the consent of the holder of such award.

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## CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

## **Transactions with Related Persons**

The following includes a summary of transactions since the beginning of our 2019 fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, in which we were or are to be a participant and the amount involved exceeded or exceeds the lesser of \$120,000 or one percent of the average of our total assets at year-end for the last three completed fiscal years, and in which any related person had or will have a direct or indirect material interest (other than compensation described under "*Executive Compensation*" above). We believe the terms obtained or consideration that we paid or received, as applicable, in connection with the transactions described below were comparable to terms available or the amounts that would be paid or received, as applicable, in arm's-length transactions.

- Andrew Stranberg, our Executive Chairman and largest shareholder, has issued notes payable to us in exchange for Company loans. The amounts due from Mr. Stranberg were unsecured and non-interest bearing and there was no formal repayment plan under the notes. At December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the amounts due from Mr. Stranberg were \$0, \$6,748, and \$0, respectively. The amounts outstanding under all notes issued by Mr. Stranberg to the Company were repaid as of July 20, 2021.
- We have also borrowed funds from our Executive Chairman, Andrew Stranberg, during periods when Mr. Stranberg did not already owe funds to us. The loans are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and there is no formal repayment plan. At December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, amounts due to Mr. Stranberg were \$0, \$0 and \$38,207, respectively. In September 2021, Mr. Stranberg loaned us \$500,000 on an unsecured basis, accruing interest at 5% compounding monthly with no formal repayment plan. The total amount owed, including principal of \$500,000 and interest of \$4,740, was repaid to Mr. Stranberg on November 22, 2021.
- From July 2018 to November 2021, the Company had a secured line of credit with Bank of America allowing borrowings of as much as \$3,500,000. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, borrowings on this line of credit amounted to \$1,650,000 and \$2,150,000, respectively. The line bore interest at the LIBOR Daily Floating Rate plus 2.75%. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, interest rates were 4.20% and 4.55%, respectively. The line was reviewed annually and was due on demand. This line of credit was secured by substantially all assets of the Company. Mr. Stranberg was a guarantor on the line of credit. We fully repaid and terminated this line of credit on November 22, 2021.
- We and Alan Chippindale, one of our independent directors, are parties to a Buyer's Agreement, dated June 25, 2020. Under the agreement, Mr. Chippindale agreed to provide certain merger and acquisition, management and recruitment consulting services in connection with our acquisition of the Wildman Imprint assets. We agreed to pay Mr. Chippindale a fee of \$20,000 upon completion of a purchase and sale agreement and two annual fees of 1.5% of gross margin less costs attributable to the acquisition. In November 2021, we paid Mr. Chippindale \$9,954 as the first annual fee under the agreement. The fees paid or that we have agreed to pay to Mr. Chippindale under the agreement to date have totaled less than \$120,000. Our board of directors has determined that he remains eligible under NASDAQ and SEC rules to serve as an "independent director" of the Company and as a member and chairman of our compensation committee. Due to his compensation under the agreement, the board has determined that he is currently not eligible to be a member of our audit committee.
- We entered into an agreement with Long Blockchain Corp., or LBCC, and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Stran Loyalty Group Inc., or SLG, dated July 26, 2018. According to a Schedule 13D jointly filed by the Company and Mr. Stranberg on August 7, 2018, as of July 26, 2018, Mr. Stranberg owned a total of 4,288,799 shares or approximately 23.6% of LBCC, which included 1,788,799 shares of common stock of LBCC that he previously acquired with his personal funds, and 2,500,000 shares that were required to be issued to the Company on July 26, 2018 which were deemed beneficially owned by Mr. Stranberg as a control person of the Company. According to a proxy statement filed by LBCC on April 19, 2019, as of April 12, 2019, Mr. Stranberg still beneficially owned 4,233,744 shares or approximately 13.5% of LBCC, including the 2,500,000 shares required to be issued to the Company. This agreement between us, LBCC and SLG was terminated as of July 31, 2020, and the Company has not received any of the 2,500,000 shares.

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Under the agreement, we were required to provide SLG with certain assets and services for it to operate loyalty and gift card programs for designated program clients. Under the agreement we were also required to pay SLG all amounts collected by us, other than loyalty card balances, from program clients, and to provide an option to SLG to purchase the operating assets at cost. As compensation, LBCC was required to issue 2,500,000 shares of common stock to us upon signing and certain additional amounts of shares of its common stock to us depending on SLG's net revenue and operating profit for each of the first two years of the contract, as follows:

Year One LBCC Share Compensation

Number of LBCC Shares Earned

SLG Net Revenue

SLG Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Less than \$1,250,000	Less than 20%	The number of LBCC shares earned shall be based upon SLG's net revenue for year one, divided by the average of the share price of LBCC's common stock for the last 30 days of the year one measurement period, but in any event, not more than 1,750,000 shares of LBCC common stock, and if SLG's year one net revenue is less than \$625,000, then we forfeit any shares that we would otherwise earn
Equal to or greater than \$1,250,000	Equal to or greater than 20%	1,750,000 LBCC shares shall be earned
Equal to or greater than \$1,500,000	Equal to or greater than 25%	2,250,000 LBCC shares shall be earned, plus additional shares of LBCC common stock equal to 1.25 multiplied by the amount of SLG's net revenue for year one that is greater than \$1,500,000, divided by the average of the share price of LBCC's common stock for the last 30 days of the year one measurement period
	Year Two LBCC Share Compensation	
Net Revenue	Adjusted EBITDA Margin	Number of LBCC Shares Earned
Less than \$1,750,000	Less than 20%	The number of LBCC shares earned shall be based upon SLG's net revenue for year two divided by the trailing 30-day share price of LBCC's common stock, but in any event, not more than 2,000,000 shares of LBCC common stock
Equal to or greater than \$1,750,000 and less than \$2,250,000	Equal to or greater than 20%	2,000,000 LBCC shares shall be earned
Equal to or greater than \$2,250,000	Equal to or greater than 25%	2,250,000 LBCC shares shall be earned, plus additional LBCC shares of common stock equal to 1.25 multiplied by the amount of SLG's Net Revenue for year one that is greater than \$2,250,000, divided by the average of the share price of LBCC common stock for the last 30 days of the year two measurement period.

Pursuant to the agreement, Mr. Stranberg entered into a subscription agreement with LBCC under which Mr. Stranberg purchased 1,500,000 additional shares of common stock of LBCC at \$0.40 per share, or \$600,000 in aggregate. According to a Schedule 13D jointly filed by the Company and Mr. Stranberg on August 7, 2018, Mr. Stranberg used personal funds for this purchase. Mr. Stranberg received a three-year warrant from LBCC to purchase an additional 450,000 shares of common stock of LBCC at \$0.50 per share. Pursuant to the terms of the warrant, Mr. Stranberg was not permitted to exercise any portion of the warrant to the extent that after giving effect to such issuance after exercise, Mr. Stranberg (together with his affiliates, and any other persons acting as a group together with Mr. Stranberg or any of his affiliates), would beneficially own in excess of 9.99% of the number of shares outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares issuable upon exercise of the warrant. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, Mr. Stranberg agreed not to sell or transfer the shares and the warrant unless they are subsequently registered under the Securities Act and under applicable securities laws of certain states, or an exemption from such registration is available. Mr. Stranberg did not exercise the warrant.

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Under the agreement, we and our affiliates, including Mr. Stranberg, had the option to purchase up to an additional 1,500,000 shares of common stock of LBCC at \$0.40 per share prior to July 31, 2019, which if exercised in full would have also entitled us to another warrant to purchase up to an amount of common stock of LBCC equal to 30% of the amount that had been purchased. We and our affiliates, including Mr. Stranberg, did not exercise this option.

The agreement automatically renewed for additional one-year terms unless terminated by either party more than 60 days before the end of the term or upon a material breach of contract by the other party. The agreement did not specify the amount of compensation for additional term years.

Under the agreement, SLG was required to reimburse us for certain expenses that we incur as a result of providing the required program services. The amounts due from SLG at December 31, 2020 and 2019 were \$0 and \$138,561, respectively.

As required by the agreement with SLG and LBCC, we entered into a separate lockup agreement, dated July 26, 2018, in which we agreed not to transfer or sell the LBCC shares received upon execution and any LBCC shares received as compensation for the first year until July 31, 2019 and January 31, 2020, respectively, with exceptions for specified permitted transferees.

Other than Mr. Stranberg, as disclosed above, and our Vice President of Strategy and Growth Initiatives, John Audibert, who received a nominal number of shares of LBCC in exchange for services provided during 2018, no other officers, directors or shareholders of the Company are shareholders of LBCC.

## Overlap in Management with Long Blockchain Corp.

In addition to the other terms of the agreement with SLG and LBCC described above, LBCC and our President, Chief Executive Officer and director Andrew Shape entered into an employment agreement dated as of July 26, 2018, pursuant to which Mr. Shape was appointed chief executive officer and chairman of the board of LBCC from July 2018 to February 2021. As a result of his position as both chief executive officer and chairman of the board of LBCC and as our chief executive officer, president and director, our management overlapped with the management of LBCC during that period.

Under Mr. Shape's employment agreement, Mr. Shape was entitled to \$200,000 annual salary through the equal quarterly issuance of restricted shares of common stock of LBCC at a price per share equal to 85% of the average closing price for ten trading days prior to the end of the quarter, but in any event not less than \$0.30 per share. According to page 8 of a proxy statement filed by LBCC on April 22, 2019, as of April 12, 2019, "437,251 shares were earned by Mr. Shape under his employment agreement dated July 26, 2018, but not yet issued." Pursuant to the employment agreement with LBCC, on May 21, 2019 Mr. Shape was granted a warrant to purchase 2,000,000 shares of common stock of LBCC at a price per share of \$0.25, exercisable from January 18, 2019 to January 17, 2023. Mr. Shape has not exercised the warrant. The employment agreement contained other standard provisions including as to termination, nondisclosure and noncompetition. Mr. Shape resigned from his positions with LBCC as of February 2021 and none of our officers, directors or shareholders have any employment or directorship relationship with

## Revocation of Registration of Common Stock of Long Blockchain Corp.

Pursuant to an "Order Instituting Proceedings Pursuant To Section 12(j) Of The Securities Exchange Act Of 1934, Making Findings, And Revoking Registration Of Securities," File No. 3-20228, Administrative Proceeding, Release No. 91174 / February 19, 2021, the SEC found that "[f]rom approximately 2015 to 2017, [LBCC]'s principal business was ready-to-drink beverages. In December 2017, the company changed its name to LBCC and announced that it was shifting its business operations from soft drink production to activities related to blockchain technology. Its blockchain business never became operational. LBCC has common stock registered pursuant to Section 12(g). The common stock of LBCC was registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act and traded on NASDAQ until NASDAQ filed a Form 25 on June 6, 2018 to delist the securities. LBCC stock is currently quoted and on OTC Link whose parent company is OTC Markets Group, Inc." In addition, the SEC found that "LBCC has failed to comply with Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act and Rules 13a-1 and 13a-13 thereunder in that it has not filed an annual report on Form 30, 2018." Based in part on these findings, effective February 22, 2021, the SEC revoked the registration of the common stock of LBCC under the Exchange Act, and its stock is no longer listed or quoted on any securities exchange or trading market.

## **Promoters and Certain Control Persons**

Each of Andrew Shape, our co-founder and Chief Executive Officer, and Andrew Stranberg, our co-founder and Executive Chairman, may be deemed a "promoter" as defined by Rule 405 of the Securities Act. For information regarding compensation, including items of value, that have been provided or that may be provided to these individuals, please refer to "*Executive Compensation*" above.

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## PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of the date of this prospectus by (i) each of our named executive officers and directors; (ii) all of our executive officers and directors as a group; and (iii) each person who is known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of our common stock. Unless otherwise specified, the address of each of the persons set forth below is c/o Stran & Company, Inc., 2 Heritage Drive, Suite 600, Quincy, MA 02171, Attn: Chief Financial Officer.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Position of Beneficial Owner	Title of Class	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership <sup>(1)</sup>	Percent of Class <sup>(2)</sup>
Andrew Stranberg <sup>(3)</sup>	Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer	Common Stock	5,118,000	28.6%
Andrew Shape <sup>(4)</sup>	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	Common Stock	3,415,000	17.4%
Randolph Birney <sup>(5)</sup>	Executive Vice President	Common Stock	800,000	4.1%
Christopher Rollins <sup>(6)</sup>	Chief Financial Officer	Common Stock	52,559	0.3%
Travis McCourt <sup>(7)</sup>	Director	Common Stock	2,917	*
Alan Chippindale <sup>(7)</sup>	Director	Common Stock	2,917	*
Alejandro Tani <sup>(7)</sup>	Director	Common Stock	2,917	*
Ashley Marshall <sup>(7)</sup>	Director	Common Stock	2,917	*
All executive officers and directors (12 persons) (8)		Common Stock	10,071,918	51.0%

Less than 1%

(1) Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Except as set forth below, each of the beneficial owners listed above has direct ownership of and sole voting power and investment power with respect to the shares of our common stock.

(2) A total of 19,665,912 shares of common stock are considered to be outstanding pursuant to Rule 13d-3(d)(1) under the Exchange Act as of the date of this prospectus. For each beneficial owner above, any options exercisable within 60 days of the date of this prospectus have been included in the denominator.

(3) Mr. Stranberg was granted options to purchase 400,000 shares of common stock on November 12, 2021. The options have an exercise price of \$4.15 per share and a term of ten years. They are subject to vesting over a four (4) year period with twenty-five percent (25%) of the options vesting on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the balance of the options (seventy-five percent (75%)) vesting monthly over the following three (3) years after the first anniversary of the date of grant at a rate of 1/36 per month. None of the options are exercisable within 60 days of the date of this prospectus and therefore are not considered to be beneficially owned at that time.

(4) On May 24, 2021, Mr. Stranberg transferred 3,400,000 shares of common stock to Mr. Shape pursuant to a stock purchase agreement at a price per share that is equal to \$0.1985 per share, being the price of our shares as of December 31, 2020 determined through an independent valuation of the Company dated April 27, 2021, in accordance with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Mr. Shape paid the purchase price for the shares to Mr. Stranberg through the delivery to Mr. Stranberg of a promissory note. The promissory note provides for 2% simple annual interest, and principal and accrued interest must be repaid by the note's third anniversary. The note grants a security interest to Mr. Stranberg in the transferred stock as to the repayment obligations under the note. The stock is subject to a lockup provision providing that one-half of the purchased shares may not be sold until the second anniversary of the date of the stock purchase agreement; provided, however, that such restriction on transfer will expire at a rate of 1/48<sup>th</sup> of the shares subject to the restriction per month over such two-year period.

Mr. Shape was granted options to purchase 323,810 shares of common stock on November 12, 2021. The options have an exercise price \$4.15 per share, a term of ten years and are subject to vesting over a four (4) year period with twenty-five percent (25%) of the options vesting on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the balance of the options (seventy-five percent (75%)) vesting monthly over the following three (3) years after the first anniversary of the date of grant at a rate of 1/36 per month. None of the options will be exercisable within 60 days of the date of this prospectus and therefore are not considered to be beneficially owned at that time.

(5) On May 24, 2021, Mr. Stranberg transferred 800,000 shares of common stock to Mr. Birney pursuant to a stock purchase agreement at a price per share that is equal to \$0.1985 per share, being the price of our shares as of December 31, 2020 determined through an independent valuation of the Company dated April 27, 2021, in accordance with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Mr. Birney paid the purchase price for the shares to Mr. Stranberg through the delivery to Mr. Stranberg of a promissory note. The promissory note provides for 2% simple annual interest, and principal and accrued interest must be repaid by the note's third anniversary. The stock is subject to a lockup provision providing that one-half of the purchased shares may not be sold until the second anniversary of the date of the stock purchase agreement; provided, however, that such restriction on transfer will expire at a rate of 1/48<sup>th</sup> of the shares subject to the restriction per month over such two-year period.

Mr. Birney was granted options to purchase 76,190 shares of common stock on November 12, 2021. The options have an exercise price of \$4.15 per share, a term of ten years and are subject to vesting over a four (4) year period with twenty-five percent (25%) of the options vesting on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the balance of the options (seventy-five percent (75%)) vesting monthly over the following three (3) years after the first anniversary of the date of grant at a rate of 1/36 per month. None of the options will be exercisable within 60 days of the date of this prospectus and therefore are not considered to be beneficially owned at that time.

- (6) Mr. Rollins was granted options to purchase 81,000 shares of common stock and 10,000 restricted shares of common stock on November 12, 2021. The options have an exercise price of \$4.15 per share and a term of ten years. Both the restricted stock and the stock options vest in accordance with the following vesting schedule: The restricted stock and options vest over a two-year period with 33% of the restricted stock and options vesting immediately upon issuance and the balance of the restricted stock and options (67%) vesting monthly over the following two years at a rate of 1/24 per month. Mr. Rollins will be provided with standard executive benefits. 38,441 of the options will not be exercisable within 60 days of the date of this prospectus and therefore are not considered to be beneficially owned at that time.
- (7) Each of Mr. McCourt, Mr. Chippindale, Mr. Tani, and Ms. Marshall were granted options to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock and 2,892 restricted shares of common stock on November 12, 2021. The restricted shares vest in four (4) equal quarterly installments commencing in the quarter ending March 31, 2022. The options vest in twelve (12) equal monthly installments over the first year following the date of grant, subject to the recipient continuing in service on the board of directors of the Company through each such vesting date. 2,083 of the shares of common stock which may be purchased by exercise of the stock option of each recipient will not be exercisable within 60 days of the date of this prospectus and therefore are not considered to be beneficially owned at that time.
- (8) In addition to the shares of common stock beneficially owned by the individuals listed in this table, includes (1) 62,500 shares of restricted stock and an option which may be exercised to purchase 7,813 shares of common stock within 60 days of the date of this prospectus held by our Chief of Staff, Stephen Paradiso; (2) 5,000 shares of restricted stock and an option which may be exercised to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock held by our Chief Operating Officer, Sheila Johnshoy; (3) and 15,000 shares of common stock held directly by John Audibert, our Vice President of Growth and Strategic Initiatives, 40,000 shares of common stock held by Josselin Capital Advisors, Inc., over which Mr. Audibert has voting and investment control, and an option which may be exercised to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock held by Josselin Capital Advisors, Inc. Both option exercise rights and rights to restricted stock grants that are subject either to vesting conditions that will not be met within 60 days of the date of this prospectus or performance-based goals that have that are not within the holder's control and have not yet been certified as being met by the Company's Compensation Committee, are not included in this total.

## **DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES**

#### General

Our authorized capital stock currently consists of 350,000,000 shares, consisting of 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 50,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.

The following description summarizes important terms of the classes of our capital stock following the filing of our articles of incorporation. This summary does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by the provisions of our articles of incorporation and our bylaws which have been filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

As of the date of this prospectus, there were 19,434,011 shares of common stock and no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding.

#### **Common Stock**

*Voting Rights.* The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of the shareholders. Under our articles of incorporation and bylaws, any corporate action to be taken by vote of shareholders other than for election of directors shall be authorized by the affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast. Directors are elected by a plurality of votes. Shareholders do not have cumulative voting rights.

*Dividend Rights.* Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any then-outstanding preferred stock, holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably those dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the board of directors out of legally available funds.

*Liquidation Rights*. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of common stock will be entitled to share ratably in the net assets legally available for distribution to shareholders after the payment of all of our debts and other liabilities and the satisfaction of any liquidation preference granted to the holders of any then-outstanding shares of preferred stock.

**Other Rights.** Holders of common stock have no preemptive, conversion or subscription rights and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. The rights, preferences and privileges of the holders of common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of preferred stock.

#### Preferred Stock

Our articles of incorporation authorize our board to issue up to 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series, to determine the designations and the powers, preferences and rights and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, including the dividend rights, conversion or exchange rights, voting rights (including the number of votes per share), redemption rights and terms, liquidation preferences, sinking fund provisions and the number of shares constituting the series. Our board of directors could, without shareholder approval, issue preferred stock with voting and other rights that could adversely affect the voting power and other rights of the holders of common stock and which could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or of discouraging a third party from attempting to acquire, a majority of our outstanding voting stock.

#### Warrants Issued in Initial Public Offering

*Form.* The warrants were issued under a warrant agency agreement between us and Vstock Transfer, LLC, as warrant agent. The material terms and provisions of the warrants are summarized below. The following description is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the form of warrant agency agreement and accompanying form of warrant, which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. You should review a copy of the form of warrant agency agreement and accompanying form of warrant agency agreement and accompanying form of warrant agency agreement and accompanying form of warrant for a complete description of the terms and conditions applicable to the warrants.

*Exercisability*. The warrants are exercisable immediately upon issuance and will thereafter remain exercisable at any time up to five (5) years from the date of original issuance. The warrants will be exercisable, at the option of each holder, in whole or in part by delivering to us a duly executed exercise notice accompanied by payment in full for the number of shares purchased upon such exercise (except in the case of a cashless exercise as discussed below).

*Exercise Price.* Each warrant represents the right to purchase one share of common stock at an initial exercise price of \$5.1875, equal to 125% of the initial public offering price. Due to our subsequent private placement of common stock and common stock purchase warrants at a purchase price of \$4.97 for one share and 1.25 warrants combined, after attributing a warrant value of \$0.125, the exercise price per share of the initial public offering warrants was reduced to \$4.81375 as of December 10, 2021. The exercise price is subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of certain share dividends and distributions, stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications or similar events affecting our shares of common stock and also upon any distributions of assets, including cash, stock or other property to our shareholders. The warrant exercise price is also subject to further anti-dilution adjustments under certain circumstances.

*Cashless Exercise.* If, at any time during the term of the warrants, the issuance of shares of common stock upon exercise of the warrants is not covered by an effective registration statement, the holder is permitted to effect a cashless exercise of the warrants (in whole or in part) by having the holder deliver to us a duly executed exercise notice, canceling a portion of the warrant in payment of the purchase price payable in respect of the number of shares of common stock purchased upon such exercise.

*Failure to Timely Deliver Shares.* If we fail for any reason to deliver to the holder the shares subject to an exercise by the date that is the earlier of (i) two (2) trading days and (ii) the number of trading days that is the standard settlement period on our primary trading market as in effect on the date of delivery of the exercise notice, we must pay to the holder, in cash, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, for each \$1,000 of shares subject to such exercise (based on the daily volume weighted average price of our shares of common stock on the date of the applicable exercise notice), \$10 per trading day (increasing to \$20 per trading day on the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) trading day after such liquidated damages begin to accrue) for each trading day after such date until such shares are delivered or the holder rescinds such exercise. In addition, if after such date the holder is required by its broker to purchase (in an open market transaction or otherwise) or the holder's brokerage firm otherwise purchases, shares of common stock to deliver in satisfaction of a sale by the holder of the shares which the holder anticipated receiving upon such exercise, then we shall (A) pay in cash to the holder the amount, if any, by which (x) the holder's total purchase price (including brokerage commissions, if any) for the shares of common stock so purchased exceeds (y) the amount obtained by multiplying (1) the number of shares that we were required to deliver to the holder, either reinstate the portion of the warrant and equivalent number of shares for which such as exercise shall be deemed rescinded) or deliver to the holder the number of shares of common stock that would have been issued had we timely complied with our exercise and delivery obligations.

*Exercise Limitation*. A holder will not have the right to exercise any portion of a warrant if the holder (together with its affiliates) would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise, as such percentage ownership is determined in accordance with the terms of the warrants. However, any holder may increase or decrease such percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99%, provided that any increase in such percentage shall not be effective until 61 days following notice from the holder to us.

Exchange Listing. Our publicly-traded warrants are listed and traded on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "STRNW".

*Rights as a Shareholder*. Except as otherwise provided in the publicly-traded warrants or by virtue of such holder's ownership of our shares of common stock, the holder of a warrant does not have the rights or privileges of a holder of our shares of common stock, including any voting rights, until the holder exercises the warrant.

*Governing Law and Jurisdiction.* The warrant agency agreement and warrant provide that the validity, interpretation, and performance of the warrant agency agreement and the warrants will be governed by the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to conflicts of law principles that would result in the application of the substantive laws of another jurisdiction. In addition, the warrant agency agreement and warrant provide that any action, proceeding or claim against any party arising out of or relating to the warrant agency agreement or the warrants must be brought and enforced in the state and federal courts sitting in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan. Investors in the initial public offering will be bound by these provisions. With respect to any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, we note, however, that there is uncertainty as to whether a court would enforce this provision and that investors cannot waive compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. Section 22 of the Securities Act creates concurrent jurisdiction for state and federal courts over all suits brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Securities Act or the rules and regulations thereunder. Furthermore, notwithstanding the foregoing, these provisions of the warrant agency agreement and warrant will not apply to suits brought to enforce any liability or duty created by the Exchange Act or any other claim for which the federal district courts of the United States of America are the sole and exclusive forum.

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## Representative's Warrants

We also issued a warrant to purchase 149,639 shares of common stock to the representative of the underwriters in the offering. The representative's warrant will be exercisable at a per share exercise price of \$5.1875. The representative's warrant is exercisable at any time and from time to time, in whole or in part, during the four-and-a-half-year period commencing six months after its issuance.

#### **Private Placement Warrants and Placement Agent's Warrants**

#### Warrants

On December 10, 2021, the Company issued warrants in a private placement for the purchase of 5,464,903 shares of common stock, at an initial exercise price of \$4.97 per share, the number of warrant shares and exercise price each being subject to adjustment provided under the warrants. The warrants are immediately exercisable on the date of issuance, and expire five years from the date of issuance.

The warrants also have certain downward pricing adjustment mechanisms. If at any time the warrants are outstanding, if the Company issues or sells common stock, or convertible securities or options issuable or exchangeable into common stock (a "Dilutive Issuance"), under which such common stock is sold for a consideration per share less than the exercise price then in effect, the exercise price of the warrant will be adjusted to the Dilutive Issuance price in accordance with the formulas provided in the

warrant subject to a floor price. The floor price will be \$4.80 per warrant share before stockholder approval of private placement is obtained and effective. On December 10, 2021, the holders of shares of common stock entitled to vote approximately 65.4% of our outstanding voting stock on December 10, 2021 approved the Company's entry into the private placement. We filed preliminary and definitive information statements on Schedule 14C with the SEC on December 29, 2021 and January 11, 2022, and delivered copies of the definitive information statement to shareholders January 12, 2022. On January 31, 2022, the stockholders' consent became effective pursuant to Rule 14c-2 under the Exchange Act. As a result, the exercise price of the private placement warrants may be reduced to as low as \$1.00 per share if their downward-pricing adjustment mechanisms become applicable. The warrants also have certain registration rights provided to the purchasers under the Registration Rights Agreement entered in connection with the private placement.

The warrants also have customary antidilution provisions with respect to stock splits and equity dividends by which the exercise price of the warrant shares and number of shares purchasable under the warrants will be changed proportionately; participation rights in certain asset distributions and rights offerings and certain changes of control and other major corporate changes; and will be provided comparable rights to alternative consideration if provided to shareholders with respect to certain transactions. If there is no effective registration statement registering, or no current prospectus available for, the resale of the warrant shares by the purchaser, then the warrants may also be exercised, in whole or in part, by means of a "cashless exercise". The warrants may not be exercised if, after giving effect to the exercise by the purchaser, the purchaser would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of the warrant shares. Upon not less than 61 days' prior notice to the Company, a warrant holder may increase or decrease the ownership limitation, provided that the ownership limitation in no event exceeds 9.99% of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of the warrant shares.

#### Placement Agent Warrants

As partial payment for its placement agent services, the designees of EF Hutton, division of Benchmark Investments, LLC, or the representative, were issued warrants, or the Placement Agent Warrants, for the purchase of 3% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by the purchasers. The Placement Agent Warrants become exercisable on June 8, 2022 and expire on December 8, 2026. The Placement Agent Warrants have an initial exercise price equal to the exercise price of the Warrants, or \$4.97 per share, and otherwise have the same antidilution provisions as the private placement warrants, except that the exercise price of the Placement Agent Warrants will not change as a result of a Dilutive Issuance (as defined above). If at the time of an exercise of such Placement Agent Warrants there is no effective registration statement registering, or no current prospectus available for, the resale of the shares that may be purchased under the Placement Agent Warrants, then the Placement Agent Warrants may also be exercised, in whole or in part, by means of a "cashless exercise". The Placement Agent Warrants have the same registration rights provided to the purchasers under the placement agent warrants may not be exercised if, after giving effect to the exercise the holder would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of the shares than 61 days' prior notice to the Company, the holder may increase or decrease the ownership limitation, provided that the ownership limitation in no event exceeds 9.99% of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of the placement Agent Warrants.

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## Options

On November 12, 2021, we filed a Registration Statement on Form S-8 to register restricted stock and options to purchase stock issuable to certain of our executive officers, directors and employees pursuant to our Equity Incentive Plan. As of the date of this prospectus, options to purchase a total of 1,330,000 shares of our common stock are currently outstanding, including options to purchase up to 400,000 shares to our Executive Chairman, Treasurer, Secretary, and Director, Andrew Stranberg; 323,810 options to our Chief Executive Officer, President and Director, Andrew Shape; 76,190 options to our Executive Vice President, Randolph Birney; 81,000 options to our Vice President of Finance and Administration, Christopher Rollins; 53,000 options to our Vice President of Growth and Strategic Initiatives, John Audibert; 376,000 options to 52 other employees; and a total of 20,000 options to our independent directors. The options have an exercise price of \$4.15 per share, and a term of ten years. The options are subject to vesting over a three (3) year period with one-third (1/3) of the options vesting on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant, except that the options granted to Mr. Stranberg, Mr. Shape and Mr. Birney vest over a four-year period with 25% of the options vesting on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the balance of the options (75%) vesting monthly over the following three years after the first anniversary of the date of grant, Mr. Rollins' options vesting immediately upon issuance and the balance of the options (67%) vesting monthly over the following two years at a rate of 1/24 per month; and our independent directors' options vest in twelve (12) equal monthly installments over the first year following the date of grant, subject to continued service.

On November 19, 2021, we granted a new employee an option to purchase up to 60,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$4.36 per share, which vests one-third per year of employment for three years.

On December 2, 2021, we granted a consultant an option to purchase up to 65,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.90 per share, which vests in accordance with the satisfaction of certain performance-based criteria.

On December 6, 2021, we granted a new employee an option to purchase up to 62,500 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$4.72 per share, which vest one-eighth per quarter of employment, and an option to purchase up to 62,500 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$4.72 per share, which vests in accordance with the satisfaction of certain performance-based criteria.

On January 31, 2022, we granted 13 new employees options to purchase a total of 22,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.17 per share. The options vest over a three (3) year period with one-third (1/3) of the options vesting on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant

On March 11, 2022, we granted a new employee an option to purchase 40,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.60 per share. 5,000 shares under the option are subject to certain restrictions on transfer until September 11, 2022, and 35,000 shares under the option vest in accordance with the satisfaction of certain performance-based criteria.

For further description of the terms of the option grants to Mr. Stranberg, Mr. Shape, Mr. Birney, the Consultant, and our independent directors, please see "*Executive Compensation – Employment Agreements*" and "*Executive Compensation – Director Compensation*" in this prospectus.

## **Anti-Takeover Provisions**

Provisions of the Nevada Revised Statutes, our articles of incorporation and our bylaws could have the effect of delaying or preventing a third-party from acquiring us, even if the acquisition would benefit our stockholders. Such provisions of the Nevada Revised Statutes, our articles of incorporation and our bylaws are intended to enhance the likelihood of continuity and stability in the composition of our board of directors and in the policies formulated by the board of directors and to discourage certain types of transactions that may involve an actual or threatened change of control of our company. These provisions are designed to reduce our vulnerability to an unsolicited proposal for a takeover that does not contemplate the acquisition of all of our outstanding shares, or an unsolicited proposal for the restructuring or sale of all or part of our company.

#### Nevada Anti-Takeover Statutes

Pursuant to our articles of incorporation, we have elected not to be governed by the terms and provisions of Nevada's control share acquisition laws (Nevada Revised Statutes 78.378 - 78.3793), which prohibit an acquirer, under certain circumstances, from voting shares of a corporation's stock after crossing specific threshold ownership percentages, unless the acquirer obtains the approval of the issuing corporation's stockholders. The first such threshold is the acquisition of at least one-fifth but less than one-third of the outstanding voting power.

Pursuant to our articles of incorporation, we have also elected not to be governed by the terms and provisions of Nevada's combination with interested stockholders statute (Nevada Revised Statutes 78.411 - 78.444) which prohibits an "interested stockholder" from entering into a "combination" with the corporation, unless certain conditions are met. An "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, beneficially owns (or within the prior two years, did beneficially own) 10 percent or more of the corporation's voting stock, or otherwise has the ability to influence or control such corporation's management or policies.

#### Bylaws

In addition, various provisions of our bylaws may also have an anti-takeover effect. These provisions may delay, defer or prevent a tender offer or takeover attempt of the company that a stockholder might consider in his or her best interest, including attempts that might result in a premium over the market price for the shares held by our stockholders. Our bylaws may be adopted, amended or repealed by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of our outstanding shares of capital stock entitled to vote for the election of directors, and except as provided by Nevada law, our board of directors shall have the power to adopt, amend or repeal the bylaws by a vote of not less than a majority of our directors. Any bylaw provision adopted by the board of directors may be amended or repealed by the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of capital stock entitled to vote for the election of directors. Our bylaws also contain limitations as to who may call special meetings as well as require advance notice of stockholder matters to be brought at a meeting. Additionally, our bylaws also provide that no directors to establish the number of directors and fill any vacancies and newly created directorships. These provisions will prevent a shareholder from increasing the size of our board of directors and gaining control of our board of directors by filling the resulting vacancies with its own nominees.

Our bylaws establish an advance notice procedure for shareholder proposals to be brought before an annual meeting of our shareholders, including proposed nominations of persons for election to the board of directors. Shareholders at an annual meeting will only be able to consider proposals or nominations specified in the notice of meeting or brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the board of directors or by a shareholder who was a shareholder of record on the record date for the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has given us timely written notice, in proper form, of the shareholder's intention to bring that business before the meeting. Although our bylaws do not give the board of directors the power to approve or disapprove shareholder nominations of candidates or proposals regarding other business to be conducted at a special or annual meeting, our bylaws may have the effect of precluding the conduct of certain business at a meeting if the proper procedures are not followed or may discourage or deter a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our company.

#### Authorized but Unissued Shares

Our authorized but unissued shares of common stock are available for our board of directors to issue without stockholder approval. We may use these additional shares for a variety of corporate purposes, including raising additional capital, corporate acquisitions and employee stock plans. The existence of our authorized but unissued shares of common stock could render it more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of the company by means of a proxy context, tender offer, merger or other transaction since our board of directors can issue large amounts of capital stock as part of a defense to a take-over challenge. In addition, we have authorized in our articles of incorporation 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, none of which are currently designated or outstanding. However, the board acting alone and without approval of our stockholders can designate and issue one or more series of preferred stock containing super-voting provisions, enhanced economic rights, rights to elect directors, or other dilutive features, that could be utilized as part of a defense to a take-over challenge.

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#### Supermajority Voting Provisions

Nevada Law provides generally that the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on any matter is required to amend a corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, unless a corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, as the case may be, require a greater percentage. Although our articles of incorporation and bylaws do not currently provide for such a supermajority vote on any matters, our board of directors can amend our bylaws and we can, with the approval of our stockholders, amend our articles of incorporation to provide for such a super-majority voting provision.

#### **Cumulative Voting**

Furthermore, neither the holders of our common stock nor the holders of our preferred stock have cumulative voting rights in the election of our directors. The combination of the present ownership by a few shareholders of a significant portion of our issued and outstanding common stock and lack of cumulative voting makes it more difficult for other shareholders to replace our board of directors or for a third party to obtain control of our company by replacing its board of directors.

#### Listing

Our common stock and publicly-traded warrants are listed and traded under the symbols "STRN" and "STRNW," respectively, on the Nasdaq Capital Market.

## **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

We have appointed VStock Transfer, LLC, 8 Lafayette Place, Woodmere, NY 11598, telephone 212-828-8436, as the transfer agent for our common stock.

## MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR NON-U.S. HOLDERS OF OUR SECURITIES

The following is a summary of the material U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of our common stock and publicly-traded warrants. This summary is limited to Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below) that hold our common stock or warrants as a capital asset (generally, property held for investment) for U.S. federal income tax purposes. This summary does not discuss all of the aspects of U.S. federal income and estate taxation that may be relevant to a Non-U.S. Holder in light of the Non-U.S. Holder's particular investment or other circumstances. Accordingly, all prospective Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the U.S. federal, state, local and non-U.S. tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of our common stock or warrants.

This summary is based on provisions of the Code, applicable U.S. Treasury Regulations and administrative and judicial interpretations, all as in effect or in existence on the date of this prospectus. Subsequent developments in U.S. federal income or estate tax law, including changes in law or differing interpretations, which may be applied retroactively, could alter the U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences of owning and disposing of our common stock or warrants as described in this summary. There can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service, or IRS, will not take a contrary position with respect to one or more of the tax consequences described herein and we have not obtained, nor do we intend to obtain, a ruling from the IRS with respect to the U.S. federal income or estate tax consequences of the ownership or disposition of our common stock or warrants.

As used in this summary, the term "Non-U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of our common stock or warrants that is not, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof, or the District of Columbia;
- an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership;
- an estate whose income is includible in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if (1) a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust's administration and one or more "United States persons" (as defined in the Code) has the authority to control all of the trust's substantial decisions, or (2) the trust has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury Regulations to be treated as a United States person.

If an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds our common stock or warrants, the tax treatment of a partner in such a partnership generally will depend upon the status of the partner, the activities of the partnership and certain determinations made at the partner level. Partnerships, and partners in partnerships, that hold our common stock or warrants should consult their own tax advisors as to the particular U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences of owning and disposing of our common stock or warrants that are applicable to them.

This summary does not consider any specific facts or circumstances that may apply to a Non-U.S. Holder and does not address any special tax rules that may apply to particular Non-U.S. Holders, such as:

- a Non-U.S. Holder that is a financial institution, insurance company, tax-exempt organization, pension plan, broker, dealer or trader in securities, dealer in currencies, U.S. expatriate, controlled foreign corporation or passive foreign investment company;
- a Non-U.S. Holder holding our common stock or warrants as part of a conversion, constructive sale, wash sale or other integrated transaction or a hedge, straddle or synthetic security;
- a Non-U.S. Holder that holds or receives our common stock or warrants pursuant to the exercise of any employee stock option or otherwise as compensation; or
- a Non-U.S. Holder that at any time owns, directly, indirectly or constructively, 5% or more of our outstanding common stock.

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In addition, this summary does not address any U.S. state or local, or non-U.S. or other tax consequences, or any U.S. federal income or estate tax consequences for beneficial owners of a Non-U.S. Holder, including shareholders of a controlled foreign corporation or passive foreign investment company that holds our common stock or warrants.

# Each Non-U.S. Holder should consult its own tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal, state, local and non-U.S. income and other tax consequences of owning and disposing of our common stock or warrants.

#### **Distributions on Our Common Stock**

We do not currently expect to pay any cash dividends on our common stock. If we make distributions of cash or property (other than certain pro rata distributions of our common stock) with respect to our common stock, any such distributions generally will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax rules. If a distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, the excess will be treated as a nontaxable return of capital to the extent of the Non-U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in our common stock. Any remaining excess will be treated as gain from a disposition of our common stock subject to the tax treatment described below in "— *Dispositions of Our Common Stock.*"

Distributions on our common stock that are treated as dividends and that are effectively connected with a Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States will be taxed on a net income basis at the regular graduated rates and in the manner applicable to United States persons. An exception may apply if the Non-U.S. Holder is eligible for, and properly claims, the benefit of an applicable income tax treaty and the dividends are not attributable to a permanent establishment or fixed base maintained by the Non-U.S. Holder in the United States. In such case, the Non-U.S. Holder may be eligible for a lower rate under an applicable income tax treaty between the United States and its jurisdiction of tax residence. Dividends that are effectively connected with a Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States will not be subject to the U.S. withholding tax if the Non-U.S. Holder provides to the applicable withholding agent a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI (or other applicable form) in accordance with the applicable certification and disclosure requirements. A Non-U.S. Holder treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes may also be subject to a "branch profits tax" at a 30% rate (unless the Non-U.S. Holder is eligible for a lower rate under an applicable income tax treaty on the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business and increased by amounts reinvested in the operations of the U.S. trade or business within the United States. The amount of taxable earnings and profits is generally reduced by amounts reinvested in the operations of the U.S. trade or business and increased by any decline in its equity.

The certifications described above must be provided to the applicable withholding agent prior to the payment of dividends and must be updated periodically. A Non-U.S. Holder may obtain a refund or credit of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for a refund with the IRS. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding their eligibility for benefits under any relevant income tax treaty and the manner of claiming such benefits.

The foregoing discussion is subject to the discussions below under "-Backup Withholding and Information Reporting" and "-FATCA Withholding."

#### **Exercise of Our Warrants**

Exercise of our warrants by a Non-U.S. Holder will cause the Holder to become a Non-U.S. Holder of our common stock with an adjusted basis in that stock generally equal to the Non-U.S. Holder's adjusted basis in the warrant plus the amount paid to exercise the warrant(s). No U.S. income tax or withholding tax is applicable to such exercise.

#### **Dispositions of Our Common Stock or Warrants**

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax (including U.S. withholding tax) on gain recognized on any sale or other disposition of our common stock or warrants unless:

• the gain is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a permanent establishment or fixed base maintained by the Non-U.S. Holder in the United States); in such case, the gain would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at the regular graduated rates and in the manner applicable to United States persons (unless an applicable income tax treaty provides otherwise) and, if the Non-U.S. Holder is treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the "branch profits tax" described above may also apply;

- the Non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of the disposition and meets certain other requirements; in such case, except as otherwise provided by an applicable income tax treaty, the gain, which may be offset by certain U.S. source capital losses, generally will be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax, even if the Non-U.S. Holder is not treated as a resident of the United States under the Code; or
- we are or have been a "United States real property holding corporation," or USRPHC, for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time during the shorter of (i) the five-year period ending on the date of disposition and (ii) the period that the Non-U.S. Holder held our common stock or warrants.

Generally, a corporation is a USRPHC if the fair market value of its "United States real property interests" equals or exceeds 50% of the sum of the fair market value of its worldwide real property interests plus its other assets used or held for use in a trade or business. We believe that we are not currently, and we do not anticipate becoming in the future, a USRPHC. However, because the determination of whether we are a USRPHC is made from time to time and depends on the relative fair market values of our assets, there can be no assurance in this regard. If we were a USRPHC, the tax relating to disposition of stock or warrants in a USRPHC generally will not apply to a Non-U.S. Holder whose holdings, direct, indirect and constructive, constituted 5% or less of our common stock or warrants at all times during the applicable period, provided that our common stock or warrants are "regularly traded on an established securities market" (as provided in applicable U.S. Treasury Regulations) at any time during the calendar year in which the disposition occurs. However, no assurance can be provided that our common stock or warrants will be regularly traded on an established securities market" or warrants will be regularly traded on an established securities market for murposes of the rules described above. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding any possible adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences to them if we are, or were to become, a USRPHC.

The foregoing discussion is subject to the discussions below under "-Backup Withholding and Information Reporting" and "-FATCA Withholding."

## Federal Estate Tax

Any shares of our common stock or warrants that are owned (or treated as owned) by an individual who is not a U.S. citizen or resident of the United States (as specially defined for U.S. federal estate tax purposes) at the time of death will be included in that individual's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes, unless an applicable estate tax or other treaty provides otherwise and, therefore, may be subject to U.S. federal estate tax.

## **Backup Withholding and Information Reporting**

Backup withholding (currently at a rate of 24%) may apply to dividends paid by U.S. corporations in some circumstances, but will not apply to payments of dividends on our common stock to a Non-U.S. Holder if the Non-U.S. Holder provides to the applicable withholding agent a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) certifying under penalties of perjury that the Non-U.S. Holder is not a United States person or is otherwise entitled to an exemption. However, the applicable withholding agent generally will be required to report to the IRS (and to such Non-U.S. Holder) payments of dividends on our common stock and the amount of U.S. federal income tax, if any, withheld from those payments. In accordance with applicable treaties or agreements, the IRS may provide copies of such information returns to the tax authorities in the country in which the Non-U.S. Holder resides.

The gross proceeds from sales or other dispositions of our common stock or warrants may be subject, in certain circumstances discussed below, to U.S. backup withholding and information reporting. If a Non-U.S. Holder sells or otherwise disposes of any of our common stock or warrants outside the United States through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker and the disposition proceeds are paid to the Non-U.S. Holder outside the United States, the U.S. backup withholding and information reporting requirements generally will not apply to that payment. However, U.S. information reporting, but not U.S. backup withholding, will apply to a payment of disposition proceeds, even if that payment is made outside the United States, if a Non-U.S. Holder sells our common stock or warrants through a non-U.S. office of a broker that is a United States person or has certain enumerated connections with the United States, unless the broker has documentary evidence in its files that the Non-U.S. Holder is not a United States person and certain other conditions are met or the Non-U.S. Holder otherwise qualifies for an exemption.

If a Non-U.S. Holder receives payments of the proceeds of a disposition of our common stock or warrants to or through a U.S. office of a broker, the payment will be subject to both U.S. backup withholding and information reporting unless the Non-U.S. Holder provides to the broker a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) certifying under penalties of perjury that the Non-U.S. Holder is not a United States person, or the Non-U.S. Holder otherwise qualifies for an exemption.

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Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withhold under the backup withholding rules may be credited against the Non-U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability (which may result in the Non-U.S. Holder being entitled to a refund), provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

## FATCA Withholding

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act and related Treasury guidance (commonly referred to as FATCA) impose U.S. federal withholding tax at a rate of 30% on payments to certain foreign entities of (i) U.S.-source dividends (including dividends paid on our common stock) and (ii) the gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of property that produces U.S.-source dividends (including sales or other dispositions of our common stock or warrants). This withholding tax applies to a foreign entity, whether acting as a beneficial owner or an intermediary, unless such foreign entity complies with (i) certain information reporting requirements regarding its U.S. account holders and its U.S. owners and (ii) certain withholding obligations regarding certain payments to its account holders and certain other persons. Accordingly, the entity through which a Non-U.S. Holder holds its common stock or warrants will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. While withholding under FATCA would have also applied to payments of gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of our common stock or warrants on or after January 1, 2019, U.S. Treasury Regulations proposed in December, 2018 eliminate such withholding on payments of gross proceeds entirely. Taxpayers generally may rely on these proposed U.S. Treasury Regulations until final U.S. Treasury Regulations are issued. Non-U.S. Holders are encouraged to consult their tax advisors regarding FATCA.

## PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

This prospectus relates to 4,478,134 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants including 4,328,495 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the publicly-traded warrants and 149,639 of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the representative's warrants. The terms of such warrants are described under *"Description of Securities."* 

The common stock issuable upon the exercise of the warrants will not be offered through underwriters, or brokers or dealers. We will not pay any compensation in connection with the offering of the shares upon exercise of the warrants.

The shares of common stock offered by this prospectus will be issued and sold upon the exercise of the warrants. The shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the outstanding warrants will be listed on Nasdaq under the symbol "STRN." The common stock will be distributed to holders who exercise the warrants in accordance with the terms of the applicable warrant.

## LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters as to the United States federal and New York law in connection with this offering were passed upon for us by Bevilacqua PLLC. The validity of the shares of common stock and warrants covered by this prospectus and certain other legal matters as to Nevada law were passed upon by Sherman & Howard L.L.C. Bevilacqua PLLC relied upon Sherman & Howard L.L.C. with respect to matters governed by Nevada law.

#### EXPERTS

The financial statements of our company appearing elsewhere in this prospectus have been included herein in reliance upon the report of BF Borgers CPA PC, an independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

## WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement, of which this prospectus is a part, on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus, which constitutes a part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement, some of which is contained in exhibits to the registration statement as permitted by the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information with respect to us and our common stock, we refer you to the registration statement, including the exhibits filed as a part of the registration statement. Statements contained in this prospectus concerning the contents of any contract or any other document are not necessarily complete. If a contract or document has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, please see the copy of the contract or document that has been filed. Each statement in this prospectus relating to a contract or document filed as an exhibit is qualified in all respects by the filed exhibit.

We are subject to the information requirements of the Exchange Act and are required tofile periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC.

You can read our SEC filings, including the registration statement as well as our other SEC filings, over the Internet at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

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## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 and 2021

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STRAN & COMPANY, INC. BALANCE SHEETS

> March 31, 2022

December 31, 2021

	(	(unaudited)		
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash	\$	40,004,860	\$	32,226,668
Accounts Receivable, Net		9,844,720		8,982,768
Deferred Income Taxes		287,400		113,000
Inventory		6,147,458		5,230,792
Prepaid Corporate Taxes		87,459		87,459
Prepaid Expenses		497,303		623,402
Deposits	_	837,655		299,411
		57,706,855		47,563,500
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET:		650,185		615,837
OTHER ASSETS:				
Intangible Assets - Customer Lists, Net		4,113,542		1,929,294
Right of Use Asset - Office Leases		1,019,412		1,094,778
		5,132,954		3,024,072
	\$	63,489,994	\$	51,203,409
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Current Portion of Contingent Earn-Out Liabilities	\$	1,572,970	\$	665,855
Current Obligation under Right of Use Asset - Office Leases		314,793		310.095
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		4,002,765		4,983,496
Accrued Payroll and Related		711,020		836,915
Unearned Revenue		1,786,381		721,608
Rewards Program Liability		10,043,878		43,878
Sales Tax Payable		110,748		106,824
Note Payable - Wildman		162,358		162,358
		18,704,913	_	7,831,029
		- ,- ,		.,,.
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:				
Long-Term Contingent Earn-Out Liability		1,488,603		976,078
Long-Term Obligation under Right of Use Asset - Office Leases		704,619		784,683
		2,193,222		1,760,761
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY:				
Common Stock, \$.0001 Par Value; 300,000,000 Shares Authorized, 20,127,788 and 19,753,852 Shares Issued and Outstanding		2.014		1,976
as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		2,014		1,976
Additional Paid-In Capital		41,273,665		39,747,649
Retained Earnings		1,316,180		1,861,994
		42,591,859		41,611,619
	\$	63,489,994	\$	51,203,409

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## STRAN & COMPANY, INC. STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (LOSS) AND RETAINED EARNINGS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022D 2021 (UNAUDITED)

	2022	2021
SALES	\$ 12,259,583	3 \$ 7,544,191
COST OF SALES:		
Purchases	7,956,610	6 4,535,233
Freight	1,084,802	
	9,041,413	
GROSS PROFIT	3,218,165	5 2,291,708
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
General and Administrative Expenses	4,024,213	8 2,645,457
	4,024,21	8 2,645,457
EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(806,05)	3) (353,749)
	(000,00.	(555,715)
OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):		
Other Expense	(3,68)	- (0
Other Income	90,59	5 -
Interest Expense	(3,73	1) (12,862)
	83,184	4 (12,862)

		-	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(722,869)		(366,611)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:	(177,055)		(76,526)
NET EARNINGS	(545,814)		(290,085)
NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE			
Basic	\$ (0.03)	\$	(0.03)
Diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$	(0.03)
WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING			
Basic	20,061,143		10,000,000
Diluted	31,777,338		10,000,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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# <u>STRAN & COMPANY, INC.</u> <u>STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u> <u>THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (UNAUDITED)

				Ad	ditional Paid			
	Commo	n Sto	ck		in	Retained	S	tockholders
	Shares		Value		Capital	 Earnings		Equity
Balance, January 1, 2021	10,000,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$ 1,626,755	\$	1,627,755
Net Earnings			-		-	 (290,085)		(290,085)
Balance, March 31, 2021	10,000,000	_	1,000		-	 1,336,670		1,337,670
Balance, January 1, 2022	19,753,852	\$	1,976	\$	39,747,649	\$ 1,861,994	\$	41,611,619
IPO Warrants Exercised	271,589		27		1,307,335	-		1,307,362
Asset Acquisition	46,083		5		99,995	-		100,000
Stock-Based Compensation	56,264		6		118,686	-		118,692
Net Earnings			-		-	 (545,814)		(545,814)
Balance, March 31, 2022	20,127,788	\$	2,014	\$	41,273,665	\$ 1,316,180	\$	42,591,859

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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## STRAN & COMPANY, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (UNAUDITED)

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Earnings	\$ (545,814)	\$ (290,085)
Noncash Items Included in Net Earnings:		
Deferred Income Taxes (Credit)	(174,400)	(76,526)
Depreciation and Amortization	144,253	84,448
Intangible Asset - Customer List Impairment	64	-
Reduction in Wildman Earn-Out Payment	(215,360)	-
Stock-Based Compensation	118,692	-
(Increase) Decrease In:		
Accounts Receivable		
	(861,952)	, ,
Due From Wildman	-	(279,283)
Inventory	(916,666)	
Prepaid Expenses	126,100	(111,135)
Deposits	(538,244)	214,495
Increase (Decrease) In:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(980,731)	
Accrued Payroll and Related	(125,895)	57,538
Unearned Revenue	1,064,773	(272,155)
Rewards Program Liability	10,000,000	(129,392)
Sales Tax Payable	3,924	(16,738)
	7,098,744	38,670
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Additions to Intangible Assets - Customer Lists	(540,290)	-
Additions to Property and Equipment	(87,624)	
	(627,914)	
	(027,917)	(120,000.)

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
New Borrowings:		
Note Payable - Line of Credit	-	1,400,000
Debt Reduction:		
Note Payable - Line of Credit	-	(1,400,000)
Change in Due To/From Stockholder	-	(48,717)
Proceeds from Warrants Exercised	1,307,362	-
	1,307,362	(48,717)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	7,778,192	(133,131)
CASH - BEGINNING	 32,226,668	 647,235
CASH - ENDING	\$ 40,004,860	\$ 514,104

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## STRAN & COMPANY, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

## SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	_	2022		2021
Cash Paid During The Period For:				
Interest	\$	3,731	\$	12,862
Income Taxes	\$	76,073	\$	
	_			
Schedule of Noncash Investing and Financing Transactions:				
Cost of Intangible Asset - Customer List	\$	2,275,290	\$	-
G.A.P. Contingent Earn-Out		(1,635,000)		-
Restricted Stock		(100,000)		-
Cash Used for Purchase of Intangible Asset - Customer List	\$	540,290	\$	-
	_		-	
Cost of Inventory	\$	91,096	\$	-
Working Capital		941,919		-
Additional Acquisition Costs in AP		(62,433)		-
Cash Used for Purchase Inventory and Working Capital	\$	970,582	\$	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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#### STRAN & COMPANY, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## A. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

- 1. Organization Stran & Company, Inc. (the "Company"), was incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and commenced operations on November 17, 1995. The Company re-incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on May 24, 2021.
- 2. Operations The Company is an outsourced marketing solutions provider that sells branded products to customers. The Company purchases products and branding through various third-party manufacturers and decorators and resells the finished goods to customers.

In addition to selling branded products, the Company offers clients custom sourcing capabilities; a flexible and customizable e-commerce solution for promoting branded merchandise and other promotional products, managing promotional loyalty and incentives, print collateral, and event assets, order and inventory management, and designing and hosting online retail popup shops, fixed public retail online stores, and online business-to-business service offerings; creative and merchandising services; warehousing/fulfillment and distribution; print-on-demand; kitting; point of sale displays; and loyalty and incentive programs.

3. Method of Accounting - The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. ("U.S. GAAP").

- 4. Emerging Growth Company The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor
- 5. Cash and Cash Equivalents For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.
- 6. Concentration of Credit Risk Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable and deposits in excess of federally insured limits. These risks are managed by performing ongoing credit evaluations of customers' financial condition and by maintaining all deposits in high quality financial institutions.
- 7. Inventory Inventory consists of finished goods (branded products) and goods in process (un-branded products awaiting decoration). All inventory is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market value.

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- 8. Property and Equipment Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred whereas major betterments are capitalized. Depreciation is provided using straight-line and accelerated methods over five years.
- 9. Intangible Asset Customer List The Company accounts for intangible assets under the provision of ASC 350-20 "Accounting for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." The provision establishes standards for valuation and amortization of unidentifiable assets.

Under ASC 350-20-35-1, the cost of unidentifiable intangible assets is measured by the excess cost over the fair value of net assets acquired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives shall not be amortized until its useful life is determined to be no longer infinite. The intangible assets are evaluated when a triggering event occurs, at least annually, for potential impairment.

- 10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, earn-out liability, and notes payable. The recorded values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, earn-out liability and notes payable approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature.
- 11. Revenue Recognition In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"), which is aimed at creating common revenue recognition guidance for GAAP and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). This new guidance provides a comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue guidance issued by the FASB. ASU 2014-09 also requires both qualitative and quantitative disclosures, including descriptions of performance obligations.

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2014-09 and all related amendments ("ASC 606") and applied its provisions to all uncompleted contracts using the modified retrospective basis. The application of this new revenue recognition standard resulted in no adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings.

Performance Obligations - Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when, or as, the Company satisfies its performance obligations by transferring goods or services to customers. A good or service is transferred to a customer when, or as, the customer obtains control of that good or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied over time or at a point in time. Revenue from a performance obligation satisfied at a point in time is recognized at the point in time that the company determines the customer has obtained control over the promised good or service. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration of which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for the promised goods or services.

The following provides detailed information on the recognition of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers:

<u>Product Sales</u> - The Company is engaged in the development and sale of promotional programs and products. Revenue on the sale of these products is recognized after orders are shipped.

<u>Reward Card Program</u> - The Company facilitates a reward card program for a customer and receives a transaction fee when the customer issues or replenishes a new reward card. Revenue is recognized when cards are issued or replenished.

All performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time.

- 12. Freight The Company includes freight charges as a component of cost of goods sold.
- 13. Uncertainty in Income and Other Taxes The Company adopted the standards for *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (income, sales, use, and payroll), which required the Company to report any uncertain tax positions and to adjust its financial statements for the impact thereof. As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company determined that it had no tax positions that did not meet the "more likely than not" threshold of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. The Company files tax and information returns in the United States Federal, Massachusetts, and other state jurisdictions. These returns are generally subject to examination by tax authorities for the last three years.

- 14. Income Taxes Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are provided for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statements and income tax purposes. The Company has historically utilized accelerated tax depreciation to minimize federal income taxes.
- 15. Earnings/ Loss per Share Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential shares of common stock outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include the issuance of potential shares of common stock for outstanding stock options and warrants.
- 13. Stock-Based Compensation The Company accounts for its stock-based awards in accordance with FASB ASC 718, Compensation Stock Compensation. ASC 718 requires all stock-based payments to employees to be recognized in the consolidated statements of operations based on their fair values. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of options granted. The Company is recognizing compensation costs only for those stock-based awards expected to vest after considering expected forfeitures. Cumulative compensation expense is at least equal to the compensation expense for vested awards. Stock-based compensation is recognized on a straight-line basis over the service period of each award. The Company records compensation cost as an element of general and administrative expense in the accompanying statements of operations.
- 14. Stock Option and Warrant Valuation Stock option and warrant valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions. The fair value of stock-based payment awards was estimated using the Black-Scholes option model with a volatility figure derived from an index of historical stock prices for comparable entities. For warrants and stock options issued to non- employees, the Company accounts for the expected life based on the contractual life of the warrants and stock options. For employees, the Company accounts for the expected life of options in accordance with the "simplified" method, which is used for "plain-vanilla" options, as defined in the accounting standards codification. The risk-free interest rate was determined from the implied yields of U.S. Treasury zero-coupon bonds with a remaining life consistent with the expected term of the options.
- 15. Sales Tax Sales tax collected from customers is recorded as a liability, pending remittance to the taxing jurisdiction. Consequently, sales taxes have been excluded from revenues and costs. The Company remits sales, use, and GST taxes to Massachusetts, other state jurisdictions, and Canada, respectively.
- 16. Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 17. Recent Accounting Pronouncements Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on its financial statements.

## B. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS, NET:

The Company uses the allowance method to account for uncollectible accounts receivable balances. Under the allowance method, an estimate of uncollectible customer balances is made based on the Company's prior history and other factors such as credit quality of the customer and economic conditions of the market. Based on these factors, at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$262,847 and \$302,929, respectively.

## C. <u>INVENTORY</u>:

Inventory consists of the following as of:

	March 31,		ecember 31,	
	 2022		2021	
Finished Goods (branded products)	\$ 5,323,747	\$	4,124,738	
Goods in Process (un-branded products)	 823,711		1,106,054	
	\$ 6,147,458	\$	5,230,792	

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## D. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

Property and Equipment consists of the following as of:

	March 31, 2022	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Leasehold Improvements	\$ 5,66	4 \$	5,664
Office Furniture and Equipment	432,25	5	410,030
Software	1,041,35	L	975,952
Transportation Equipment	62,424	ŧ	62,424
	1,541,694	1	1,454,070
Accumulated Depreciation	(891,50	))	(838,233)
	\$ 650,18	5 \$	615,837

## E. INTANGIBLE ASSET - CUSTOMER LIST:

## Wildman Acquisition

The Company has acquired select assets and the customer list of an entity as discussed in Note H and Note L. The Company, using a Contingent Earn-Out Calculation, made the determination that the amounts allocated to Intangible Asset - Customer List amounted to \$2,253,690. The intangible asset - customer list is amortized over10 years. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's evaluation of Intangible Asset - Customer List has resulted in accumulated impairment of \$131,471 and \$69,583, respectively.

Amortization expense related to intangible asset - customer list was \$3,055 and \$37,561 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Estimated future amortization expense for the years:

2023	212,222
2024	212,222
2025 2026	212,222
2026	212,222
	\$ 1,061,110

# G.A.P. Acquisition

The Company has acquired select assets and the customer list of an entity as discussed in Note H and Note L. The Company, using a Contingent Earn-Out Calculation, made the determination that the amounts allocated to Intangible Asset - Customer List amounted to \$2,275,290. The intangible asset - customer list is amortized over10 years. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's evaluation of Intangible Asset - Customer List has resulted in accumulated impairment of zero.

Amortization expense related to intangible asset - customer list was \$37,922 and zero for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Estimated future amortization expense for the years:

2022	\$ 208,560	
2023 2024 2025 2026	227,52	9
2024	227,529	9
2025	227,529	9
2026	227,529	9
	\$ 1,118,684	4

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# F. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

	 2022	 2021
Cost of sales - purchases	\$ 1,953,846	\$ 2,109,427
Other payables and accrued expenses	 2,048,919	 2,874,069
	\$ 4,002,765	\$ 4,983,496

# G. NOTE PAYABLE - LINE OF CREDIT:

The Company has a \$7,000,000 line of credit with Salem Five Cents Savings Bank at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, borrowings on this line of credit amounted to zero. The line bears interest at prime rate plus.5% per annum. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the interest rate was4.00%. The line is reviewed annually and is due on demand. This line of credit is secured by substantially all assets of the Company.

# H. CONTINGENT EARN-OUT LIABILITIES:

# Wildman Acquisition

In connection with the asset acquisition, as discussed in Note L, the customer list was purchased using a Contingent Earn-Out Calculation. The purchase price is equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the gross profit earned from the sale of product to the customer list for year 1 andthirty percent (30%) for years 2 and 3. Payments are due on the first anniversary date of the purchase and then quarterly. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the current portion of the earn-out liability amounted to \$923,970 and \$665,855, respectively. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the long-term portion of the earn-out liability amounted to \$02,603 and \$976,078, respectively.

# G.A.P. Acquisition

In connection with the asset acquisition, as discussed in Note L, the customer list was purchased using a Contingent Earn-Out Calculation. The purchase price is equal to thirty-one percent (31%) of the gross profit over \$1,500,000 earned from the sale of product to the customer list for years 1 and 2 in addition to fixed payments of \$180,000 and \$300,000 for years 1 and 2, respectively. Payments are due on the first anniversary date of the purchase. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the current portion of the earn-out liability amounted to \$649,000 and zero, respectively. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the long-term portion of the earn-out liability amounted to \$986,000 and zero, respectively.

#### UNEARNED REVENUE: I.

Unearned revenue includes customer deposits and deferred revenue which represent prepayments from customers. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had unearned revenue totaling \$1,786,381 and \$721,608, respectively.

	March 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
Balance at January 1,	\$ 721,608	\$ 564,227
Revenue recognized	(12,259,583)	(39,702,714)
Amounts collected or invoiced	13,324,356	39,860,095
Unearned Revenue	\$ 1,786,381	\$ 721,608

# J. <u>REWARD CARD PROGRAM LIABILITY</u>:

The Company manages reward card programs for customers. Under this program, the Company receives cash and simultaneously records a liability for the total amount received. These accounts are adjusted on a periodic basis as reward cards are funded or reduced at the direction of the customers. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the company had deposits totaling \$10,043,878 and \$43,878, respectively.

# K. NOTE PAYABLE - WILDMAN:

In connection with the asset acquisition as discussed in Note L, the Company had an amount due to the seller of \$62,358 for the inventory purchased. This amount accrues no interest, and is to be paid "as used" on a quarterly basis through the three year earn-out period as discussed in Note H. At March 31, 2022, the note totaled \$162,358. The Company anticipates that the note will be paid in full in 2022, accordingly the note payable has been classified as current on the balance sheet as of March 31, 2022.

# L. AQUISITIONS:

#### Wildman Acquisition

On August 24, 2020, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement to acquire inventory, select fixed assets, and a customer list from Wildman Business Group, LLC (WBG). In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB" ASC 805), "Business Combinations", the acquisition method of accounting is used and recognition of the assets acquired is at fair value as of the acquisition dates. All acquisition costs are expensed as incurred. The consideration paid has been allocated to the assets acquired based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The estimate of fair values for tangible assets acquired were agreed to by both buyer and seller. The aggregate purchase price was \$2,937,222.

Fair Value of Identifiable Assets Acquired:	
Inventory	\$ 33
Property and Equipment	34,099
Intangible - Customer List	 2,253,690
	\$ 2,937,222
Consideration Paid:	
Cash	\$ 521,174
Note Payable - Wildman	162,358
Wildman Contingent Earn-Out Liability	 2,253,690
	\$ 2,937,222

# G.A.P. Acquisition

On January 31, 2022, the Company closed on an asset purchase agreement to acquire inventory, select fixed assets, and a customer list from G.A.P. Promotions, LLC ("G.A.P."). In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB" ASC 805), "Business Combinations", the acquisition method of accounting is used and recognition of the assets acquired is at fair value as of the acquisition dates. All acquisition costs are expensed as incurred. The consideration paid has been allocated to the assets acquired based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The estimate of fair values for tangible assets acquired were agreed to by both buyer and seller. The aggregate purchase price was \$3,245,872.

Fair Value of Identifiable Assets Acquired:	
Inventory	\$ 91,096
Working Capital	879,486
Intangible - Customer List	 2,275,290
	\$ 3,245,872
Consideration Paid:	
Cash	\$ 1,510,872
Restricted Stock	100,000
G.A.P. Contingent Earn-Out Liability	 1,635,000
	\$ 3,245,872

# M. LEASE OBLIGATIONS:

The following is a summary of the Company's right of use assets and lease liabilities:

<b>Operating Leases</b>	Ν	1arch 31, 2022	De	cember 31, 2021
Right-Of-Use Assets	\$	1,019,412	\$	1,094,778
Lease Liability:				
Right-Of-Use Asset - Office Leases - Current		314,793		310,095
Right-Of-Use Asset - Office Leases - Non-Current		704,619		784,683
	\$	1,019,412	\$	1,094,778

Rent expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$105,502 and \$101,531, respectively.

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The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments:

2022	\$ 345,474
2023	338,028 324,462
2024	324,462
2025 2026	135,740
2026	-
	\$ 1,143,704

As of March 31, 2022, the Company's operating leases had a weighted average remaining lease term of 2.5 years and a weighted average discount rate of 2%.

# N. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:

# Common Stock

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation dated May 19, 2021, the Company is authorized to issue 300,000,000 shares of \$.0001 par value common stock, of which 20,127,788 and 10,000,000 shares were issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Common stockholders are entitled to one vote per share and are entitled to receive dividends when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors.

# Initial Public Offering

On November 12, 2021, the Company consummated its Initial Public Offering (the IPO) of4,987,951 Units at a price of \$4.15 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$20,699,996, with each Unit consisting of one share of common stock, \$0001 par value, and one redeemable Public Warrant. IPO proceeds were recorded net of offering costs of \$2,755,344. Offering costs consisted principally of underwriting, legal, accounting and other expenses that are directly related to the IPO.

Each redeemable warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of common stock, at a price of \$4.81375 per share as of March 31, 2022, which will expirefive years from issuance.

Simultaneously with the consummation of the closing of the IPO, the Company issued the underwriters a total of 149,639 warrants that are exercisable beginning six months after the date of the IPO at an exercise price of \$5.19 with a five-year expiration term.

As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, warrant holders have exercised 659,456 and zero warrants, respectively. As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, there were 4,328,495 and zero warrants outstanding, respectively.

# Private Placement:

On December 10, 2021, the Company consummated the sale of4,371,926 shares of common stock at a price of \$4.97 per share in a private placement (the PIPE), generating gross proceeds of \$21,278,472, with each investor also receiving a warrant to purchase up to a number of shares of common stock equal to125% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by such investor in the private placement, or a total of 5,464,903 shares, at an exercise price of \$4.97 per share. PIPE proceeds were recorded net of offering costs of \$1,499,858. Offering costs consisted principally of placement agent, legal, accounting and other expenses that are directly related to the PIPE.

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Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase up to 125% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by such investor in the private placement, or a total of 5,464,903 shares which will expirefive years from issuance. The warrants have certain downward pricing adjustment mechanisms, including with respect to any subsequent equity sale that is deemed a dilutive issuance, in which case the warrants will be subject to a floor price of \$4.80 per share before shareholder approval is obtained, and after shareholder approval is obtained, such floor price will be reduced to \$1.00 per share, as set forth in the warrants. On December 10, 2021, the holders of shares of common stock entitled to vote approximately 65.4% of the Company's outstanding voting stock on December 10, 2021 approved the Company's entry into the private placement. The Company filed preliminary and definitive information statements on Schedule 14C with the SEC on December 29, 2021 and January 11, 2022, respectively, and delivered copies of the definitive information statement to shareholders January 12, 2022. On January 31, 2022, the stockholders' consent became effective pursuant to Rule 14c-2 under the Exchange Act. As a result, the exercise price of the private placement warrants may be reduced to as low as \$1.00 per share if their downward-pricing adjustment mechanisms become applicable.

Simultaneously with the consummation of the closing of the PIPE, the Company issued the placement agent a total of131,158 warrants that are exercisable for sixed months from the date of the PIPE at an exercise price of \$4.97 with a five year expiration term.

As of March 31, 2022 and 2021 warrant holders have exercised zero warrants. As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, there were 5,596,061 and zero warrants outstanding, respectively.

#### Stock Purchase Warrants:

Stock purchase warrants issued with the IPO and the PIPE are accounted for as equity in accordance with ASC 480, Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity.

The following table reflects all outstanding and exercisable warrants at March 31, 2022 and 2021. All warrants are exercisable for a period offive years from the date of issuance:

	Numbers of Warrants Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Life (Years)
Balance January 1, 2021	-	-	-
Warrants Issued	-	-	-
Warrants Exercised			
Balance March 31, 2021	-	-	-
Balance January 1, 2022	10,345,784	\$ 4.90	
Warrants Issued	-	-	-
Warrants Exercised	(271,589)	\$ 4.90	
Balance March 31, 2022	10,074,195	\$ 4.90	5

# O. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION:

Sto

In November 2021, the Board of Directors adopted the Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 Plan") which provides for the granting of nonqualified stock options and restricted stock to the Company's employees, officers, directors, and outside consultants to purchase shares of the Company's common stock. The number of shares of common stock available for issuance under the 2021 Plan is 942,068 shares of common stock.

Stock-based compensation expense included the following components:

-	_	-	-	2022	2021
ck Options				\$ 28,730	-

89,962 118,692

All stock-based compensation expense is recorded in General and Administrative expense in the Statement of Earnings.

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# Non-Qualified Stock Options:

The fair value of options is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the assumptions noted in the table below. The fair value is amortized as compensation cost on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the awards, which is generally the vesting period. The Company uses historical data on employee turnover and terminations to estimate the percentage of options that will ultimately be exercised. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility from a representative sample of publicly traded companies. The expected term represents the period of time that the options are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free interest rate is estimated using the rate of return on U.S. Treasury Notes with a life that approximates the expected life of the option. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual results differ from the estimates. Stock-based compensation is based on awards that are ultimately expected to vest.

Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the Company's stock at the date of grant; those options generally vest based on four years of continuous service and have 10-year contractual terms.

The Black-Scholes option pricing model assumptions are as follows:

Risk-free interest rate	1.335%
Expected term	5.5-6.25 years
Expected volatility	102.33%
Expected dividends	0%

A summary of option activity under the 2021 Plan as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 and changes during the years then ended is presented below:

Options	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2021	-		-	-
Granted	-		-	-
Forfeited or Expired and Other Adj			-	 -
Outstanding at March 31, 2021			-	
Exercisable at March 31, 2021	-		-	-
Outstanding at January 1, 2022	1,603,000	\$	4.15	\$ 3,045,700
Granted	61,000	\$	1.80	(2,820)
Forfeited or Expired and Other Adj	(22,000)	\$	4.15	 52,800
Outstanding at March 31, 2022	1,642,000	\$	4.06	\$ (3,797,220)
Exercisable at March 31, 2022	75,256	\$	3.97	\$ (167,318)

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$4.06 and zero, respectively. The weighted-average remaining contractual term for the outstanding options is approximately 10 years and 0 years as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### <u>Restricted Stock :</u>

Restricted stock granted under the 2021 Plan generally vest over10 years, based on continued employment, and are settled upon vesting shares of the Company's common stock on a one-for-one basis.

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A summary of restricted stock activity under the 2021 Plan as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 and changes during the years then ended is presented below:

Restricted Stock	Time-Based
Outstanding at January 1, 2021	-
Granted	-
Vested	-
Forfeited	-
Outstanding at March 31, 2021	-
Outstanding at January 1, 2022	154,960
Granted	125,000
Vested	(56,263)
Forfeited	
Outstanding at March 31, 2022	223,697

#### P. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE:

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted net loss per common share as of March 31,:

	2022		2021
Numerator:			 
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(545,814)	\$ (290,085)
Denominator			
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding		20,061,143	10,000,000
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding		31,777,338	10,000,000
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$	(0.03)	\$ (0.03)
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$	(0.02)	\$ (0.03)

Dilutive securities that were included in the calculation are as follows:

	2022	2021
Stock Options	10,074,195	-
Stock Warrants	1,642,000	
Total	11,716,195	-

# Q. INCOME TAX PROVISION:

The Company computes its provision for income taxes by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to pretax income and adjust the provision for discrete tax items recorded in the period.

The provision for income taxes as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

	 2022	 2021
Federal:		
Current	\$ -	\$ -
Deferred	 (131,800)	 (56,126)
Total	(131,800)	(56,126)
State:		
Current	-	-
Deferred	 (45,255)	 (20,400)
Total	 (45,255)	 (20,400)
Provision for income taxes	\$ (177,055)	\$ (76,526)

The Company has an income tax NOL carryforward related to continued operations as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 of approximately \$74,400 and zero, respectively. As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, the carryforward is recorded as a deferred tax asset of \$287,400 and \$75,526, respectively. Such deferred tax assets can be carried forward indefinitely.

# R. <u>ADVERTISING</u>:

The Company follows the policy of charging the costs of advertising to expense as incurred. For the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, advertising costs amounted to zero and \$26,615, respectively.

# S. <u>MAJOR CUSTOMERS</u>:

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company had one major customer to which sales accounted for approximately 12.3% of the Company's revenues. The Company had accounts receivable from this customer amounting to 16.8% of the total accounts receivable balance.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company had one major customer to which sales accounted for approximately 8.1% of the Company's revenues. The Company had accounts receivable from this customer amounting to 14% of the total accounts receivable balance.

# T. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>:

Management has evaluated events occurring after the balance sheet date through May 13, 2022, the date in which the financial statements were available to be issued.

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#### **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the shareholders and the board of directors of Stran & Company, Inc.

#### **Opinion on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Stran & Company, Inc. as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/S/ BF Borgers CPA PC

# **BF Borgers CPA PC**

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2021 Lakewood, CO March 28, 2022

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# STRAN & COMPANY, INC. BALANCE SHEETS

	D	ecember 31, 2021	De	ecember 31, 2020
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:	¢	22.226.668	¢	(17.005
Cash	\$	32,226,668	\$	647,235
Accounts Receivable, Net		8,982,768		5,679,580
Deferred Income Taxes		113,000		-
Inventory		5,230,792		2,499,049
Prepaid Corporate Taxes		87,459		-
Prepaid Expenses		623,402		122,516
Security Deposit	_	299,411	_	324,927
		47,563,500		9,273,307
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET:		615,837		449,972
OTHER ASSETS:				
Intangible Asset - Customer List, Net		1,929,294		2,216,128
Due From Stockholder		-		6,748
Right of Use Asset - Office Leases		1,094,778		1,358,517
	-	3,024,072		3,581,393
	\$	51,203,409	\$	13,304,672
	-	,,,-,	-	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Note Payable - Line of Credit	\$	-	\$	1,650,000
Current Portion of Long Term Debt		-		153,133
Current Portion of Wildman Contingent Earn-Out Liability		665,855		402,730
Current Obligation under Right of Use Asset - Office Leases		310,095		299,765
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		4,983,496		3,267,933
Accrued Payroll and Related		836,915		1,021,971
Corporate Income Taxes Payable		-		231,980
Unearned Revenue		721,608		564,227
Rewards Program Liability		43,878		173,270
Sales Tax Payable		106,824		73,010
Note Payable - Wildman		162,358		162,358
	_	7,831,029		8,000,377
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:				
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion				766,829
Long-Term Wildman Contingent Earn-Out Liability		- 976,078		1,850,960
		,		, ,
Long-Term Obligation under Right of Use Asset - Office Leases		784,683		1,058,752 3,676,541
		1,700,701		5,070,541
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY:				
Common Stock, \$.0001 Par Value; 300,000,000 Shares Authorized, 19,753,852 and 10,000,000 Shares Issued and Outstanding as		1.076		1.000
of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively		1,976		1,000
Additional Paid-In Capital		39,747,649		-
Retained Earnings	_	1,861,994	_	1,626,754
		41,611,619		1,627,754
	\$	51,203,409	\$	13,304,672

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# STRAN & COMPANY, INC. STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

SALES         \$ 39,70,714         \$ 37,752,173           COST OF SALES: Purchases         23,972,797         24,167,798           Freight         23,983,447         20,995,113           GROSS PROFIT         11,836,070         11,484,864           OPERATING EXPENSES: General and Administrative Expenses         12,273,949         9,994,891           EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS         (437,879)         1,489,973           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (437,879)         1,489,973           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (136,661)         (49,457)           Other Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           Stockiol         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         12,77,40         1,480,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         5         0,01         5           Basic         \$         0,01         \$         0,000,000           Diluted         \$         0,010         \$         0,000,000		2021		2020
Purchases         23,972,797         24,167,798           Freight         3,893,847         2,099,511           Z7,866,644         26,267,309           GROSS PROFIT         11,836,070         11,484,864           OPERATING EXPENSES:         11,273,949         9,994,891           General and Administrative Expenses         12,273,949         9,994,891           EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS         (437,879)         1,489,973           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (437,879)         1,489,973           Other Expense         (83,148)         -           Other Income         15,366         10,000           PPP Loan Forgiveness         (136,661)         (49,457)           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           Sof5,619         39,457         (136,661)         (49,457)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         (107,500)         422,236         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280         NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         5         0,01         \$         0,10           WeildHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARE         Basic         \$         0,01         \$         0,10           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         Basic<	SALES	\$ 39,70	02,714 \$	37,752,173
Purchases         23,972,797         24,167,798           Freight         3,893,847         2,099,511           Z7,866,644         26,267,309           GROSS PROFIT         11,836,070         11,484,864           OPERATING EXPENSES:         11,273,949         9,994,891           General and Administrative Expenses         12,273,949         9,994,891           EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS         (437,879)         1,489,973           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (437,879)         1,489,973           Other Expense         (83,148)         -           Other Income         15,366         10,000           PPP Loan Forgiveness         (136,661)         (49,457)           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           Sof5,619         39,457         (136,661)         (49,457)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         (107,500)         422,236         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280         NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         5         0,01         \$         0,10           WeildHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARE         Basic         \$         0,01         \$         0,10           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         Basic<	COST OF SALES:			
Freight         3,893,847         2,099,511           QROSS PROFIT         11,836,070         11,484,864           OPERATING EXPENSES:         11,2273,949         9,994,891           General and Administrative Expenses         12,273,949         9,994,891           22,736,644         22,273,949         9,994,891           22,273,949         9,994,891         22,273,949         9,994,891           22,273,949         9,994,891         22,273,949         9,994,891           22,273,949         9,994,891         22,273,949         9,994,891           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (437,879)         1,489,973           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (135,366         10,000           Other Income         15,366         10,000           PPD Loan Forgiveness         (136,661)         (49,457)           Interest Expense         (136,561)         (134,57)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         235,240         1,028,280           Basic         \$ 0.01         \$ 0.01         \$ 0.10           Dilued         \$ 0.01         \$ 0.10         \$ 0.10      <		23,97	2,797	24,167,798
Image: Constraint of the system of	Freight			
OPERATING EXPENSES:         I2,273,949         9,994,891           General and Administrative Expenses         12,273,949         9,994,891           EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS         (437,879)         1,489,973           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (437,879)         1,489,973           Other Expense         (83,148)         -           Other Expense         (83,148)         -           Other Expense         (13,566         10,000           PPP Loan Forgiveness         770,062         -           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           565,619         (39,457)         -           NCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         127,740         1,450,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         5         0.02         \$           Basic         \$         0.01         \$         0.01           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         Basic         10,028,043         10,000,000				<i>( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (</i>
General and Administrative Expenses         12,273,949         9,994,891           EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS         (437,879)         1,489,973           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (437,879)         1,489,973           Other Expense         (83,148)         -           Other Income         15,366         10,000           PPP Loan Forgiveness         (136,661)         (49,457)           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           S65,610         20,9457)         565,610         (39,457)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         127,740         1,450,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         8         0.01         \$         0.10           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         8         0.01         \$         0.10	GROSS PROFIT	11,83	6,070	11,484,864
General and Administrative Expenses         12,273,949         9,994,891           I2,273,949         9,994,891         9,994,891           EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS         (437,879)         1,489,973           OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):         (437,879)         1,489,973           Other Expense         (83,148)         -           Other Income         15,366         10,000           PPP Loan Forgiveness         (136,661)         (49,457)           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           S65,610         20,94,577         1,450,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES         127,740         1,450,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PRE COMMON SHARE         5         0.10           Basic         \$ 0.01 \$ 0.10         \$ 0.10           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         5         0.10           Basic         10,928,043         10,000,000	OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Interest Expense         Interest Expenses	General and Administrative Expenses	12.27	3.949	9,994,891
OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):       (83,148)       -         Other Income       15,366       10,000         PPP Loan Forgiveness       770,062       -         Interest Expense       (136,661)       (49,457)         S65,619       (39,457)       -         INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES       127,740       1,450,516         PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:       (107,500)       422,236         NET EARNINGS       235,240       1,028,280         NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE       Basic       5       0.02       \$       0.10         WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING       Basic       10,928,043       10,000,000				<i></i>
Other Expense         (83,148)         -           Other Income         15,366         10,000           PPP Loan Forgiveness         770,062         -           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         127,740         1,450,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         \$         0.10           Basic         \$         0.01         \$           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         \$         0.10         \$           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         \$         0.10         \$	EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(4:	37,879)	1,489,973
Other Expense         (83,148)         -           Other Income         15,366         10,000           PPP Loan Forgiveness         770,062         -           Interest Expense         (136,661)         (49,457)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         127,740         1,450,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         \$         0.10           Basic         \$         0.01         \$           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         \$         0.10         \$           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         \$         0.10         \$	OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE):			
PPP Loan Forgiveness       770,062       -         Interest Expense       (136,661)       (49,457)         565,619       (39,457)         INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES       127,740       1,450,516         PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:       (107,500)       422,236         NET EARNINGS       235,240       1,028,280         NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE       \$       0.01         Basic       \$       0.01       \$         WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING       \$       0.10         Basic       10,928,043       10,000,000		(8	3,148)	-
Interest Expense         (136,61)         (49,457)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         (39,457)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         127,740         1,450,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         5         0.02         \$         0.10           Diluted         \$         0.01         \$         0.10           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         5         0.10         \$         0.10	Other Income			10,000
S65,619         (39,457)           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES         127,740         1,450,516           PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:         (107,500)         422,236           NET EARNINGS         235,240         1,028,280           NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE         \$ 0.02 \$ 0.10           Basic         \$ 0.01 \$ 0.10           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING         \$ 10,928,043 10,000,000		7′	/0,062	-
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES       127,740       1,450,516         PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:       (107,500)       422,236         NET EARNINGS       235,240       1,028,280         NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE       \$ 0.02 \$ 0.10         Basic       \$ 0.01 \$ 0.10         Diluted       \$ 0.10         WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING       10,000,000	Interest Expense	(13	6,661)	(49,457)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES: NET EARNINGS NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE Basic Diluted WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic 10,928,043 10,000,000		50	5,619	(39,457)
NET EARNINGS NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE Basic \$ 0.02 \$ 0.10 Diluted \$ 0.01 \$ 0.10 WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic 10,928,043 10,000,000	INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	12	27,740	1,450,516
NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE Basic \$ 0.02 \$ 0.10 Diluted \$ 0.01 \$ 0.10 WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic \$ 10,928,043 \$ 10,000,000	PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:	(10	)7,500)	422,236
Basic         \$         0.02         \$         0.10           Diluted         \$         0.01         \$         0.10           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic         10,928,043         10,000,000	NET EARNINGS	23	35,240	1,028,280
Basic         \$         0.02         \$         0.10           Diluted         \$         0.01         \$         0.10           WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic         10,928,043         10,000,000	NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE			
WEIGHTED-AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic 10,928,043 10,000,000		\$	0.02 \$	0.10
Basic 10,928,043 10,000,000	Diluted	\$	0.01 \$	0.10
Diluted 21,023,688 10,000,000		,	/	, ,
	Diluted	21,02	3,688	10,000,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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# <u>STRAN & COMPANY, INC.</u> STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	Common Stock			Additional Paid in			Retained		Total tockholders																				
	Shares		Value	Capital Earnings		Capital		Capital		Capital		Capital		Capital		Capital		Capital		Capital		Capital		tal Ear		Capital Earn			Equity
Balance, January 1, 2020	10,000,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	598,474	\$	599,474																				
Net Earnings	-		-		-		1,028,280		1,028,280																				
Balance, December 31, 2020	10,000,000		1,000		-		1,626,754		1,627,754																				
IPO Stock Issuance, Net of Expenses	4,987,951		499		17,944,652		-		17,945,151																				
IPO Warrants Exercised	387,867		39		1,871,179		-		1,871,218																				
PIPE Stock Issuance, Net	4,371,926		437		19,778,614		-		19,779,051																				
Stock-Based Compensation	6,108		1		153,204		-		153,205																				
Net Earnings	-		-		-		235,240		235,240																				
Balance, December 31, 2021	19,753,852	\$	1,976	\$	39,747,649	\$	1,861,994	\$	41,611,619																				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STRAN & COMPANY, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Earnings	\$ 235,240 \$	1,028,280
Noncash Items Included in Net Earnings:		
Deferred Income Taxes (Credit)	(113,000)	-
Depreciation and Amortization	446.713	222,087
Gain on Extinguishment of Debt	(770,062)	-
Intangible Asset - Customer List Impairment	63,204	-
Reduction in Wildman Earn-Out Payment	(611,757)	-
Stock-Based Compensation	153,205	-
(Increase) Decrease In:	100,200	
Accounts Receivable	(3,303,188)	(563,047)
Due From Affiliate	-	138,561
Inventory	(2,731,743)	(390,879)
Prepaid Corporate Taxes	(87,459)	(350,075)
Prepaid Expenses	(500,886)	260,798
Security Deposit	25,516	(323,202)
Increase (Decrease) In:	25,510	(323,202)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	1,715,563	(934,281)
Accrued Payroll and Related	(185,056)	145,794
Corporate Income Taxes Payable	(231,980)	75,164
Unearned Revenue	157,381	201,276
Rewards Program Liability	(129,392)	(1,895,849)
Sales Tax Payable		
Sales Tax Tayaole	33,814	44,831
	(5,833,887)	(1,990,467)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Additions to Property and Equipment	(388,948)	(176,465)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
New Borrowings:		
Note Payable - Line of Credit	5,725,000	4,680,000
Long-Term Debt	- · · · ·	919,962
Debt Reduction:		
Note Payable - Line of Credit	(7,375,000)	(5,180,000)
Long-Term Debt	(149,900)	
Change in Due To/From Stockholder	6,748	(44,055)
Proceeds from IPO Stock Issuance, Net	17,945,151	-
Proceeds from PIPE Stock Issuance, Net	19,779,051	-
Proceeds from Warrants Exercised	1,871,218	-
	37,802,268	375,907
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	31,579,433	(1,791,025)
CASH - BEGINNING	647,235	2,438,260
CASH - ENDING	\$ 32,226,668 \$	
	\$ 52,220,008 \$	047,235

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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# STRAN & COMPANY, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (CONTINUED)

# SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	 2021		2020
Cash Paid During The Period For:	 	_	
Interest	\$ 136,661	\$	49,457
Income Taxes	\$ 360,906	\$	347,072
Schedule of Noncash Investing and Financing Transactions:			
Cost of Intangible Asset - Customer List	\$ -	\$	2,253,690
Wildman Contingent Earn-Out	 		(2,253,690)
Cash Used for Purchase of Intangible Asset - Customer List	\$ -	\$	-
Cost of Wildman Inventory	\$ -	\$	649,433
Note Payable - Wildman	 		(162,358)
Cash Used for Purchase Wildman Inventory	\$ -	\$	487,075

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#### A. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

- Organization Stran & Company, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and commenced operations on November 17, 1995. The Company re-incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on May 19, 2021.
- 17. Operations The Company is an outsourced marketing solutions provider that sells branded products to customers. The Company purchases products and branding through various third-party manufacturers and decorators and resells the finished goods to customers.

In addition to selling branded products, the Company offers clients custom sourcing capabilities; a flexible and customizable e-commerce solution for promoting branded merchandise and other promotional products, managing promotional loyalty and incentives, print collateral, and event assets, order and inventory management, and designing and hosting online retail popup shops, fixed public retail online stores, and online business-to-business service offerings; creative and merchandising services; warehousing/fulfillment and distribution; print-on-demand; kitting; point of sale displays; and loyalty and incentive programs.

- Method of Accounting The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. ("U.S. GAAP").
- 19. Emerging Growth Company The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition p
- 20. Cash and Cash Equivalents For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.
- 21. Concentration of Credit Risk Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable and deposits in excess of federally insured limits. These risks are managed by performing ongoing credit evaluations of customers' financial condition and by maintaining all deposits in high quality financial institutions.
- 22. Inventory Inventory consists of finished goods (branded products) and goods in process (un-branded products awaiting decoration). All inventory is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market value.
- 23. Property and Equipment Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred whereas major betterments are capitalized. Depreciation is provided using straight-line and accelerated methods over five years.
- 24. Intangible Asset Customer List The Company accounts for intangible assets under the provision of ASC 350-20 "Accounting for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." The provision establishes standards for valuation and amortization of unidentifiable assets.

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Under ASC 350-20-35-1, the cost of unidentifiable intangible assets is measured by the excess cost over the fair value of net assets acquired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives shall not be amortized until its useful life is determined to be no longer infinite. The intangible assets are evaluated when a triggering event occurs, at least annually, for potential impairment.

- 25. Fair Value of Financial Instruments The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, earn-out liability, and notes payable. The recorded values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, earn-out liability and notes payable approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature.
- 26. Offering Costs The Company complies with the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 340-10-S99-1, "Other Assets and Deferred Costs SEC Materials" ("ASC 340-10-S99") and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 5A, "Expenses of Offering". Offering costs were \$2,755,344 consisting principally of underwriting, legal, accounting and other expenses that are directly related to the Initial Public Offering and charged to shareholders' equity upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering.
- 27. Revenue Recognition In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"), which is aimed at creating common revenue recognition guidance for GAAP and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). This new guidance provides a comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue guidance issued by the FASB. ASU 2014-09 also requires both qualitative and quantitative disclosures, including descriptions of performance obligations.

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2014-09 and all related amendments ("ASC 606") and applied its provisions to all uncompleted contracts using the modified retrospective basis. The application of this new revenue recognition standard resulted in no adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings.

Performance Obligations - Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when, or as, the Company satisfies its performance obligations by transferring goods or services to customers. A good or service is transferred to a customer when, or as, the customer obtains control of that good or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied over time or at a point in time. Revenue from a performance obligation satisfied at a point in time is recognized at the point in time that the company determines the customer has obtained control over the promised good or service. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration of which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for the promised goods or services.

The following provides detailed information on the recognition of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers:

<u>Product Sales</u> - The Company is engaged in the development and sale of promotional programs and products. Revenue on the sale of these products is recognized after orders are shipped.

<u>Reward Card Program</u> - The Company facilitates a reward card program for a customer and receives a transaction fee when the customer issues or replenishes a new reward card. Revenue is recognized when cards are issued or replenished.

All performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time.

28. Freight - The Company includes freight charges as a component of cost of goods sold.

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- 29. Uncertainty in Income and Other Taxes The Company adopted the standards for Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (income, sales, use, and payroll), which required the Company to report any uncertaint tax positions and to adjust its financial statements for the impact thereof. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company determined that it had no tax positions that did not meet the "more likely than not" threshold of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. The Company files tax and information returns in the United States Federal, Massachusetts, and other state jurisdictions. These returns are generally subject to examination by tax authorities for the last three years.
- 30. Income Taxes Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are provided for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statements and income tax purposes. The Company has historically utilized accelerated tax depreciation to minimize federal income taxes.
- 31. Earnings/ Loss per Share Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential shares of common stock outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include the issuance of potential shares of common stock for outstanding stock options and warrants.
- 18. Stock-Based Compensation The Company accounts for its stock-based awards in accordance with FASB ASC 718, Compensation Stock Compensation. ASC 718 requires all stock-based payments to employees to be recognized in the consolidated statements of operations based on their fair values. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of options granted. The Company is recognizing compensation costs only for those stock-based awards expected to vest after considering expected forfeitures. Cumulative compensation expense is at least equal to the compensation expense for vested awards. Stock-based compensation is recognized on a straight-line basis over the service period of each award. The Company records compensation cost as an element of general and administrative expense in the accompanying statements of operations.
- 19. Stock Option and Warrant Valuation Stock option and warrant valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions. The fair value of stock-based payment awards was estimated using the Black-Scholes option model with a volatility figure derived from an index of historical stock prices for comparable entities. For warrants and stock options issued to non- employees, the Company accounts for the expected life based on the contractual life of the warrants and stock options. For employees, the Company accounts for the expected life of options in accordance with the "simplified" method, which is used for "plain-vanilla" options, as defined in the accounting standards codification. The risk-free interest rate was determined from the implied yields of U.S. Treasury zero-coupon bonds with a remaining life consistent with the expected term of the options
- 20. Sales Tax Sales tax collected from customers is recorded as a liability, pending remittance to the taxing jurisdiction. Consequently, sales taxes have been excluded from revenues and costs. The Company remits sales, use, and GST taxes to Massachusetts, other state jurisdictions, and Canada, respectively.
- 21. Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# B. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS, NET:

The Company uses the allowance method to account for uncollectible accounts receivable balances. Under the allowance method, an estimate of uncollectible customer balances is made based on the Company's prior history and other factors such as credit quality of the customer and economic conditions of the market. Based on these factors, at December 31, 2021 and 2020, there was an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$302,929 and \$150,847, respectively.

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# C. <u>INVENTORY</u>:

Inventory consists of the following as of:

		,		ecember 31, 2020
Finished Goods (branded products)	\$	4,124,738	\$	2,271,982
Goods in Process (un-branded products)	_	1,106,054		227,067
	\$	5,230,792	\$	2,499,049

# D. <u>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT</u>:

Property and Equipment consists of the following as of:

	Dec	2021		2020
Leasehold Improvements	\$	5,664	\$	5,664
Office Furniture and Equipment		410,030		342,692
Software		975,952		654,340
Transportation Equipment		62,424		62,424
		1,454,070		1,065,120
Accumulated Depreciation		(838,233)		(615,148)
	\$	615,837	\$	449,972

# E. INTANGIBLE ASSET - CUSTOMER LIST:

The Company has acquired select assets and the customer list of an entity as discussed in Note J and Note N. The Company, using a Contingent Earn-Out Calculation, made the determination that the amounts allocated to Intangible Asset - Customer List amounted to \$2,253,690. The intangible asset - customer list is amortized over10 years. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company's evaluation of Intangible Asset - Customer List has resulted in accumulated impairment of \$69,583 and zero, respectively.

Amortization expense related to intangible asset - customer list was \$254,812 and \$37,562 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Estimated future amortization expense for the years ended December 31:

2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 225,369
2023	225,369 225,369
2024	225,369
2025	225,369 225,369
2026	225,369
	\$ 1,126,845

# F. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following:

		2021	 2020
Cost of sales - purchases	\$	2,109,427	\$ 1,672,223
Other payables and accrued expenses		2,874,069	 1,595,710
	\$	4,983,496	\$ 3,267,933
	-		

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# G. DUE FROM STOCKHOLDER:

The amount due from stockholder is unsecured and non-interest bearing. There is no formal repayment plan and, accordingly, this amount has been recorded as long-term. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the amounts due from stockholder were \$0 and \$6,748, respectively.

# H. NOTE PAYABLE - LINE OF CREDIT:

The Company has a \$3,500,000 line of credit with Bank of America. At December 31, 2020, borrowings on this line of credit amounted to \$4,650,000. The line bears interest at the LIBOR Daily Floating Rate plus 2.75%. At December 31, 2020, interest rates were 4.20%. The line is reviewed annually and is due on demand. This line of credit is secured by substantially all assets of the Company. The line was cancelled in November 2021.

The Company has a \$7,000,000 line of credit with Salem Five Cents Savings Bank at December 31, 2021, borrowings on this line of credit amounted to **6**. The line bears interest at prime rate plus .5% per annum. At December 31, 2021, the interest rate was3.75%. The line is reviewed annually and is due on demand. This line of credit is secured by substantially all assets of the Company.

# I. LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-Term Debt consists of the following at,:

		December 3 2021	1,	De	cember 31, 2020
1.00%	Loan Payable - PPP Loan - Bank of America: Due in monthly installments of \$1,209 including interest to March 2025.	\$	_	\$	770,062
3.75%	Loan Payable - EIDL Loan - SBA: Due in monthly installments of \$731 including interest to April 2051.		_		149,900
	· ·		-		919,962
	Current Portion		-		(153,133)
	Long-Term Debt	\$	-	\$	766,829

On April 15, 2020, the Company received loan proceeds from Bank of America in the amount of approximately \$770,062 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP"). The PPP, established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), provides for loans to qualifying businesses for amounts up to 2.5 times the average qualifying monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying business. The loans and accrued interest are forgivable as long as the borrower uses the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll, benefits, rent and utilities, and maintains its payroll levels. The amount of loan forgiveness will be reduced if the borrower is unable to re-hire to the same employment level on or before December 31, 2020, reduces salaries during the covered period, or uses more than forty percent of the money spent on non-employment expenses.

The Company received forgiveness by the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) of the PPP loan in full, effective June 24, 2021.

# J. <u>CONTINGENT EARN-OUT LIABILITY</u>:

In connection with the asset acquisition, as discussed in Note N, the customer list was purchased using a Contingent Earn-Out Calculation. The purchase price is equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the gross profit earned from the sale of product to the customer list for year 1 andthirty percent (30%) for years 2 and 3. Payments are due on the first anniversary date of the purchase and then quarterly. At December 31, 2021 and 2020 the current portion of the earn-out liability amounted to \$665,855 and \$402,730, respectively. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the long-term portion of the earn-out liability amounted to \$976,078 and \$1,850,960, respectively.

# K. <u>UNEARNED REVENUE</u>:

Unearned revenue includes customer deposits and deferred revenue which represent prepayments from customers. At December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had unearned revenue totaling \$721,608 and \$564,227, respectively.

	D	ecember 31, 2021	D	December 31. 2020
Balance at January 1,	\$	564,227	\$	362,951
Revenue recognized		(39,702,714)		(37,752,173)
Amounts collected or invoiced		39,860,095	_	37,953,449
Balance at December 31,	\$	721,608	\$	564,227

#### L. <u>REWARD CARD PROGRAM LIABILITY:</u>

The Company manages reward card programs for customers. Under this program, the Company receives cash and simultaneously records a liability for the total amount received. These accounts are adjusted on a periodic basis as reward cards are funded or reduced at the direction of the customers. At December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the company had deposits totaling \$43,878 and \$173,270, respectively.

# M. NOTE PAYABLE - WILDMAN:

In connection with the asset acquisition as discussed in Note N, the Company had an amount due to the seller of 62,358 for the inventory purchased. This amount accrues no interest, and is to be paid "as used" on a quarterly basis through the three year earn-out period as discussed in Note J. At December 31, 2021, the note totaled 162,358. The Company anticipates that the note will be paid in full in 2022, accordingly the note payable has been classified as current on the balance sheet as of December 31, 2021.

# N. <u>AQUISITION</u>:

On August 24, 2020 the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement to acquire inventory, select fixed assets, and a customer list from Wildman Business Group, LLC (WBG). In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB" ASC 805), "Business Combinations", the acquisition method of accounting is used and recognition of the assets acquired is at fair value as of the acquisition dates. All acquisition costs are expensed as incurred. The consideration paid has been allocated to the assets acquired based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The estimate of fair values for tangible assets acquired were agreed to by both buyer and seller. The aggregate purchase price was \$2,937,222.

Fair Value of Identifiable Assets Acquired: Inventory

Inventory	\$ 649,433
Property and Equipment	34,099
Intangible - Customer List	 2,253,690
	\$ 2,937,222
Consideration Paid:	
Cash	\$ 521,174
Note Payable - Wildman	162,358
Wildman Contingent Earn-Out Liability	2,253,690
	\$ 2.937.222

# O. LEASE OBLIGATIONS:

The following is a summary of the Company's right of use assets and lease liabilities:

<u>Operating Leases</u>	De	cember 31, 2021	De	cember 31, 2020
Right-Of-Use Assets	\$	1,094,778	\$	1,358,517
Lease Liability:				
Right-Of-Use Asset - Office Leases - Current		310,095		299,765
Right-Of-Use Asset - Office Leases - Non-Current		784,683		1,058,752
	\$	1,094,778	\$	1,358,517

Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 totaled \$\$8,769 and \$406,806, respectively.

2022	\$	310,095
2023 2024		323,001
2024		311,317
2025		150,365
2026		-
	S	1.094.778

As of December 31, 2021. The Company's operating leases had a weighted average remaining lease term of 2.5 years and a weighted average discount rate of 2%.

# P. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:

#### Common Stock

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation dated May 24, 2021, the Company is authorized to issue 300,000,000 shares of \$.0001 par value common stock, of which 19,753,852 and 10,000,000 shares were issued and outstanding at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Common stock holders are entitled tore vote per share and are entitled to receive dividends when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors.

# Initial Public Offering

On November 12, 2021, the Company consummated its Initial Public Offering (the IPO) of4,987,951 units at a price of \$4.15 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$20,699,996, with each Unit consisting of one share of common stock, \$0001 par value, and one redeemable Public Warrant. IPO proceeds were recorded net of offering costs of \$2,755,344. Offering costs consisted principally of underwriting, legal, accounting and other expenses that are directly related to the IPO.

Each redeemable Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of common stock, currently at a price of \$4.81375 per share, which will expire five years from issuance.

Simultaneously with the consummation of the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company issued the underwriters a total of 149,639 warrants that are not exercisable for six months from the date of its Initial Public Offering at an exercise price of \$5.1875 with a five-year expiration term.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, warrant holders have exercised 387,867 and zero warrants, respectively. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, there were 4,749,723 and zero warrants outstanding, respectively.

#### Private Placement:

On December 10, 2021, the Company consummated the sale of 4,371,926 units at a price of \$4.97 per Unit in a private placement (the PIPE), generating gross proceeds of \$21,278,472, with each Unit consisting of one share of common stock, \$0001 par value, and one redeemable warrant. PIPE proceeds were recorded net of offering costs of \$1,499,858. Offering costs consisted principally of underwriting, legal, accounting and other expenses that are directly related to the PIPE.

Each redeemable Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase up to 125% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by such investor in the private placement, or a total of 5,464,903 shares which will expire five years from issuance. The Warrants have certain downward pricing adjustment mechanisms, including with respect to any subsequent equity sale that is deemed a dilutive issuance, in which case the warrants will be subject to a floor price of \$4.80 per share before shareholder approval is obtained, and after shareholder approval is obtained, such floor price will be reduced to \$1.00 per share, as set forth in the warrants.

Simultaneously with the consummation of the closing of the private placement, the Company issued the underwriters a total of 131,158 warrants that are not exercisable for six months from the date of its PIPE at an exercise price of \$4.97 with a five year expiration term.

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As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, warrant holders have exercised zero warrants. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, there were 5,596,061 and zero warrants outstanding, respectively.

# Stock Purchase Warrants:

Stock purchase warrants issued with the IPO and the PIPE are accounted for as equity in accordance with ASC 480, Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity.

The following table reflects all outstanding and exercisable warrants at December 31, 2021 and 2020. All Warrants are exercisable for a period offive years from the date of issuance:

	Numbers of Warrants Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Life (Years)
Balance January 1, 2020	-	-	-
Warrants Issued	-	-	-
Warrants Exercised			
Balance December 31, 2020	-		
Warrants Issued	10,733,651	\$ 4.90	-
Warrants Exercised	(387,867)	-	-
Balance December 31, 2021	10,345,784	\$ 4.90	5

# Q. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION:

In November 2021, the Board of Directors adopted the Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 Plan") which provides for the granting of stock options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock and restricted stock to the Company's employees, officers, directors, and outside consultants. The number of shares of common stock available for issuance under the 2021 Plan is 1,250,432 shares of common stock.

Stock-based compensation expense included the following components:

	2021	2020
Stock Options	\$ 153,20	- 15
Restricted Stock	14,85	
	168,03	

All stock-based compensation expense is recorded in General and Administrative expense in the Statement of Earnings

#### Stock Options:

The fair value of options is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the assumptions noted in the table below. The fair value is amortized as compensation cost on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the awards, which is generally the vesting period. The Company uses historical data on employee turnover and terminations to estimate the percentage of options that will ultimately be exercised. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility from a representative sample of publicly traded companies. The expected term represents the period of time that the options are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free interest rate is estimated using the rate of return on U.S. Treasury Notes with a life that approximates the expected life of the option. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual results differ from the estimates. Stock-based compensation is based on awards that are ultimately expected to vest.

Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the Company's stock at the date of grant; those options generally vest based on four years of continuous service and have 10-year contractual terms.

The Black-Scholes option pricing model assumptions are as follows:

Risk-free interest rate	1.335%
Expected term	5.5-6.25 years
Expected volatility	102.33%
Expected dividends	0%

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A summary of option activity under the 2021 Plan as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 and changes during the years then ended is presented below:

Options	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2020	-	-	-
Granted	-	-	-
Forfeited or Expired and Other Adj			<u> </u>
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	-		-
Exercisable at December 31, 2020	-	-	-
Granted	1,587,000	\$ 4.19	\$ 2,947,700
Forfeited or Expired and Other Adj			-
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	1,587,000	\$ 4.19	\$ 2,947,700
Exercisable at December 31, 2021	30,658	\$ 4.15	\$ 58,250

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was **\$**.19 and zero, respectively. The weighted-average remaining contractual term for the outstanding options is approximately 10 years and 0 years as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

# Restricted Stock:

Restricted stock granted under the 2021 Plan generally vest over10 years, based on continued employment, and are settled upon vesting shares of the Company's common stock on a one-for-one basis.

A summary of restricted stock activity under the 2021 Plan as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 and changes during the years then ended is presented below:

Restricted Stock	Shares
Outstanding at January 1, 2020	
Granted	-
Vested	-
Forfeited	-
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	-
Granted	160,318
Vested	(6,108)
Forfeited	-
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	154,210

# R. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE:

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted net loss per common share as of December 31,:

	 2021	 2020
Numerator:	 	 
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 235,240	\$ 1,028,280
Denominator		
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding		
	10,928,043	10,000,000

Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding	2	21,023,688	10,000,000
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$	0.02 \$	0.10
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$	0.01 \$	0.10

Dilutive securities that were included in the calculation are as follows:

	2021	2020
Stock Warrants	10,064,987	-
Stock Options	30,658	
Total	10,095,645	

# S. INCOME TAX PROVISION:

The Company computes its provision for income taxes by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to pretax income and adjust the provision for discrete tax items recorded in the period.

The provision for income taxes for 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following:

	 2021	_	2020
Federal:			
Current	\$ -	\$	303,936
Deferred	 (76,300)		-
Total	(76,300)		303,936
State:			
Current	5,500		118,300
Deferred	 (36,700)		-
Total	(31,200)	_	118,300
Provision for income taxes	\$ (107,500)	\$	422,236

The Company has an income tax NOL carryforward related to continued operations as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 of approximately \$13,000 and zero, respectively. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the carryforward is recorded as a deferred tax asset of \$113,000 and zero, respectively. Such deferred tax assets can be carried forward indefinitely.

# T. <u>ADVERTISING</u>:

The Company follows the policy of charging the costs of advertising to expense as incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, advertising costs amounted to \$135,436 and \$99,241, respectively.

# U. MAJOR CUSTOMERS:

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company had no major customers.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company had one major customer to which sales accounted for approximately 14% of the Company's revenues. The Company had no accounts receivable from this customer.

# V. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Management has evaluated events occurring after the balance sheet date through March 28, 2022, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

On January 21, 2022, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability company (the "Seller"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to acquire substantially all of the assets of the Seller used in the Seller's branding, marketing and promotional products and services business, for an aggregate purchase price of (a) \$500,000 in cash, subject to adjustment as set forth in the Purchase Agreement (the "Closing Cash Payment"); (b) a certain amount of restricted shares of the Company's common stock; (c) installment payments equal to (i) \$180,000 on the first anniversary of the date of the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase Agreement (the "Closing Date") and (ii) \$300,000 on the second anniversary of the Closing Date; (d) an amount equal to the amount paid by the Seller (at cost) for all of the Seller's Inventory (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) that is on hand as of the Closing Date; and (e) the Earn Out Payments. The Acquisition closed on January 31, 2022.



# STRAN & COMPANY, INC.

4,478,134 Shares Common Stock

# PROSPECTUS

, 2022

PART II INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN THE PROSPECTUS

# Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

The following table sets forth the costs and expenses, other than underwriting discounts and commissions, payable by us in connection with the sale of common shares being registered. All amounts, other than the SEC registration fee, are estimates. We will pay all these expenses.

	 Amount
SEC registration fee	\$ 3,909.74
Accounting fees and expenses	2,000.00
Legal fees and expenses	15,000.00
Transfer agent fees and expenses	5,000.00
Printing and related fees and expenses	5,000.00
Miscellaneous fees and expenses	 5,000.00
Total	\$ 35,909.74

#### Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers

We are a Nevada corporation. The Nevada Revised Statutes and certain provisions of our bylaws under certain circumstances provide for indemnification of our officers, directors and controlling persons against liabilities which they may incur in such capacities. A summary of the circumstances in which such indemnification is provided for is contained herein, but this description is qualified in its entirety by reference to our bylaws and to the statutory provisions.

In general, any officer, director, employee or agent may be indemnified against expenses, fines, settlements or judgments arising in connection with a legal proceeding to which such person is a party, if that person's actions were in good faith, were believed to be in our best interest, and were not unlawful. Unless such person is successful upon the merits in such an action, indemnification may be awarded only after a determination by independent decision of our board of directors, by legal counsel, or by a vote of our stockholders, that the applicable standard of conduct was met by the person to be indemnified.

The circumstances under which indemnification is granted in connection with an action brought on our behalf is generally the same as those set forth above; however, with respect to such actions, indemnification is granted only with respect to expenses actually incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of the action. In such actions, the person to be indemnified must have acted in good faith and in a manner believed to have been in our best interest, and have not been adjudged liable for negligence or misconduct.

Indemnification may also be granted pursuant to the terms of agreements which may be entered in the future or pursuant to a vote of stockholders or directors. The Nevada Revised Statutes also grant us the power to purchase and maintain insurance which protects our officers and directors against any liabilities incurred in connection with their service in such a position, and such a policy may be obtained by us.

To the maximum extent permitted by law, our articles of incorporation eliminate or limit the liability of our directors to us or our shareholders for monetary damages for breach of a director's fiduciary duty as a director.

We have entered into separate indemnification agreements with our directors and officers. Each indemnification agreement will provide, among other things, for indemnification to the fullest extent permitted by law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws against any and all expenses, judgments, fines, penalties and amounts paid in settlement of any claim. The indemnification agreements will provide for the advancement or payment of all expenses to the indemnitee and for reimbursement to us if it is found that such indemnitee is not entitled to such indemnification under applicable law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws.

We have obtained standard policies of insurance under which coverage is provided (a) to our directors and officers against loss rising from claims made by reason of breach of duty or other wrongful act, and (b) to us with respect to payments which we may make to such officers and directors pursuant to the above indemnification provision or otherwise as a matter of law.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling us under the foregoing provisions, we have been informed that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

#### Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

During the past three years, we issued the following securities, which were not registered under the Securities Act.

On May 24, 2021, Andrew Shape, our Chief Executive Officer, Randolph Birney, our Executive Vice President, and Theseus Capital Ltd., acquired 3,400,000, 800,000 and 700,000 shares of our common stock, respectively, from Andrew Stranberg, our Executive Chairman and sole stockholder immediately prior to these transfers. The shares were sold to Messrs. Shape and Birney at a purchase price per share equal to \$0.1985, which was paid in the form of promissory notes. Pursuant to a different arrangement, Theseus paid Mr. Stranberg a nominal cash purchase price of \$100 for the stock. Theseus does not have any relationship with the Company other than as a shareholder after the transfer by Mr. Stranberg, and its payment for Mr. Stranberg's stock was made to Mr. Stranberg and not to the Company. In addition, Theseus executed an irrevocable proxy providing that Mr. Stranberg may vote and exercise all voting and related rights with respect to its shares. The irrevocable proxy will automatically terminate with respect to any shares that Theseus sells in a transaction or series of transactions on any national securities exchange or other trading market on which the shares then trade. For further information regarding these transactions, please see "*Corporate History and Structure*". The transactions were exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to the so-called "Section 4(a)(1/2)" exemption.

No underwriter was engaged in connection with the foregoing sales of securities. The Company has reason to believe that all of the foregoing purchasers were familiar with or had access to information concerning the operations and financial conditions of the Company, and all of those individuals purchasing securities represented that they were accredited investors, acquiring the shares for investment and without a view to the distribution thereof. At the time of issuance, all of the foregoing securities were deemed to be restricted securities for purposes of the Securities Act and the certificates representing such securities bore legends to that effect.

On December 10, 2021, we completed a private placement with several investors, wherein a total of 4,371,926 shares of common stock were issued at a purchase price of \$4.97 per share, with each investor also receiving a warrant to purchase up to a number of shares of common stock equal to 125% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by such investor in the private placement, or a total of 5,464,903 shares, at an exercise price of \$4.97 per share, for a total purchase price of approximately \$21.7 million. The warrants are immediately exercisable on the date of issuance, expire five years from the date of issuance and have certain downward pricing adjustment mechanisms, including with respect to any subsequent equity sale that is deemed a dilutive issuance, in which case the warrants will be subject to a floor price of \$4.80 per share before shareholder approval is obtained, and after shareholder approval is obtained, such floor price will be reduced to \$1.00 per share, as set forth in the warrants.

We engaged the representative as our placement agent for the private placement pursuant to a Placement Agency Agreement, or the PAA, dated as of December 8, 2021. Pursuant to the PAA, we agreed to pay the representative a cash placement fee equal to 8.0% of the gross proceeds of the private placement, an additional cash fee equal to 0.5% of the gross proceeds from the private placement for non-accountable expenses, and also agreed to reimburse the representative up to \$100,000 for accountable expenses. In addition, the representative's designees received warrants to purchase an aggregate of 131,158 shares of common stock, which is equal to 3.0% of the total number of shares issued in the private placement, at an exercise price of \$4.97 per share.

In connection with the private placement, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, or the Purchase Agreement, with investors containing customary representations and warranties. We and the investors also entered into a Registration Rights Agreement, or the Registration Rights Agreement, pursuant to which we are required to file a resale registration statement with the SEC to register for resale the shares of common stock and the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the investor warrants and placement agent warrants, promptly following the closing date but in no event later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Registration Rights Agreement, and to have such resale registration statement declared effective by the Effectiveness Date (as defined in the Registration Rights Agreement). We will be obligated to pay certain liquidated damages to the investors if we fail to file or cause the resale registration statement. We here SEC when required, or fail to maintain the effectiveness of the resale registration statement pursuant to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement.

The private placement was exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to the exemption for transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D of the Securities Act and in reliance on similar exemptions under applicable state laws. Each of the investors represented that it is an accredited investor within the meaning of Rule 501(a) of Regulation D, and was acquiring the securities for investment only and not with a view towards, or for resale in connection with, the public sale or distribution thereof. The securities were offered without any general solicitation by the Company or its representatives.

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As previously disclosed in its Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 26, 2022, on January 21, 2022, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability company (the "Seller"), Gayle Piraino ("Piraino") and Stephen Piraino (together with Piraino, the "Members"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to acquire substantially all of the assets of the Seller used in the Seller's branding, marketing and promotional products and services business, for an aggregate purchase price of (a) \$500,000 in cash, subject to adjustment as set forth in the Purchase Agreement (the "Closing Cash Payment"); (b) a certain amount of restricted shares of the Company's common stock; (c) installment payments equal to (i) \$180,000 on the first anniversary of the date of the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase Agreement (the "Closing Date") and (ii) \$300,000 on the second anniversary of the Closing Date; (d) an amount equal to the amount paid by the Seller (at cost) for all of the Seller's Inventory (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) that is on hand as of the Closing Date; and (e) the Earn Out Payments, as defined in its Form 8-K filed on January 26, 2022 (the "Acquisition").

On January 31, 2022, the Company, the Seller and the Members entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Amendment") to amend certain terms of the Purchase Agreement. Following entry into the Amendment, closing of the Acquisition was completed on the same day.

Pursuant to the Amendment, the number of the Buyer Shares was changed to be the number of restricted shares of the Company's common stock in an amount equal to the quotient of \$100,000 divided by the closing price of the Company's common stock at the close of the last trading date prior to the date of the Amendment. As previously agreed under the Purchase Agreement, the Buyer Shares will be issued under a separate restricted stock grant agreement and will vest over a one (1) year period (1/4 per quarter) beginning the first quarter after the Closing Date. The Buyer Shares will be issued according to applicable regulatory and compliance requirements. The Buyer Shares will be restricted securities (as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act) and carry no registration rights that require or permit the filing of any registration statement in connection with their issuance.

Except as otherwise noted above, the issuance of these securities was made in reliance upon the exemption from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Securities Act provided by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

### Item 16. Exhibits.

(a) Exhibits.

2.1	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 21, 2022, by and among Stran & Company, Inc., G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, and Gayle Piraino and Stephen Piraino (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 26, 2022)
2.2	Amendment No. 1 to Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 31, 2022, by and among Stran & Company, Inc., G.A.P. Promotions, LLC, and Gayle Piraino and Stephen Piraino (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 1, 2022)
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of Stran & Company, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Stran & Company, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Amendment No.1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 22, 2021)
4.1	Form of Representative's Warrant Agreement (included in Exhibit 1.1)
5.1	Opinion of Sherman & Howard L.L.C. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 5.1 to Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed on November 8, 2021)
5.2	Opinion of Sherman & Howard L.L.C. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 5.1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on November 8, 2021)
5.3	Opinion of Bevilacqua PLLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 5.2 to Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed on November 8, 2021)
5.4	Opinion of Bevilacqua PLLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 5.2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on November 8, 2021)
10.1	Asset Purchase Agreement between Wildman Business Group, LLC and Stran & Company, Inc., dated as of August 24, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.2	Buyer's Agreement between Engage & Excel Enterprises Inc. and Stran & Company, Inc., dated as of June 25, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.3	Loan Agreement between Bank of America, N.A. and Stran & Company, Inc., dated as of July 18, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.4	Amendment No. 1 Loan Agreement between Bank of America, N.A. and Stran & Company, Inc., dated as of March 18, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.5	Consent and Reaffirmation of Guarantors and Pledgors of Andrew Stranberg, dated as of March 18, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.6	Letter from Bank of America, N.A. to Stran & Company, Inc. to extend line of credit, dated as of June 25, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.7	Amendment No. 2 Loan Agreement between Bank of America, N.A. and Stran & Company, Inc., dated as of August 13, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)

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10.8	Consent and Reaffirmation of Guarantors and Pledgors of Andrew Stranberg, dated as of August 13, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.9	Letter from Bank of America, N.A. to Stran & Company, Inc., dated as of September 14, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Registration
10.9	Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.10	Continuing and Unconditional Guaranty between Stran & Company, Inc. and Andrew Stranberg, dated as of July 18, 2018 (incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 10.10 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.11	Security Agreement between Bank of America, N.A. and Stran & Company, Inc., dated as of July 18, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to
	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.12	Lease Agreement between Campanelli-Trigate Heritage Quincy, LLC and Stran & Company, Inc., dated as of December 26, 2014 (incorporated by
10.12	reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.13	First Amendment to Lease Agreement among GCP H2 LLC, GCP H2 A LLC, GCP H2 B LLC, GCP H2 C LLC and Stan & Company, Inc., dated as of
10.15	May 31, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.14†	Employment Agreement between Stran & Company, Inc. and Andrew Shape, dated as of July 13, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to
10.14	
10.154	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.15†	Employment Agreement between Stran & Company, Inc. and Andrew Stranberg, dated as of July 13, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to
10.10	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.16†	Employment Agreement between Stran & Company, Inc. and Randolph Birney, dated as of July 13, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to
	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.17†	Employment Agreement between Stran & Company, Inc. and Christopher Rollins, dated as of September 7, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit
	10.17 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.18	Purchase Money Promissory Note between Andrew Shape and Andrew Stranberg, effective as of May 24, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18
	to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.19	Purchase Money Promissory Note between Randolph Birney and Andrew Stranberg, effective as of May 24, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit
	10.19 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.20	Stock Purchase Agreement between Andrew Shape and Andrew Stranberg, dated as of May 24, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to
	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.21	Stock Purchase Agreement between Randolph Birney and Andrew Stranberg, dated as of May 24, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to
	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.22	Stock Purchase Agreement between Theseus Capital Ltd, and Andrew Stranberg, dated as of May 24, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 to
	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.23	Irrevocable Proxy to Vote Common Stock between Theseus Capital Ltd. and Andrew Stranberg, dated as of May 24, 2021 (incorporated by reference to
10.20	Exhibit 10.23 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.24†	Form of Independent Director Agreement between Stran & Company, Inc. and each independent director (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to
10.24	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.25	Form of Indemnification Agreement between Stran & Company, Inc. and each independent director (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to
10.25	Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.26+	Stran & Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 to Registration Statement on Form S-
10.26†	Stran & Company, inc. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to Registration Statement on Porti S- 1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.274	
10.27†	Form of Stock Option Agreement for Stran & Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27
10.001	to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.28†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Stran & Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to
10.00	Exhibit 10.28 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
10.29	Warrant Agency Agreement, dated November 8, 2021, between Stran & Company, Inc. and Vstock Transfer, LLC and Form of Warrant (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 12, 2021)
10.30	Revolving Demand Line of Credit Loan Agreement, dated November 22, 2021, by and between Stran & Company, Inc. and Salem Five Cents Savings Bank
	(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 26, 2021)
10.31	Revolving Demand Line of Credit Note, dated November 22, 2021, by Stran & Company, Inc. in favor of Salem Five Cents Savings Bank (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 26, 2021)

Security Agreement, dated November 22, 2021, by and between Stran & Company, Inc. in favor of Salem Five Cents Savings Bank (incorporated by
reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 26, 2021)
Warehouseman's Waiver, dated November 4, 2021 and executed November 22, 2021, by and among Harte Hanks Response Management/ Boston, Inc.,
Stran & Company, Inc. and Salem Five Cents Savings Bank (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on
November 26, 2021)
Representative's Warrant Agreement, dated November 12, 2021, between Stran & Company, Inc. and Benchmark Investments, LLC (incorporated by
reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 7, 2021)
Representative's Warrant Agreement, dated November 12, 2021, between Stran & Company, Inc. and David W. Boral (incorporated by reference to Exhibit
10.3 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 7, 2021)
Representative's Warrant Agreement, dated November 12, 2021, between Stran & Company, Inc. and Joseph T. Rallo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit
10.4 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 7, 2021)

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10.37	Representative's Warrant Agreement, dated November 12, 2021, between Stran & Company, Inc. and U.S. Tiger Securities, Inc. (incorporated by reference
	to Exhibit 10.5 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 7, 2021)
10.38†	Consulting Agreement between Stran & Company, Inc., Josselin Capital Advisors, Inc. and John Audibert, dated as of December 2, 2021 (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 7, 2021)
10.39	Form of Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2021)
10.40	Placement Agency Agreement dated December 8, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13,
	2021)
10.41	Form of Registration Rights Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2021)
10.42	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2021)
10.43	Form of Placement Agent Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2021)
10.44†	Employment Offer Letter, dated March 11, 2022, by and between Stran & Company, Inc. and Sheila Johnshoy (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to
	the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 16, 2022)
10.45†	Employment Offer Letter, dated December 6, 2021, by and between Stran & Company, Inc. and Stephen Paradiso (incorporated by reference to Exhibit
	10.45 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 28, 2022)
10.46†	Employment Offer Letter, dated November 19, 2021, by and between Stran & Company, Inc. and Jason Nolley (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.46
	to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 28, 2022)
14.1	Code of Ethics and Business Conduct (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14.1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on October 7, 2021)
23.1*	Consent of BF Borgers CPA PC
23.2	Consent of Sherman & Howard L.L.C. (included in Exhibit 5.1)
23.3	Consent of Sherman & Howard L.L.C. (included in Exhibit 5.2)
23.4	Consent of Bevilacqua PLLC (included in Exhibit 5.3)
23.5	Consent of Bevilacqua PLLC (included in Exhibit 5.4)
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on the signature page of this registration statement)
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

\* Filed herewith

† Executive compensation plan or arrangement

# (b) Financial Statement Schedules.

All financial statement schedules are omitted because the information called for is not required or is shown either in the financial statements or in the notes thereto.

# Item 17. Undertakings

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

(a) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
  - (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act");
  - (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of this registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this registration statement; and
  - (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in this registration statement or any material change to such information in this registration statement.

- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered herein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (4) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or box part of the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or prospectus that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or mode in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.
- (5) That, for the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, the undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:
  - (i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
  - (ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
  - (iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
  - (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.
- (b) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
- (c) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:
  - (i) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
  - (ii) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

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# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Quincy, State of Massachusetts, on June 10, 2022.

# STRAN & COMPANY, INC.

/s/ Andrew Shape Name: Andrew Shape

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

TITLE	DATE
Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (principal executive officer)	June 10, 2022
Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)	June 10, 2022
Executive Chairman	June 10, 2022
Director	June 10, 2022
Director	June 10, 2022
	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (principal executive officer) Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer) Executive Chairman Director

Director	June 10, 2022
Director	June 10, 2022
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# CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation in this Post-Effective Amendment to Registration Statement on Form S-1 (this "Registration Statement") of our report dated March 28, 2022, relating to the financial statements of Stran & Company, Inc. as of December 31, 2021and 2020 and to all references to our firm included in this Registration Statement.

Certified Public Accountants Lakewood, CO June 10, 2022